

The Times

XVIIITH YEAR.

PRICE | SINGLE PART-FOURTEEN PAGES, 3 CENTS.

LOS ANGELES

SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 22, 1898.

ON STREETS AND TRAINS | 5 CENTS

THEATERS—

With Dates of Events.

LOS ANGELES THEATER— C. M. WOOD, Lessee and Treas.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:40 P. M.—THE HENRIETTA.
STUART ROBSON.
Tonight "A Fool and His Friends."
MR. ROBSON AS THE FOOL.
Seats now on sale. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50. Tel. Main 70.

LOS ANGELES THEATER— C. M. WOOD, Lessee and Treas.
THREE NIGHTS AND WEDNESDAY MATINEE. Beginning Monday, Jan. 24. Messrs. Smythe and Rice present the Quaint Comedian
Mr. Willie Collier. In the Big Baldwin Success, THE MAN FROM MEXICO. Now playing to the capacity of the Baldwin Theater, San Francisco, and turning hundreds away nightly. No such hit in years. Extremely Funny.
Seats now on sale. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50. Tel. Main 70.

ORPHEUM— Los Angeles Society Vaudeville Theater.
Any seat, 25c. THE 3 AVAPOS, The World's Greatest Acrobats. KITTY MITCHELL, The Winsome Singing Comedienne. ELLINOE SISTERS, in a New and Original Comedienne—"The Irish 40's." MUSICAL DALE, Campaginologist. LA PETITE OPHELIA, Premier Danseuse. Last week of Carletta, Contortionist. M.D. Felix, Vaudeville Circus. Prof. Doherty's Canine Circus.
Prices never changing—Evening, reserved seats, 25c and 50c; gallery, 10c. Regular Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Telephone Main 1447.

BURBANK THEATER— JOHN C. FISHER, Manager.
(The only Theater in the city with heating facilities.)
TONIGHT and Remainder of Week, Initial Performance Here of
THE PAVEMENTS OF PARIS.
Presented by MR. SAM. T. SHAW and His Own Company.
Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Telephone Main 1270.

SIMPSON AUDITORIUM— Hope St. bet. Seventh and Eighth
Today, Matinee AT 2:30
A Child only nine years old, the most wonderful musical genius before the American public today. Absolutely her last appearance in Los Angeles before going on her tour.

LITTLE PALOMA SCHRAMM.
Paloma will be asked to improvise upon motifs which will be handed her from the audience and which she has never seen or heard before, thereby demonstrating a supernatural gift which this was maiden possession.
Assisted by MYRTLE MARKSON, the phenomenal 16-year-old Contralto.
Exclusive management Fitzgerald Music Co. Seats now on sale at FITZGERALD MUSIC CO., (J. T. Fitzgerald) 113 South Spring Street. Prices—
50 cts. General Admission.
RESERVED SEATS, 75c, \$1.00.

CHINESE THEATER— Marchessault St., opp. L. A. Water Co.
Performance Every Day and Night.
Beginning Chinese New Year, FRIDAY, JANUARY 21
Matinee Performance begins at 12 noon. Evening Performance at 7:00 o'clock
50 CHINESE PERFORMERS, among them several very prominent Oriental Artists.
ADMISSION 50 CENTS

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CALIFORNIA LIMITED— Runs Every Other Day
Via Santa Fe Route.

Leaves Los Angeles 8:00 a.m. Sunday, Tuesday and Friday.
Leaves Pasadena 8:25 a.m. Sunday, Tuesday and Friday.
Arrive Kansas City 6:40 p.m. Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.
Arrive St. Louis 7:00 a.m. Wednesday, Friday and Monday.
Arrive Chicago 9:45 a.m. Wednesday, Friday and Monday.

This splendid train is for first-class travel only, but there is no extra charge beyond the regular ticket and sleeping-car fare. Dining-cars serve breakfast leaving Los Angeles. Vestibuled and electric lighted. All the luxuries of modern travel.

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In addition to the regular train service the Santa Fe runs on every Tuesday a special express train, taking in Redlands, Riverside and the beauties of Santa Ana Canyon. Leaves Los Angeles at 9 a.m.; leaves Pasadena 9:25 a.m. Returning arrives at Los Angeles at 6:25 p.m.; Pasadena 6:50 p.m., giving two hours stop at both Redlands and Riverside.

THE OBSERVATION CAR
On this train affords pleasant opportunity for seeing the sights.

San Diego and Coronado Beach.

The most beautiful spot in the world.
Two daily trains, carrying parlor cars, make the run in about four hours from Los Angeles, and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights the Coronado Special will run. The ride is delightful, carrying you for seventy miles along the Pacific Ocean beach.
Santa Fe Route Office 200 Spring St., cor. of Second.

THEIR EXCELLENCE ARE KNOWN—
EQUIPMENT UNRIVALED.

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Leaves Los Angeles 10:30 a.m. Tuesday and Friday. Runs through to St. Louis and Chicago.

Sunset Limited Annex

El Paso to New Orleans, Washington and New York. Tuesday and Friday from Los Angeles, Wednesday and Saturday from El Paso. Continuous dining-car service and through sleeping-cars San Francisco to New Orleans.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.
Ticket Office, 229 South Spring Street.

MUSEMENTS—

With Dates of Events.

AGRICULTURAL PARK— F. D. BLACK, Lessee and Manager.
Hares and Hounds Golden Jubilee Coursing Meet.
CONTINUOUS RACING SUNDAY AND MONDAY. Commencing at 9 o'clock Sunday and 10:30 Monday. All the popular favorites entered for the \$200 purse.
SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS SUNDAY AFTERNOON—Grand Balcon Asserion by the world-renowned Prof. Richard Earlston. MONDAY AFTERNOON—Horse vs. Bicycle—3-mile race between a triplet, ridden by Lacy, Cromwell and Palmer, and Bob Hackney's great horse, Prince Hooker, for a purse of \$100.
Admission 25c. Ladies free. Music by 7th Regiment Band. Take Main street cars to park.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA COURSING PARK—
The largest and finest Coursing Park in the United States, the only park where coursing is shown in its true nature.

Coursing Every Sunday.
The fastest dogs and the fastest hares. Take Santa Monica Electric Railway Cars via 16th street. Round trip 10c. Teams drive via 16th street. Coursing commences 11 o'clock sharp. Dog car leaves Fourth street and Broadway 9:30 sharp.

TWIN RIDERS.

Hawaii and Cuba May Mount Together.

It Will Be on the Frame of the Consular Bill.

One Way of Making an End of Filibustering.

Friends of Annexation and Belligerency Can Now Work Together—Speaker of the House Powerless to Prevent a Vote.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Seeing ahead signs of filibustering against the Hawaiian treaty and desiring to bring the matter to a speedy end, the friends of annexation in the upper House today decided to attach a declaration of the annexation of the islands to the United States as a rider to the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill. Astride with Hawaii will be placed Cuba, and as many opponents of annexation are friend of the proposition to accord belligerent rights to the struggling Cubans, it is believed the pair will be carried through the Senate safely and rapidly by the appropriation measure.

For such action there are many precedents, and the only one point standing in the way of this step is whether the Senators favoring annexation by treaty will refuse to stand by the islands, when it comes to over-riding the rules of the Senate and declaring annexation by legislative enactment. Only a majority is necessary to complete the present plans, and that the treaty has now fifty-five votes favoring it is admitted by Senator White and other opposition leaders. Possible defections of Senators by reason of disagreements as to methods would not be more than five, so there would be a clear majority of eleven for the resolution.

When the Cuban resolution went through at the extra session, its majority was almost twice as great as this, and there has been no falling off in the number of friends of the island since that vote was taken. That there will be a strong filibuster against any such proposition as is now proposed, is assured, not only from the fact that Senator White, who likewise opposed the recognition of Cuban belligerency, but by his colleagues in the fight against Hawaii, who have not as yet been heard on the floor in executive session.

Should the bill come back to the House bearing both the Hawaiian and Cuban riders, these could not be forced out by a ruling of the chair, but would have to be met by a straight vote on concurrence in the Senate amendments. On the Cuban matter this is a point for which the Democrats have been fighting all along, and they believe there are enough Republicans ready to vote with them once the question comes up to pass it.

While they do not stand together on Hawaii, it is believed that enough Democrats would vote with the Republicans to give the resolution declaring for annexation a majority of not less than thirty, despite the fact that the opposition of Speaker Reed has done considerable to weaken the annexation cause in the lower house, since there has been talk of resorting to a joint resolution to secure the admission of the islands.

Senator White seems more confident of success than ever, and today asked Senator Davis, in charge of the treaty, to agree upon a time for a vote on annexation. Senator Davis said he could not do this, as so many Senators wished to speak that it would be impossible to make an agreement. This is the first time that White has been sufficiently confident of enough votes to prevent annexation that he would risk a vote.

Senator Teller will speak next, and after an hour's talk will give way to Senator White. Senator Morrill has given notice that he will speak during the first hour some day next week. He probably will occupy an hour. Senator Davis continues confident that the treaty has sixty votes or more.

Dr. Mary Walker, she of pants and platitudes, announced today that she was opposing annexation upon constitutional grounds; was influenced by one, and had never seen ex-Queen Lili until last night. She has taken up active lobby work against the treaty. She has not reported any converts.

PRESIDENT DOLE.

Annexation Means Opportunities for American Capital and Labor. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SALT LAKE (Utah) Jan. 21.—A special to the Tribune from Rawlins, Wyo., says: "President Sanford B. Dole, President of the Hawaiian Republic, and his party passed through here this evening en route to Washington. Mr. Dole was questioned concerning the purpose of his visit and the chances for securing the annexation of Hawaii. He declined to talk for publication on annexation matters while the question was directly before Congress. He had been sent to the United States by the Council of State because it was the general desire of influential men of Hawaii that he should come for the purpose of conferring with the Hawaiian delegation at Washington and with President McKinley and the officers of his administration. It was desired he was prepared to give all the information on Hawaiian affairs at his command to these officers.

"Concerning the franchise in Hawaii, President Dole said the sentiment was strongly against extending it to Japanese and Chinese residents. "In the event of failure to secure annexation, President Dole thought the present government would be continued. The growth and commercial importance of the islands would be greatly retarded if annexation should fail. Should the treaty be ratified, the close relations would be a great opportunity for American capital and labor on the islands."

CHICAGO ENLIVENING.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—Reception committee held a meeting this evening, greeting the President of the Hawaiian Islands. Various bodies of citizens and individuals moved today with the one object in view of making President Dole's stay in Chicago as pleasant as possible. The first meeting was called at the Union League Club by President Thomas E. Ryan, private citizens and Federal officers.

GOV. TANNER DECLINES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] SPRINGFIELD (Ill.) Jan. 21.—Gov. Tanner this morning received the following message from Secretary Sherman:

"It will be gratifying to the President if you can attend and take part in the reception to President Dole on Monday in Chicago. The President is suffering several days with a slight attack of rheumatism, and as he had arranged to spend the day at Hot Springs with a party of ladies and gentlemen, it would be impossible for him to attend. He requested Secretary Sherman to tender his regrets to President Dole."

DOLE AT OGDEN.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] OGDEN (Utah) Jan. 21.—Union Pacific train No. 2, having on board President Dole of Hawaii, arrived from San Francisco on time and left for the East at 10 o'clock this morning.

PREPARED FOR WAR.

JAPAN HAS MOBILIZED HER NAVAL FORCES.

A Fleet of Nine Battleships Will Leave for Chinese Waters in the Course of a Week—British Comment on the News.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, Jan. 21.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The St. James Gazette this afternoon, commenting upon the first news from Japan since the beginning of the Chinese crisis, it was obvious that the Japanese government had stopped telegraphic communication, which it never does except when mobilizing the army or navy. This is precisely what it has been doing. It is understood that the destination of the fleet is Wei-Hai-Wei, and there is no doubt that the movement means that the status quo in China, so far as Manchuria and Korea are concerned, shall not be altered by Russia or any combination of Russia's allies, in defiance of the defenders' policy is equality of opportunity in China, they are in a position to enforce their claims."

TAKING SOUNDINGS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] BERLIN, Jan. 21.—The Berlin Neueste Nachrichten announces that the German warships are still sound-bagged in New Jersey. Press correspondence from New Jersey says that the exact site of the port is not yet fixed, and that the government intends that the construction of the commercial port shall be borne by private companies. It is further stated that one company has already been formed to construct the docks.

TWO FRENCH BATTLESHIPS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] PARIS, Jan. 21.—Orders have been received at Cherbourg and Toulon respectively, to immediately prepare the battleships Bruix and Vauban to reinforce the French squadron in the Far East. The ships will sail January 24. Admiral Daboumont has been appointed commander-in-chief of the French squadron in the Far East. He will hoist his flag on board the Vauban.

JAPAN'S STRENGTH.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] LONDON, Jan. 21.—The St. James Gazette also gives prominence to a list of the ships in the Japanese navy, points out its immense fighting strength and says: "Even with Great Britain a mere sympathetic onlooker, it is probable that Japan could finish off all of the Russian and German warships east of the Suez Canal in short order. Great Britain, even including the Powerful, has not a vessel in the North Pacific capable of standing in battle against the Japanese fleet."

EVERLASTING ROW.

Fight Among Railroads Over Division of Pacific Coast Business. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—A row has broken out between the western roads over the matter of divisions on Pacific Coast business. Some time since the western roads announced that they intended to meet the differential rates which the Southern Pacific was claiming on business sent to the coast via Washington and New Orleans.

The New England roads also decided to meet the differentials and when the settling day has come around, they insist upon all of their old proportion, and ask that the western roads stand all of the expense of meeting the rates of the Southern Pacific. The western roads have made a most vigorous protest against doing this, and claim that as the New Englanders are as deeply interested, they shall stand a proportion of the expense.

SPOTTED HIM.

Boyce's Talk by 'Phone Taken Down.

Manager Dunbar of the Gibson House Testifies.

Kept Tab on All of Smoothy's Wire Interviews.

Threatened Death to the Man Who Should Betray Him—Taking of Testimony in the Bribery Case Transferred to Cincinnati.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

CINCINNATI (O.) Jan. 21.—The legislative committee investigating the charges of bribery in the recent election of a United States Senator at Columbus held a session here tonight, and will continue its sittings here tomorrow. The examination was held in the assembly room of the Gibson House. It is charged in the resolutions adopted separately by both branches of the Ohio Legislature, that H. H. Boyce of New York came to the Gibson House in this city, a few days before the balloting for United States Senator began, and made a proposition of bribery to Representative Otis. Boyce stopped at the Gibson House.

It is charged by members of the committee that Boyce fled from this city Monday, January 10, and that he cannot now be located, although the committee has exhausted its resources in trying to secure his attendance as a witness.

The committee was given quite a telephone exhibition before it assembled. The Great Southern Hotel at Columbus (which was the headquarters of the anti-Hanna men during the recent contest), was called up, and while the committee was talking in the private office of the Gibson House with parties in Columbus, Jerry Bliss and his stenographer were at the telephone downstairs in the hotel office, taking off all that was said. This was done to show how all of the conversations of Boyce with certain parties in Columbus were taken down while Boyce was here, and the "bribery" contest was going on at the State capital. It is alleged that all of the conversations were taken down, and are a matter of record, without any wire-tapping, as the different telephones in the Gibson House are all on the same circuit.

Horace B. Dunbar, proprietor and manager of the Gibson House, was the only witness examined tonight. The clerks and others at the hotel will be examined tomorrow. Dunbar produced his hotel register, showing that Henry H. Boyce of New York occupied room No. 226 from January 6 to January 10. Dunbar testified to having his suspicions aroused, and said

he set the clerks to watching Boyce. Allen O. Meyers, Jr., one of the day clerks, arranged for a stenographer's report of the conversations Boyce had over the telephone during the day. Russell Pryor, the night clerk, took down the conversations at night. Boyce was given the key to the private office on the second floor whenever he wanted it, and the arrangements downstairs were always complete for reports of whatever went over the telephone wire when Boyce was using the private office. The stenographer who has a desk in the office was called into requisition whenever Boyce called any one on.

Dunbar recited many of these conversations over the long-distance telephone. In one of them "the major" was called up at Columbus, and said: "Shane and the President will arrange things on Saturday."

Boyce replied: "Have seen one of the party. Wants money. How can I handle him?"

The reply from Columbus was: "Suppose O. betrays you, what then?" Dunbar said that Boyce was using the word: "No danger. I would kill him. Dead men tell no tales."

Dunbar testified that Allen O. Meyers, who was in Columbus as one of the managers against Hanna, was called up Friday, January 7, by Jerry Bliss and told of the situation here and what Boyce was doing. Meyers advised Bliss that a man named Hollenbeck would leave Columbus for Cincinnati that night with money, and to have him watched. The next morning the Miller detective agency was employed to watch Boyce and keep track of Hollenbeck on his arrival. On January 8, H. H. Hollenbeck of Cincinnati, O., registered at the Gibson House. He had no room assigned to him, but was seen to communicate with Boyce. They watched all the movements of Hollenbeck, and traced him to the Union Trust and Savings Bank of which J. G. Schmidlapp was president. He was then traced to different places of meeting, as charged by Representative Otis.

When the testimony of Dunbar was concluded, the committee adjourned until 9 a.m. tomorrow.

McKISSELL WILL CONTEST.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.] CLEVELAND (O.) Jan. 21.—A special from Columbus says that Mayor McKisell of Cleveland is there, taking the preliminary steps to contest the seat of Senator Hanna in the United States Senate. Mayor McKisell will rely largely on the testimony adduced at the investigation of the bribery charges now being made, and will hold that Senator Hanna did not receive enough legal votes to entitle him to his place.

HE DIDN'T KNOW IT.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] COLUMBUS (O.) Jan. 21.—Mayor McKisell of Cleveland, when asked tonight regarding his rumored intention of contesting Senator Hanna's seat, said he knew nothing about it.

News Reaches St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 21.—News reached Col. John E. Murphy of the Treasury Secret Service yesterday that the arrest of a man in Placer county, Cal., of William Hepburn, suspected of being a counterfeiter. He was arrested in a lonely cabin. The outfit necessary for counterfeiting was found in the cabin. Silver dollars were made, and are thought to have been sent to St. Louis to be passed by agents. The police are looking for the confederates.

Fifteen Dashed to Death.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 21.—While a cage containing fifteen miners, being lowered in the shaft of the Bonne Espérance mine at Wasnes, in Hainaut, the cable broke, and the occupants of the cage were dashed to death.

Points of the News in Today's Times.

SUMMARY.
Associated Press night report, including commercial, 14,420 words;
Times exclusive dispatches, 12,377 words; day report, 11,500 words—total, 27,127 22

General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3, 5.
McKenna confirmed as Associate Justice. Agreement reached on the Teller resolution. Salvation lassie sand-bagged in New Jersey. Press correspondence from New Jersey says that the exact site of the port is not yet fixed, and that the government intends that the construction of the commercial port shall be borne by private companies. It is further stated that one company has already been formed to construct the docks.

The City—Pages 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 14.
No Republican candidate for School Director from the Seventh Ward. Evil-erence all in on one branch of the Creed case. Citizens asked to decorate their buildings on Jubilee day. Hungry man smashes a window. Paloma Schramm's concert. The Pico-street school to be rebuilt. Violators of bitching ordinance arrested. New Chinese theater opened. T. E. Gibson returns with good harbor news and a determination to push the school-board investigation. Urgent need of fire hydrants in the annexed districts. Wheelmen protest against a proposed ordinance. J. M. Rice charged with embezzling \$3000. Horsemaster Gleason makes a speech.

Southern California—Page 13.
High wind does damage around Pasadena. Santa Monica struggling with the saloon question. Losses in the Ventura fire. Santa Ana working to secure a sewer. San Diego preparing for a water carnival. Santa Barbara Common Council meets. Big orange shipments at Pomona. Important water suit at San Bernardino. Redlands sending out many oranges. Riverside man pleads guilty to robbery.

Financial and Commercial—Page 12.
Good cattle scarce and strong. Sales at Chicago. Substantial fractional losses on New York exchange. Mining shares of San Francisco stocks at Boston. Dump tone to London stock markets. Chicago wheat speculators treated to a mild sensation. California dried fruits. Oil, silver, lead and copper.

Fly Cables—Pages 1, 2.
French agriculturists demand heavy duty on American oils. The London Times' opinion of Congressional proceedings. French rush work on two battleships. Russia satisfied with the gold standard. London paper alarmed at Japan's strength. Gen. Garcia, Cuban insurgent leader, reported dead. Spain threatens as a result of Congressional jingoism. Disaster in a Belgian mine.

At Large—Pages 1, 2, 3, 5.
Dispatches were also received from Bloomington, Ill.; Limerick, Ireland; Calcutta, Chicago, Berlin, Omaha, Washington, London, Boston, Brussels, St. Paul, New York, and other places.

"A.P.A. FOOLS."

Their Influence Did not Crush McKenna.

The Attorney-General Confirmed as Associate Justice.

No Division on the Vote in Executive Session.

Senator Allen Wastes Breath in Opposing the Nomination—Mrs. Roberts and Her Moral Character Under Consideration.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—The Senate devoted its principal attention in executive session today to the nomination of Atty.-Gen. McKenna to be a Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States.

When the doors were closed, the Hawaiian treaty was laid aside in order to afford opportunity to consider the McKenna and other nominations. An effort was made to secure the confirmation of the nomination of Gen. Longstreet to be Commissioner of Railroads, but Senator Vest objected to immediate action, and the nomination went over until another day. Mr. Vest did not state his objections, beyond mentioning the fact that they were not personal.

The nomination of Atty.-Gen. McKenna was then taken up in accordance with the agreement reached last week to dispose of this nomination today. Senator Allen immediately took the floor in continuance of his attack upon the Attorney-General. He presented a large number of documents in support of his contention that Mr. McKenna was not competent to discharge the duties of the high office of Justice on the Supreme Bench.

Senator Allen occupied almost the entire executive session with his speech in opposition to the confirmation, though there were brief remarks by some of the Senators. Mr. McKenna, Washington and others, favorable to Mr. McKenna. There was no division on the vote.

SENATOR PERKINS INTERRUPTS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] Senator Allen had before him the charges filed with the Senate Judiciary, which he read at length. These comprised a large number of letters, some resolutions and the protest of lawyers and judges of the Pacific coast, charging that McKenna is unfit for the high office of Supreme Court Justice on the ground of a want of legal attainments. He commented at length upon the documents, and was interrupted by Senator Perkins of California, who read a published defense of Judge McKenna, giving statistics of his record. There were also other interruptions during the day, but the proceedings were devoid of general interest.

Mr. Allen spoke for about three hours. He said he was convinced of Mr. McKenna's unfitness for the office. He did not insist on a roll call when the vote was taken, as the vote was overwhelmingly favorable to confirmation.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—An agreement was reached by the Senate today that a final vote on the Teller resolution providing that the bonds of the United States may be paid in silver dollars, and all pending amendments thereto, be taken on Thursday before adjournment. Mr. Vest of Missouri, who is in charge of the resolution, first announced that an agreement had been made for the final vote Wednesday at 4 p.m., but readily agreed to a postponement of the vote until Thursday at the suggestion of Mr. Turpie of Indiana.

Mr. Allison of Iowa made the significant statement that an amendment to the resolution that would cause some debate would be offered later in the discussion, but gave no intimation of the nature, scope or intent of the amendment. During the greater part of the afternoon the Senate was in executive session.

There was a parliamentary struggle in the House today over the bill for the relief of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, which was before the House on Thursday. By shrewd maneuvering its opponents succeeded in preventing action today.

Previous to the consideration of this bill, the House raised the bill to extend the public land laws of the United States to the Territory of Alaska and to grant a general railroad right-of-way through the Territory.

The Urgent Deficiency Bill was sent to a conference after the silver forces, with some outside aid, had succeeded in securing in the Senate amendments striking from the bill the provision requiring the depositors of bullion to pay the cost of transportation to the mints.

FRUIT-TREE INSPECTION.

Barlow's Bill Favorably Considered by House. [ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.] WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] With the united support of the leading nurserymen and entomologists of the country, the Barlow Bill providing rules and regulations to govern the importations of nursery stock and fruit and to provide for the inspection of such trees and plants grown in this country as may become subjects of interstate commerce or exportation, was today favorably considered by a subcommittee of the Committee on Agriculture of the House. The bill will be reported to the full committee next week. That body is favorable to the measure, and as

ed Family Hotel. Near Westlake Park. 77
oprietor. Telephone Main 346.

GEORGE IS INNOCENT.**SIGNIFICANT STATEMENT IN THE CLARKE CASE.**

Paper Containing the Words Alleged to Have Been Left by William, His Murdered Brother.

OTHER SUSPICIOUS INCIDENTS.**THE LIVING SAID TO ADMIRE THE DEAD MAN'S WIFE.****Shooting Scrape at White Hills. Laveaga Will Case Decided. Youthful Highwaymen.****ST. HELENA, Jan. 21.—**

The chain of evidence connecting George Clarke with the murder of his brother William, yesterday morning, is being made stronger. It has been found that on the morning of the murder, George set his alarm clock for 4:30 o'clock. The murder was committed at 5, and although it was evident George had intended to rise early, yet when the officers went to his room at 7 o'clock George was apparently sleeping. His boots were covered with fresh mud and fitted exactly the tracks from his cottage to his brother's body, although George says he was not out from early the previous night.

A paper has been found containing a statement purporting to have been written by the murdered man, which says he is tired of life and intends to commit suicide, that he had placed the strychnine in his coffee, and that "George is innocent."

A box of cartridges was found in George's room. George Clarke, at first denied the ownership of the pistol found beside his brother's body, but subsequently admitted that he had bought the weapon a few weeks ago, and says it was stolen from him a few days later. He strenuously denies all knowledge of the crime, and declares his brother took his own life. He adds, however, that if it is clearly proven that his brother was murdered he can implicate a person whom no one at present suspects. Many peculiar rumors are in circulation to the effect that another is equally as blame-worthy as the prisoner, and predictions are made that the trial will develop some decided sensations.

It has been freely stated that George Clarke was infatuated with his brother's wife, although she is the wife of this assertion has developed. The prisoner has been taken to Napa and lodged in the County Jail. George Clarke is tall and slender, of a light disposition, and it has often been said that he is mentally unsound. He is very excitable and nervous, and many believe that he is a quack, and will probably break down and confess before his trial is over.

SHEEHAN'S ALLEGED SHORTAGE.

The Yosemite Commissioner Says No One Will Lose Anything.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 21.—A Bee reporter met Gen. J. T. Sheehan this morning and tried to interview him on the alleged shortage in the accounts of the Yosemite commissioners. Sheehan at first declined to be interviewed, averring that he had nothing to say. When further pressed, he declared that he did not wish to talk about the alleged shortages in his hands.

"You may say," he remarked, "that any matter relating to the Yosemite Commission with which I have anything to do will be fully paid, but I do not, at this time, care to talk about the alleged shortage. I have been sick for three or four weeks and have not had time to look over my books. When I get time to look them over, everything that I have been short of, and no one will lose anything."

When asked if it were true that he had withheld his bank-deposit book, he replied: "Yes, I have the book, and am responsible for it. It is my book, and why should I not keep it? I tell you, again, this will come out all right." Concluding Sheehan said: "I do not want to say anything further about this matter, but there is politics in it, and it will come out all right."

SHORTBRIDGE WILL RECOVER.

Dr. Curran Says the Editor Has No Reason to Be Worried.

SAN JOSE, Jan. 21.—Dr. J. R. Curran, the family physician of C. M. Shortbridge, who has been attending the sick man at Gilroy Hot Springs, is in town, and gives an intelligent statement and the first coming from the bedside, concerning Mr. Shortbridge's condition.

"I believe," said the doctor, "that Mr. Shortbridge will recover unless there should arise some unforeseen complication. There have been many foolish reports which tend to excite the public. In the first place, Mr. Shortbridge has no Bright's disease, and no heart trouble. He is simply in a condition of extreme nervous prostration with slight symptoms of typhoid fever. While he has been and is very sick, there is, in my mind, nothing to warrant a belief that he will not fully recover. The prostration is so complete that I can say Mr. Shortbridge has been very close to the grave, but I am more than hopeful of his recovery."

This report, coming from an official source, must set at rest the flying rumors of other nature.

THAT SUDDEN TURN.

Associated Press Night Report.

SAN JOSE, Jan. 21.—Reports from Gilroy Hot Springs this evening state that Charles M. Shortbridge's condition is more favorable than it has been for a week. There has been a steady improvement for the past thirty-six hours. His temperature is normal, and his pulse is regular. His physician now entertains strong hopes of his recovery.

BAD MAN DOWNED.

John Brown Takes Revenge for the Loss of Twenty Dollars.

WHITE HILLS (Ariz.), Jan. 21.—Another shooting scrape occurred here last evening which will probably result in the death of one man. William Neelan, a gambler and all-around tough, has been terrorizing the town, "rolling" several people and whipping several more. Last night he accosted John Brown, a miner employed by the White Hills Mining and Milling Company, and was coming from his cabin, and said: "Have you a gun?" Brown replied: "No." Then Neelan told him: "Throw up your hands!" emphasizing it by pointing a gun at Brown, who immediately complied. Neelan then re-

ceived Brown of about \$20 and escaped. Brown hunted up his old shotgun, but it would not work. He finally borrowed a .38-caliber revolver and went up town. He found Neelan at a faro table, and shot five times at him, one shot striking him in the left breast. Neelan jumped on Brown and would have killed him had he not been by-standers taken him off. Both men are under arrest.

Sheriff Potter and United States Marshal Cochran, from Kingman, were telephoned for, and reached White Hills at 4 a.m. Brown was taken to the hospital, and Neelan will be kept in jail, which is not expected. Neelan came here recently from Randsburg.

JOINT SNAKE BOAT.

An Incident in a Big Scheme of Mining Development.

PORTLAND (Or.), Jan. 21.—A snake boat was used in the Snake River was today shipped in sections from this city by rail to Huntington, Or. This is an incident in a big scheme of mining development in Eastern Oregon and Idaho. The development plan has been made by the Oregon and Idaho Mining and Milling Company, which controls the company concerned in this development in Oregon and Idaho, is in the city looking after the interests of his company.

The steamer shipped to Huntington today will be used on Snake River for the purpose of carrying ore from near Mineral, Idaho, to the new copper smelter and to carry copper matter to Huntington for shipment to market by rail. Mr. Blake states that his company will start up their smelter near Mineral within two or three weeks.

A TESTATOR'S INTENTIONS.

Must Be Considered in the Wording of His Will.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21.—The Supreme Court today rendered a decision in the Laveaga will case, settling the protracted litigation and establishing as law that the intentions of a testator must be considered in the wording of his will. José Vincent de Laveaga bequeathed \$20,000 to his nephew, J. M. Laveaga, a farm. Broderick died before the testator who, in a codicil, revoked the bequest to his nephew, bequeathing instead the amount to his son, Broderick. The Supreme Court allowed the nephew the \$20,000, but the Supreme Court held that the bequest was made as the nephew's estate only, and that the bequest was made to the nephew, instead of the sums total.

The Supreme Court holds that the later bequests of the deceased to his nephew was substituted for the Broderick bequest, and must take its place among the other bequests.

CATTLE THIEVES CAUGHT.

Escaped from an Arizona Jail, but Were Soon Run Down.

ARIZONA (Ariz.), Jan. 21.—Sheriff Cameron of Cochise County, with Alzibier, the scout, and three Indian trappers, came into Jerome last night with three Indian cattle thieves who escaped from jail at Globe two weeks ago. There were five thieves in the band, but the others escaped. The arrested thieves had been suffering greatly from depredations lately, 250 head of sheep being lifted at one haul. Sheriff Williams of Gila county caught the thieves, and three of the rustlers, but they escaped from the Globe jail, and the services of Alzibier, the famous Indian scout, were enlisted in pursuit. The entire party were armed to the teeth and clad in buckskins and attracted great numbers of the local Indians. The hunters were on the trail three weeks and finally located their quarry three miles from Jerome, where the arrests were made. The prisoners will be returned to Globe.

SHOT HIS BROTHER.

Morris Cronin Establishes His Claim With Three Bullets.

YREKA, Jan. 21.—Morris Cronin, a mining man, shot and fatally wounded his brother, Patrick, this afternoon, about four miles below Sawyer's bar. The brothers had been on unfriendly terms for some time, having had trouble over a mining claim. About 3 o'clock this afternoon Morris Cronin shot his brother Patrick and shot him three times, once through the groin, once in the neck and once in the leg. The doctor who was summoned to the scene pronounced the wound fatal, and the brother who did the shooting gave himself up this evening. Sheriff Hobbs has sent a deputy over the mountain to bring the prisoner to Yreka.

BODY FED TO HOGS.

Horrible Murder Discovered on a Farm in Washington.

TEKON (Wash.), Jan. 21.—Evidence of a horrible murder was discovered at the farm of Dan Galland, an aged bachelor, today. He had been murdered in his house and the body thrown into the hog pen. The inside of the house presented a horrible scene. There were evidences of a terrible struggle. Robbery was the motive, as the house had been thoroughly ransacked. Galland was a well-to-do man, and was supposed to have money in his house. He lived alone in an isolated place. He has a sister in California.

YOUTHFUL HIGHWAYMEN.

Two Boys Sent to Prison for Assaulting an Old Man.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21.—George Rowe and Frank Kelly, two of a trio of youthful highwaymen, arrested for assaulting and robbing Isadore Goulet, an old man, were today sentenced by Judge Wallace today. Rowe was committed to San Quentin for ten years and Kelly to the same prison for seven years. Goulet was terribly beaten, and narrowly escaped death from the injuries he received. "Bert" Greay, the third member of the party, was tried before a jury last week and acquitted.

Big Lumber Fleet.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21.—During the past forty-eight hours seventeen vessels, carrying in the aggregate more than four million feet of lumber, have passed in through the Golden Gate. This arrival of so many lumber-laden vessels is due wholly to the unprecedented demand for lumber created by the Alaskan trade. The arrival of the fleet relieves to a great extent a situation in the lumber market created by the same demand that will cause a scarcity of lumber carriers.

Chinese New Year's Tragedy.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21.—At 8 o'clock this morning Look Wong, a Chinese laundryman, was shot in a house at No. 604 Fifth street. An hour later he

died in the City Receiving Hospital, declaring that he was shot by Ah Look and Ah Sam, who had followed him to the house. He had been out celebrating the Chinese New Year festivities. This morning a cook named Ah Wan Ock was arrested and charged with being one of the murderers. A Chinaman says he saw Ah Wan Ock fire four shots through a glass door at Look Wong. It is said that the latter owed Ah Wan Ock considerable money, which he had refused to pay until after the New Year's celebration.

Another Big Sugar Plant.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21.—It was announced this afternoon that the Union Sugar Company will build a beet-sugar factory at once near Santa Maria Valley, Santa Barbara county. John L. Howard, one of the prominent officials of the company, when seen this afternoon at the office of the company, admitted that it had been decided to begin operations on a large scale. He declined to confirm a report that his company had appropriated \$400,000 for the enterprise, or that Goldtree brothers had donated 200 acres of land for the proposed factory.

Higher Education of Women.

BERLIN, Jan. 21.—In the Reichstag today Prince Schoenach-Carolath raised the question of the higher education of women, whereupon Count Posadowsky, the Minister of the Interior, announced that the authorities had decided that women henceforth should be allowed to attend university lectures as guests, with the permission of the rector and professors. The Minister of the Interior, Prince von Hohenlohe, was arranging for the Federal government granting women diplomas and, he continued, if the arrangement was successful, further measures were probable.

Hood Wants an Accounting.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21.—Frank B. Hood has sued R. W. Skinner to dissolve a partnership formed between them in handling and selling the goods of the Hood ranch near Woodland. Complaint is made that the defendant has mismanaged the business and wrongfully retained for his own use all of the profits. Hood wants an accounting.

A Conspirator's Sentence.

PORTLAND (Or.), Jan. 21.—Julian E. Epping, recently convicted in the United States district court of conspiring with the Portland postoffice, was today sentenced to pay a fine of \$1000 and serve one day in the County Jail.

Jumped from Her Window.

PETALUMA, Jan. 21.—Mrs. Purvine, aged 76, jumped from her window to the ground, and broke her limbs. She sustained internal injuries and has a great gash in her head. Illness induced her to attempt to end her life.

PLUCKED FROM PERIL.

Two Hundred People Rescued From Breaking Ice.

Exciting Scene on the Shore of Put-In-Bay—Houses Containing Men and Women Were Blown Over and the Frozen Water Gets Adrift.

SANDUSKY (O.), Jan. 21.—The steamer Ameglia, which arrived here from the island region, brought news of a disaster off Put-In-Bay by which the lives of 200 people were placed in imminent peril. During the winter when the ice is strong enough to hold them, large numbers of the island region engage in fishing through the ice. Small houses, large enough to accommodate from two to six people, are taken out on the lake on sleds; holes are cut through the ice, and the houses, which have apertures in the roof, are placed over the holes. Quite as many women as men occupy the houses. Yesterday, while about two hundred men and women were in the little houses, a fierce gale sprang up suddenly, the wind reaching a velocity of between fifty and sixty miles an hour. The ice broke up and the small houses were blown over and bruisers. The wind, off shore, was so fierce that the ice, weakened by rain that morning, began to crack and break in places. A line of blue smoke that marked the break began to widen with alarming speed. Men and women began a mad rush toward the shore, and the boats were blown off their moorings and commenced to put off to the rescue.

The shores of Put-In-Bay were lined with the relatives and friends of the people on the drifting ice. Rescuing parties forced their boats in among the broken cakes of ice at the imminent risk of their own lives. The attention was given first to those who had fallen into the water, and after they were all picked up, those who were drifting on the cakes of ice were taken off. Many of those thus saved were benumbed, and some of them were unconscious. The rescuers worked heroically in the face of great dangers, and succeeded in bringing to shore every one of the 200 people.

CAPT. ANNIE SANDBAGGED.

One of the Volunteer Workers in a Critical Condition.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—As a result of an attempt at assassination, Capt. Annie P. Hughes of the Volunteers of America, secretary to Commander Ballington Booth, lies in a critical condition in Orange, N. J. She was sandbagged within a short distance of her home, and the blow caused concussion of the brain.

Erich A. Prisman, alias George Bell, a former convict, who recently was discharged from Commander Booth's staff at the Volunteer headquarters, has been arrested on suspicion of being the would-be murderer.

The incentive for the deed, according to the police, was the revenge for the imprisonment of Prisman, who was released because the prisoner's attentions to Maj. Jennie Hughes, sister of the captain, were rebuffed. The police suspect that Prisman mistook Capt. Hughes for her sister when he dealt the blow.

The assault was committed a week ago, but has been kept secret because of an attempt at assassination. Prisman was arrested until Prisman could be caught. When arraigned in the Police Court a sandbag made of heavy canvas was exhibited as the weapon with which the assault was made, and was kept locked in a drawer of his desk. A few days before the assault the desk drawer was broken open and the sandbag removed. It was replaced in the same mysterious way and was found there, solid and burst, last Monday.

Capt. Hughes is only 19 years old, and a girl of much attractiveness. Her sister, Jennie Hughes, is a tall, handsome girl, 23 years of age. They are daughters of Rev. George Hughes, for fifty years a Methodist minister, and at present editor of a religious monthly magazine in this city.

GEN. GARCIA IS DEAD.**SPANISH REPORTS HAVE THE INSURGENT LEADER KILLED.**

Persistent Rumors Circulating in Havana to That Effect, With No Denials.

A REAL BATTLE AT CUBITAS.**INSURGENT FORCES ROUTED WITH HEAVY LOSSES.****Mutinous Army Officers at Havana May Have Their Way and Franco Blanco to Realign—Campos May Try.**

HAVERA, Jan. 21.—[By Key West Cable.] Although nothing appears to be known on the subject at Spanish headquarters, persistent rumors are in circulation today to the effect that Gen. Calisto Garcia, the famous insurgent leader, had been killed in a recent engagement with the Spanish troops.

According to information from Spanish forces, Gen. Castellanos, being aware that the insurgent government was established at Esperanza, in buildings constructed by the insurgents fifteen leagues from Puerto Principe, at the extreme west end of the Cabañas ridge, proceeded in that direction with 2200 infantry, 400 cavalry and two field cannons. After three days of trying marches he forced a difficult position on the fourth day and overcame the obstinate resistance of 1000 insurgents, pursuing them more than six miles and destroying the houses at Esperanza, including the insurgent government buildings. On the following day the insurgents engaged the reunited insurgent forces, 2500 strong, near Esperanza. He routed them after two hours of combat. The insurgent forces fled to the mountains, and owing to the density of the woods it is difficult, according to the Spanish account, to ascertain the full number of the dead. The Spanish lost fifty-seven dead on the field. The Spanish lost seven killed and had thirty-one wounded, among the latter being Lieut.-Col. Pavia Monte.

The Spanish steamer Alfonso XIII sailed for Spain today with fifty-six officers and men wounded and sick, and a large number of arms and munitions.

HELL FOR THE CUBANS.

Associated Press Day Report.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—The Central Cuban Relief Committee, appointed by President McKinley, has received a letter from William R. Day, Assistant Secretary of State, and a cablegram from Consul-General Lee. Mr. Day's letter contained an inclosure from Consul Hyatt at Santiago de Cuba to the effect that the Cuban people are suffering from lack of food and medicine, and that the Cuban people are suffering from lack of food and medicine, and that the Cuban people are suffering from lack of food and medicine.

SPAIN THREATENING.

Ready to Act Should Congressional Jingling Continue.

Associated Press Night Report.

MADRID, Jan. 21.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The feeling in official circles, after the dispatches received by Señor Sagasta from Cuba, is that the United States has no motive for direct or indirect interference in Cuba.

The government considers that persistence in the jingo attitude by the American Congress would be contrary to the dictates of reason and justice, and that the United States government in deference to the jingo tendency cannot justify actions which would regard them as a veritable provocation, which she would reply with energy befitting the country's honor.

It is announced that the Foreign Minister, Señor Gullon, has received Washington dispatches which have provoked a long Cabinet discussion.

BLANCO MUST ACT.

Either Join the Rebellious Army or Return to Spain.

Associated Press Night Report.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—A special to the Press from Washington, D. C., says that advice from Havana is to the effect that Captain-General Blanco must either join the rebellious army or return to Spain.

The minister of the interior of the United States has having everything their own way. None of the ringleaders of the recent attack on the newspaper offices have been punished. It seems to be the best opinion in Havana that Blanco must either join the rebellious army or return to Spain.

Reports that Marshal Campos may be sent back to Cuba are premature. He might be tried again, it is thought, should autonomy prove a failure. He ended the former war by buying up insurgent leaders, and that, perhaps, will be Spain's next attempt.

There is said to be only little anti-American sentiment in Havana, as Blanco's mild and humane rule has not occupied the Spanish mind there. A significant feature of the situation is that the editor of El Reconcentrador, who was arrested, is a fugitive from a warrant issued at the demand of the Spanish law.

The Senate will be in session tomorrow. Cuba is said to be a reason for the failure to adjourn over Saturday. The Senate will be in session tomorrow. Cuba is said to be a reason for the failure to adjourn over Saturday.

SEVEN BALLOTS.

But No Senator Has Yet Been Elected in Maryland.

Associated Press Night Report.

ANNAPOLIS (Md.), Jan. 21.—The Maryland General Assembly took two more joint ballots today in an unsuccessful effort to elect a United States Senator, making a total of seven. The following was the result of the seventh ballot: McCann, 4; Gorman, 4; Shaw, 1; Shrock, 2; Findlay, 2; total, 11.

The principal feature of today's proceedings was the disappearance of ex-Senator Farran and Col. J. C. Mulliken from the list of those receiving votes.

FIFTEEN AT NASHVILLE.

Associated Press Night Report.

NASHVILLE (Tenn.), Jan. 21.—Fifteen ballots were counted tonight in the Democratic Senatorial caucus. The last ballot resulted practically the same as the first.

An Overcoat

Gives no warmth. It merely prevents the heat of the body from passing off. People with a poor circulation are cold, no matter how thick their clothes may be. They shiver under all their wraps. Bounding red blood keeps the internal fire glowing.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whisky,

prepared for medicinal and domestic use, is a wholesome stimulant for blood and nerve. It creates and preserves bodily heat. It acts on all the organs and protects the system from chills and depressed vitality. Contains nothing which does not make for health and energy.

Ask your Grocer or Druggist.

FURY OF BARBARIANS.**BJORNSTERNE BJORNSEN ON THE CASE OF DREYFUS.**

The Author Writes to Zola Praising the Latter's Courage and Saying Europe Gases at France in Astonishment and Praise-Points in the Prisoner's Favor.

Associated Press Day Report.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—A special to the World from Paris says: "Since the French government refused to permit Zola to go to Devil's Island to describe Dreyfus's situation, precisely as it is, Bjornstjerne Bjornsen, the famous Norwegian novelist, poet and dramatist, has written from Rome to Zola as follows:

"Very Honored Master: How I envy you. How I wish I were in your place, in order to be able to render to the country and humanity a service like that rendered by you. I also have proved by experience that it is much more perilous to want to eradicate hatred than love from the minds of men. A host of things, which have for a long time been taking root in the best as well as the basest instincts of the French people, have brought on a situation so tragic that a thousand years of progress and civilization are swept away. All others tremble before the cries and fury of barbarians, but they have not made you recoil. You alone, with lyre and sword, marched against millions. Is there a nobler spectacle to be seen in the world? That was just what France needed."

"I can assure you that all the people of Europe are gazing at France at this moment in astonishment and pain. Two facts sufficiently explain it. The first is the indictment against Dreyfus. It is a masterpiece of charged with immense responsibility. That indictment charges Dreyfus with showing treasonable favor to Germany. The evidence to prove his guilt, it was alleged that he could go to Alsace more easily than other French officers. That was officially denied by the Alsace-Lorraine government. Twice in the same year, Dreyfus was prohibited from entering Alsace; the third time he started he was permitted to spend a week there, because his father was ill. Has any one ever seen a man act as a spy for any country, refused access to his native land, and then charged with immense responsibility. That indictment charges Dreyfus with showing treasonable favor to Germany. The evidence to prove his guilt, it was alleged that he could go to Alsace more easily than other French officers. 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Liners.

MONEY TO LOAN—

UNION LOAN COMPANY, STIMSON BLK. Cor. Third and Spring, loans money on all kinds of collateral security, watches, diamonds, jewelry and pianos without removal, low interest; money at once, business confidential, private office for ladies, CLARK A. SHAW, manager, rooms 114 and 115, first floor, Tel. 1651. References, Citizens' Bank, Security Savings Bank, etc.

TO LOAN—MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, jewelry, pianos, carriages, bicycles, and all kinds of collateral security; we will loan you more money, less interest, and on your goods longer than any one; no commissions, appraisals, middlemen or bill of sale; tickets and receipts free in our warehouse. LEE BROS., 402 S. Spring.

MONEY TO LOAN ON ALL KINDS OF personal security, diamonds, watches, pianos, furniture, life insurance, or collateral of any kind. We loan our own money and can make quick loans; private room for ladies; business confidential. CHARLES W. ALLEN, rooms 115 and 117, Helman Block, corner of Second and Broadway.

TO LOAN—\$250,000, AT 5 PER CENT. NET, on close inside income business property, apply to E. S. LUNT, 140 S. Broadway, Helman Block.

A BARREL OF MONEY TO LOAN on diamonds, watches, pianos, furniture, etc., at first-class collateral security. S. P. GRASINGER, 247 S. Broadway, Business confidential. Rooms 1 and 2.

MONEY TO LOAN FOR BUILDING PURPOSES, or to improve city property, on monthly payments same as rent; low rate of interest. METROPOLITAN BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, 107 E. Second.

THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY of San Francisco will make loans on improved city property; building loans, jewelry, securities, etc., at low rates. Agent, 140 S. Broadway, Helman Block.

IOVA LOAN CO.—LOANS ON DIAMONDS, jewelry, securities, etc., at low rates. Business confidential; money at once. W. E. SANBORN, manager, rooms 15 and 16, Bryson Block, Second and Broadway.

TO LOAN—\$100 TO \$500,000, OR I WILL BUY your equity or the mortgage on your property. ROSENSTEIN, dealer in bonds, mortgages and real estate, 107 E. Second.

FOUNDER & WADSWORTH, ROOM 208, Wilcox Bldg., lend money on any good real estate; building loans, etc.; if you wish to lend or borrow, call on us.

TO LOAN—LOANS ON BUSINESS PROPERTY and ranches, 6 per cent.; no commissions. WILLARD M. SHELTON, 209 Sumner Block.

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE NEGOTIATED; BANK stock and bonds, etc., at low rates. S. P. GRASINGER, 247 S. Broadway, Business confidential.

TO LOAN—\$200 TO \$500,000 ON CITY OR COUNTRY REAL ESTATE, AT 5 PER CENT. NET, apply MAIN ST. SAVINGS BANK, 252 S. Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN, CITY OR COUNTRY; lowest rates. W. H. LYON, 304 Broadway, Zellerbach Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN—\$700, \$1000, \$1200 and other amounts to suit at current rates. ELLIOTT, 420 S. Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT AT reasonable rates. Inquire WM. F. BOSHY-SHELL, 107 S. Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN ON ARTICLES OF value and collateral. R. W. WOOD, 521 S. Broadway.

TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT, ANY TIME; on real estate, bonds, etc. E. C. CRIBB & CO., 218 Broadway.

TO LOAN—\$1 UP ON ANYTHING, \$24 ALLEN, 27 W. First st., next to Times Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN—BUILDING LOANS, at low rates. E. C. CRIBB & CO., 218 Broadway.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES BOUGHT. Address JOSEPH B. TOPPITT, 330 P. N. S. F.

TO LOAN—MONEY QUICKLY, QUIETLY, reasonably. R. D. LYNCH, 225 Wilcox Block.

TO LOAN—6 TO 8 PER CENT. MONEY. BRADSHAW BROS., 202 Broadway Block.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE. MORTIMER & HARRIS, 75 Temple Block.

LIVE STOCK FOR SALE—

FOR SALE—MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE, a small dairy, with lease of 10 acres of choice alfalfa meadow, with 4-room house and large barn, all on one lot, in the best of the county for a man of small means to take the business; the owner has customers for all the milk he can furnish; a chance to jump into a paying business, the stock is in good condition, without the lease if so desired; come in and investigate. J. A. MORRAN, 312 Byrne Block.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS STALLION, standard and registered; a grandson of Elector, and his dam by Judge Salisbury, who was by Duke of Devonshire; the Moor stands 16 hands, and weighs 1150 lbs.; his conformation is perfect; he cannot be excelled, and his disposition is perfect. Any one who wishes such a horse should not fail to call on him. Address C. E. GUYER, 916 S. Hill st., for extended pedigree.

FOR SALE—ON SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, at 10:30 a.m. and every Saturday thereafter until further notice, at public auction at stockyards of Chase, Minchott, 235 Aliso st., horses, carriages, farm wagons, harnesses, any parties willing to sell can place property at auction; the terms are reasonable. CHAS. MINCHOTT, agent. E. W. NOYES, auctioneer.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE, BORREL road mare, 8 yrs. old; also a very fine 4-year-old bay gelding, can trot in 2:30; a perfect pet and a beauty; a lady can drive either; the stock is in good condition; location to build on, will pay cash difference or assume. J. C. ELLIOTT, 450 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—20 WORK HORSES, 6 LARGE mules, 25 carriages and driving horses, 16 Andalusians, D. F. DONOGAN, cor. California and Montreal sts.

FOR SALE—A1 DRIVING TEAM, "DIRT cheap," young and gentle; parties going to Klondike, Inquire 318 SAN PEDRO, 12 to 2.

FOR SALE—MULES AND HORSES, STLY. 100, gentle, also good work mules. E. L. MURPHY, 24 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—LARGE YOUNG ST. BERNARD dog, suitable for Klondike. Address 336 DAYTON ST., East Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—FINE JERSEY HEIFER, just fresh; corner Mary and Central ave. ARTHUR RIVERS.

FOR SALE—NICE, GENTLE HORSE, harness and almost new open buggy, cheap at 1412 W. 11TH ST.

FOR SALE—CHEAP HORSE, BUGGY AND harness, all in good condition. 424 S. FIFTH ST.

FOR SALE—FINE FAMILY HORSE AND 2-seated surrey, cheap; East 210 W. TENTH ST.

FOR SALE—FAMILY RIG; HORSE, PHALTON and harness. McGRARY, 1621 E. Eighth st., cheap.

FOR SALE—REMEMBER, CALIFORNIA Stock Yards, 239 Aliso st. ALLEN & DEZELL.

FOR SALE—A FLYISH YOUNG PAIR OF driving horses, city broke. Inquire 510 S. SPRING.

FOR SALE—WHITE AND BROWN LEG-HORN COWS, 600 lbs. each. ACT FLOWERS, 24 DAYTON ST., East Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—FRESH FAMILY COW, worth \$75. R. D. LIST, 228 Wilcox Block.

FOR SALE—FINE DRIVING TEAM, 220 W. ADAMS.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—THE MOST MARVELOUS

OF ALL MARVELS.

NOTHING LIKE IT EVER WITNESSED

ON EARTH.

Health, wealth and happiness by consulting DR. REEDER, recognized king of mind readers; Ramona Hotel, Spring and Third sts. He can, by his powers, tell you names of your friends and relatives, tells what you called for, in fact, there is no hidden mystery to him; he cannot fail.

WHILE IN A TRANCE STATE

he gives infallible advice on business speculations, stocks, investments, in fact, everything.

SEEING IS BELIEVING.

So extraordinary are his marvelous tests and powers that they must be witnessed to be believed. Satisfaction guaranteed or no fee taken; all business strictly confidential; hours from 9:30 to 6 p.m.; Tuesday and Friday till 8 p.m.; Sunday, 3 p.m.

RAMONA HOTEL.

Cor. Spring and Third sts., parlors 8, 9, 10.

PERSONAL—GEO. A. RALPHS—GOLD BAR Flour, 1 lb. 10c; 5 lb. 45c; 10 lb. 85c; 25 lb. 1.80; 50 lb. 3.50; 100 lb. 6.50; 200 lb. 12.50; 400 lb. 24.50; 800 lb. 48.50; 1600 lb. 96.50; 3200 lb. 192.50; 6400 lb. 384.50; 12800 lb. 768.50; 25600 lb. 1536.50; 51200 lb. 3072.50; 102400 lb. 6144.50; 204800 lb. 12288.50; 409600 lb. 24576.50; 819200 lb. 49152.50; 1638400 lb. 98304.50; 3276800 lb. 196608.50; 6553600 lb. 393216.50; 13107200 lb. 786432.50; 26214400 lb. 1572864.50; 52428800 lb. 3145728.50; 104857600 lb. 6291456.50; 209715200 lb. 12582912.50; 419430400 lb. 25165824.50; 838860800 lb. 50331648.50; 1677721600 lb. 100663296.50; 3355443200 lb. 201326592.50; 6710886400 lb. 402653184.50; 13421772800 lb. 805306368.50; 26843545600 lb. 1610612736.50; 53687091200 lb. 3221225472.50; 107374182400 lb. 6442450944.50; 214748364800 lb. 12884901888.50; 429496729600 lb. 25769803776.50; 858993459200 lb. 51539607552.50; 1717986918400 lb. 103079215104.50; 3435973836800 lb. 206158430208.50; 6871947673600 lb. 412316860416.50; 13743895347200 lb. 824633720832.50; 27487790694400 lb. 1649267441664.50; 54975581388800 lb. 3298534883328.50; 109951162777600 lb. 6597069766656.50; 219902325555200 lb. 13194139533312.50; 439804651110400 lb. 26388279066624.50; 879609302220800 lb. 52776558133248.50; 1759218604441600 lb. 105553116266496.50; 3518437208883200 lb. 211106232532992.50; 7036874417766400 lb. 422212465065984.50; 14073748835532800 lb. 844424930131968.50; 28147497671065600 lb. 1688849860263936.50; 56294995342131200 lb. 3377699720527872.50; 112589990684262400 lb. 6755399441055744.50; 225179981368524800 lb. 13510798882111488.50; 450359962737049600 lb. 27021597764222976.50; 900719925474099200 lb. 54043195528445952.50; 1801439850948198400 lb. 108086391056891904.50; 3602879701896396800 lb. 216172782113783808.50; 7205759403792793600 lb. 432345564227567616.50; 14411518807585587200 lb. 864691128455135232.50; 28823037615171174400 lb. 1729382256910270464.50; 57646075230342348800 lb. 3458764513820540928.50; 115292150460684697600 lb. 6917529027641081856.50; 230584300921369395200 lb. 13835058055282163712.50; 461168601842738790400 lb. 27670116110564327424.50; 922337203685477580800 lb. 55340232221128654848.50; 1844674407370955161600 lb. 110680464442257309696.50; 3689348814741910323200 lb. 221360928884514619392.50; 7378697629483820646400 lb. 442721857769029238784.50; 14757395258967641292800 lb. 885443715538058477568.50; 29514790517935282585600 lb. 1770887431076116955136.50; 59029581035870565171200 lb. 3541774862152233910272.50; 118059162071741130342400 lb. 7083549724304467820544.50; 236118324143482260684800 lb. 14167099448608935641088.50; 472236648286964521369600 lb. 28334198897217871282176.50; 944473296573929042739200 lb. 56668397794435742564352.50; 1888946593147858085478400 lb. 113336795588871485128704.50; 3777893186295716170956800 lb. 226673591177742970257408.50; 7555786372591432341913600 lb. 453347182355485940514816.50; 15111572745182864683827200 lb. 906694364710971881029632.50; 30223145490365729367654400 lb. 1813388729421943762059264.50; 60446290980731458735308800 lb. 3626777458843887524118528.50; 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8920298079412249256614287309059344602392166400 lb. 53

The Times

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Jan. 21.—(Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.) At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.27, at 5 p.m., 30.28. Thermometer for the day, maximum, 54 deg., minimum, 40 deg., and 51 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 31 per cent.; 5 p.m., 48 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., northwest, velocity 4 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity 6 miles. Maximum temperature, 54 deg.; minimum temperature, 40 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

DRY BULB TEMPERATURE.
Los Angeles, 48 San Francisco, 48
San Diego, 53 Portland, 42
Weather Conditions.—The pressure has been throughout the country west of the Mississippi River, and is highest and much above the normal from the Pacific Coast north of Point Conception to the mountains and plateau region. The pressure is the same in the Southwest, from whence the gradients rise northward, conditions which have given clear weather with fresh to brisk northerly winds in Southern California. Cold weather continues from the mountains eastward. Occasional frosts occurred in California this morning.

Forecast.—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Fair weather tonight and Saturday; fair Saturday, with westerly winds.

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Brief and pithy is the comment of the San Bernardino Free Press, and succinctly observes that "tearful and loath" is the shibboleth of the annexationists. The Times has an idea that sugar and sentiment may also have something to do with it.

The Arizona Republican says that Senator Vest of Missouri declares that the gold standard is "the instrument of tyranny, the foe of free institutions," and several other unpleasant things. Pretty soon he will be insisting that it is what struck the unfortunate William Patterson.

The brisk and snappy little Willows Journal dashes into the present unpleasantness with the trenchant remark that "the San Francisco Call is always looking for 'mote' in other people's eyes. It never sees the chunks of timber in its own. It is also engaged in purifying other cities, when it has a good field to begin on at home."

Practical application of scientific statements is made by the San Francisco Post, which comments knowingly upon the statement made by Prof. Jordan that "the human reaction" is frequently responsible for a man doing good. The Post thinks the professor might have added that it is also frequently responsible for the act of a man who compels his wife to crawl out of a warm bed to build the breakfast fire.

Particularly sound sense is talked by the San Diego Tribune in commenting on the "curfew ordinance." It says: "An effort in behalf of 'good morals' by means of enforcing the curfew ordinance is to be made in Los Angeles. Ringing an old cowbell at 9 p.m. to warn the children off the streets won't help the Angel City much in the matter of morals. Turning official rascals out of office or jailing them; discountenancing social iniquities, etc., will beat the bell business all hollow and moralizing medium."

Southern California cities may punch each other's noses flat and frequent over their little neighborhood disputes, but let the north presume to interfere in our affairs, and the instant harmony is beautiful to behold. Witness this from the Redlands Daily Facts: "The attacks of the San Francisco Call upon Los Angeles citizens of unquestioned integrity and uprightness of character, in its attempts to defend the infamous school-board gang, are almost beyond comprehension. Herman Silver is now receiving some of this dirty abuse. During his long residence in Colorado Mr. Silver was one of the most highly esteemed citizens, irreproachable in public as well as in private life. He commanded the respect of all parties in his official acts. He was not then, as he is not now, a demagogue, a seeker of notoriety, but a quiet, unassuming, trustworthy man. When the Fourth Ward of Los Angeles chose him as their representative, we knew that the Council had at least one man in its make-up who could not be bought, could not be swayed from his duty of serving the city faithfully and honestly. We have closely noted his dealings as a member of the Council, and have no reason to change our estimate of him as a man and citizen. The Call may hurl its boomerangs, but they will return only to wound justly their sender."

SHUN GREEN GOODS.

Shoppers Requested to Patronize Home Industries Only.

The city is again being flooded with "green goods" circulars sent from New York to catch the gullible sucker, who would not only lose his money, but make himself a participant in crime by taking the bait. It is understood that "Poker" Davis desires to warn all citizens who believe in up-building home industries not to invest any of their expendable in the goods advertised by the New York sharpers. He argues that as long as he and other home talent are doing the best they can to take care of the local crop of suckers, it is unparliamentary to say the least, for the aforesaid suckers to send their good money to some man in New York, whom they do not know, and who would not spend a dollar of it in Los Angeles. Moral: Don't invest in green goods in New York, when there are plenty of gold bricks and other good things to be had cheap, right here at home, where a sucker once in a while stands a chance to get his stuff back if he "holders" loud enough.

Basket Ball.

This evening Capt. Brown and Capt. Atcheson will line up their teams for a game at basket ball in the Y.M.C.A. gymnasium. The line-up will be: Y.M.C.A.—Brown (captain), Henderson, Salisbury, forwards: Parker, Roe, centers: Carrier, Jones, guards: Athletic Club—Whistler, Porter, Robinson, forwards: Leavitt, Atcheson (captain), centers: Sheekie, McHenry or Morris, guards.

DIAMONDS AT HALF PRICE.

On account of going out of business February 1, we are closing out the entire stock of the Diamond Parlor, 117 South Spring street, the celebrated Transval Gem, the 51 kind of rings, studs, brooches and scarf pins, now 50c; all other goods at about one-half price.

ARRESTED IN CHICAGO.

E. M. WILCOX WANTED HERE FOR ALLEGED EMBEZZLEMENT.

F. G. Calkins, Secretary of the Perfect Letter Opening Company, Very Reticent—Says Wilcox Embellished Money Sent Him to Purchase Machinery With.

Information was telegraphed from Chicago and appeared in yesterday's Times that E. M. Wilcox had walked into the office of the Chief of Detectives of that city and given himself up, saying he understood he was wanted in Los Angeles by the Perfect Letter Opening Company for embezzling \$1000; and he was only made aware of the fact that he was in request, by happening to see a circular offering \$25 reward for his arrest.

The Perfect Letter Opening Company was incorporated in this State in June, 1887, capital stock \$100,000. The directors are F. N. Pauly, F. G. Calkins, H. Y. Stanley, E. M. Wilcox, all of Los Angeles, and E. E. Syngue of Santa Monica. F. G. Calkins is the secretary of the company, with offices in the Gardner & Zeller Block. When he was approached upon the subject of E. M. Wilcox's arrest, he proved very reticent. He said he had read the account in the Times, but that he had no statement to make about the matter. In fact he refused to answer any questions until it was suggested that probably the other directors of the company would not be so averse to discussing the matter. Then he said he would do his best to the authorities was not true; but that he had been arrested on a warrant sworn out by the agent of his company, a man whom they had sent from here to Chicago purposely to find Wilcox, and that he had been looking for Wilcox for more than a month, and only found him two days ago, when the arrest was made. This information, he said, he had received by telegram from the agent in Chicago.

Mr. Calkins would not say exactly how much money Wilcox had embezzled, but said the amount was quite large, and that it was money that had been given to Wilcox to purchase machinery and material for the establishment of an envelope factory in Los Angeles. Mr. Calkins alluded vaguely to certain outside influences that had been brought to bear on Wilcox that had caused him to break faith with the company, but he refused to say what the money was for. He said he did not know whether Wilcox would be prosecuted or not, and that the company's actions would depend very much on future developments.

George H. Parker, of the firm of Parker & Frazer, No. 111 East Second street, when seen yesterday, said he knew Wilcox very well; that Wilcox had caused him with an invention which he had patented, and wanted him to put up money to promote it. He said that Wilcox had finally interested persons who are now the directors of the Perfect Letter Opening Company, in the matter, and had let them in on the ground floor, so to speak, for \$4000, giving them each a fifth interest in the patent, and keeping a fifth interest for himself. Mr. Parker's impression of Mr. Wilcox was that he was a very smooth personage, and that was why he had not taken an interest in the invention himself.

POLICE COURT NOTES.

Small Fry Caught in the Drag-net of Justice.

James Smith was given a sixty-days' sentence yesterday by Justice Owens for begging.

H. Althouse was fined \$5 for abusing a woman while drunk.

Joe Bages, a plain drunk, was fined \$5.

Charles Coulter was given a ten-days' sentence for disturbing the peace. George Bailey, a small boy who chastised another boy with a buggy whip, was tried for disturbing the peace. Justice Owens took the case under advisement.

Charles Ance, a Jap, was tried for disturbing the peace of a few women who had tried to search his pockets to see if he had any money for her. The Jap was acquitted.

O. W. Carson was arraigned for fast driving and his trial was set for January 25.

The trial of F. Weitzel, charged with violating the pool-selling ordinance, was set for January 25.

H. V. Shaw, a driver for Gilmore's, was arraigned on two charges of selling impure milk. He pleaded not guilty, and was ordered to appear next Wednesday for trial.

A Bunch of Violets.

Seated in the corner of a Springfield car was a little cripple boy evidently an intense sufferer from a spinal disease. His head and the upper part of his body were enclosed in a network of steel and leather and an iron brace was tightly strapped to the side of one of his legs. Poverty, too, seemed to be his misfortune; his clothing was of cheap material and bore the stamp of home making, and in every finger of the cotton gloves worn by his fifteen-year-old sister, who accompanied him, there was a hole. Her dress was patched in several places and her hat was a thin straw affair trimmed with a band of faded red ribbon, but with all she was wonderfully neat and clean.

At Spring and Second streets in front of the Hollenbeck Hotel, Nellie McHenry, handsomely dressed, on her way to Pasadena, boarded the car and dropped into a seat directly opposite the pair. The little boy folded her coat was a bunch of fresh California violets tied with a long purple ribbon, and the fragrant odor at once pervaded the car. The little boy caught the scent and at once his brown eyes were turned upon the violets. Then he whispered to his sister, when she blushed and told him to wait awhile.

Turning his attention again to the violets he laid gaze upon them until his eyes grew bright and round and every few moments he would draw an extra-long breath as if to take in all the perfume he could. Soon every one in the fore part of the car was watching him. From the look of admiration there grew in those brown eyes an expression of longing so earnest and deep that it made the heart thrill with sympathy.

Miss McHenry with changing emotions glanced uneasily at the boy at intervals and soon the power of those eyes and the soul they revealed overcame her. With a quick try she drew the violets from her coat and with tears upon her cheeks handed them to the boy, who handed them to her.

The child had recovered from his joy she sought the platform and was gone. Nearly all the men sitting near resumed interest in their newspapers and some of them coughed. The women looked straight ahead through the glass, beyond the sidewalks, and much farther than the obstructing show windows and doorways. It was not an earthly view that pictured itself to them, their vision was turned toward the hearts into the tiny corner where fondest of all hopes and sweetest of sad memories were treasured.

At New York Hotels.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) W. Swanson is at the St. Denis.

Klondike Grubstakes.

We know a number of young, healthy men of good character and habits who are anxious to go to Klondike but they have not the necessary means. If you'd like to interest yourself in them, or in other words grubstake them, send us your name and address. An outfit won't run into very much money if you buy the right goods at right prices. It's paying big prices for unnecessary articles that makes the bills foot up so much. Every unnecessary pound of supplies clogs your progress. We'll post you all we can free of charge.

Silverwood

The Cash Men's Furnisher,
124
SOUTH SPRING STREET.

BOOK BARGAINS.

A great variety of good titles in
..FICTION..

By leading authors at great reductions at

Parker's 246 South Broadway.
(Near Public Library.)

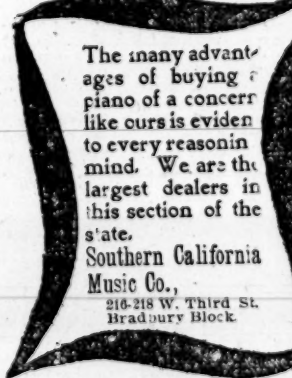
The largest, most varied and most complete stock of books west of Chicago.

SPOT CASH

Is the way we do business; but say, look at the values we give in—Men's 4 Shirts—others ask \$5. 240 S. Spring. BURNS.



Tired Eyes Will rest when properly fitted with perfectly ground glasses. We do nothing else than fit and grind glasses—it's our exclusive business. Our work is well known, gives satisfaction to all who feel justified in asking for a trial order from you. Free tested free. 245 S. Spring. J. J. Marshall, Optician, 245 S. Spring. Established 1858. Look for CROWN on the window.



The many advantages of buying a piano of a concern like ours is evident to every reasonable mind. We are the largest dealers in this section of the state. Southern California Music Co., 210-215 W. Third St. Broadway Block.

Patent Leathers

WE ARE NOW SHOWING A very worthy line of Men's Patent Leather Shoes for street wear. They come in all shapes and are built for both wear and appearance. We think they are the best PATENT LEATHER SHOES we ever saw for..... \$5.

We also show a splendid line of Men's Patent Leather Shoes for Full Dress Wear.

WEYER-STAUER SHOE CO. Pyne Building, Broadway near Third. "Always Satisfactory to the Wearer."

A Little Story About TRIMMED HATS, WITH A MORAL.

Don't buy one before coming to see ours. For ACTUAL VALUE represented, we guaranteed to be the cheapest in the city.

...THE... ECLIPSE MILLINERY 257 South Spring St. Near Third.

Wanted A good collection of Postage Stamps, or Stamps on old envelopes. Address L. X. Box 14, TIMES OFFICE.

Newberry's

"Lead in Quality and Quantity."

It Is Startling

but true that we sell the best brands of Butter made in Southern California, and we deliver what we sell.

| | |
|---|--------|
| Westminster Butter | 55c |
| 2-pound rolls | |
| Norwalk Butter | 55c |
| 2-pound rolls | |
| Downey Butter | 55c |
| 2-pound rolls | |
| Clover Hill Creamery Butter | 45c |
| 2-pound rolls | |
| Dry Granulated Sugar (Clark's) | \$5.75 |
| per 100 pounds | |
| Dry Granulated Sugar (Western) | \$6.00 |
| per 100 pounds | |
| Martin's Fancy Full Cream Cheese, per lb. | 15c |
| California Full Cream Cheese, per pound | 15c |
| Whittier Tomatoes, 2 1/2-pound tins | 7c |
| Whittier Tomatoes, per dozen tins | 80c |
| Queen of the West Corn, per can | 7c |
| Fresh Ranch Eggs | 35c |
| 1 dozen | |
| Queen of the West Corn, per dozen | 80c |
| Picnic Hams, per pound | 10c |
| Picnic Hams, per pound | 5c |
| Ham Lard, 10-pound tins | 70c |
| Armour's White Label Lard, 10-pound tins | 70c |

Newberry's Newberry's

Telephone Main 26. 216-218 S. Spring St.

H. JEVNE

Our Candy Counter

Is the best candy store in the city, so far as quality and variety go. We have the best candy maker in the city and make it a point to have every confection that passes over this counter as fresh and toothsome as candy can be made. Drop into the store for your Sunday candy while downtown today.

208-210 S. Spring St., Wilcox Building.

It's Just Like

Putting money in the bank, buying "Saturday Specials" at Jacoby Bros.

Genuine Reductions. Honest Goods at Shrunk-n Prices.

For instance, Men's Pants, the kind you pay \$2.50 for, here, \$3 elsewhere, reduced, today only..... \$1.85

250 pairs left. Come early.

About Men's Suits. The medium grade; stripes, overplaid, Oxford grays; previously reduced to \$7.50; 100 of them, today only..... \$4.25

JACOBY BROS., 128-138 N. Spring.

Headquarters for Klondike Wear. Wholesale and Retail.

35 Bales Of Finest, Rarest, Genuine TURKISH, PERSIAN, BOKHARA, RUGS KURDISTAN, SINE M. B. MIHRAN'S

Special Importation for Los Angeles Direct from Turkey Just Arrived. This magnificent collection, with its entire stock, WILL BE SOLD OUT AT PEREMPTORY COMMENCING Monday, Jan. 24. At 354 South Broadway.

Mr. Mihran has decided to close his store in Los Angeles, hence he comes to dispose of his Big and Exclusive Stock at Auction at Whatever Price It Brings, and He Means It.

RHOADES & REED, Auctioneers.

Crimes Stasforth Stationery Co.

Change of Office Usually means a change of office furniture. We wish to remind you that our line of office Labor-saving Devices is most complete. It comprises the very best goods in the market. It is well known that we are the largest dealers in these goods in Southern California.

306 South Spring St., Henne Building, near cor. Third St.

A Striking Number

THE LOS ANGELES SUNDAY TIMES

FOR JANUARY 23, 1898.

All the News of the World
The Usual Mammoth Showing of Business
The Local Field of News
The Happenings in Southern California.

Magazine Section...

and its Special Features:

THE CASE OF ALFRED DREYFUS.

A graphic and complete narrative of the great French military trial. Vivid pictures of the thrilling scenes in the most famous court-martial of modern times. An inside view of the proceedings that took Capt. Dreyfus from his family, stripped him of his rank and honor and sent him to eat out his heart in close confinement on Devil's Island, where he still protests his innocence. The efforts of his friends to vindicate him. The dramatic and accurate story of the case published in America. by Robert H. Stenard.

WESTERN MINING KINGS.

Men who have made big fortunes in gold and silver; by Frank G. Carpenter.

COFFEE HOUSE LIFE OF THE NATIONS.

The cafes of the Orient, Continent and America; by Prof. Imbert.

THE JOVIAL COUQUADE.

A graphic and picturesque story; by I. Zangwill.

EDUCATING THE HAND.

Slip work in Southern California; by Harry E. Andrews.

CALIFORNIA'S FIRST GOLD.

When and where it was first discovered; by J. M. Gulna.

SHORT STORIES FROM MEXICO.

Tales of a merchant and a fire works man; by A. L. Pellegrini.

A CONSUL-GENERAL'S WOES.

How the consulate in London is bested; by S. S. M.

A BICYCLE SURVEYING MACHINE.

Any wheelman able to accurately survey roads; by S. S. M.

THE PAY OF PARLIAMENTS.

Pecuniary rewards of the world's lawmakers; by M. S.

SHOULD WE MEDITATE NOWADAYS.

The Times' Sunday Morning Sermon; by Rev. Wm. Chalmers Covent.

BOYS AND GIRLS.

Ruth Ellen's Platoon—a story of friendship's devotion; by Susan Silvers. Going to School in China; by C. H. Levy. Famous Tarzans of Repeating Sovereigns. Caught by a Nation. Through an Opera Glass. Losing One's Ball. An Arizona Rattle.

WOMAN'S PAGE.

Spring Chiffon—Novelties of wear for the dearest creatures; by M. Davis. Dreaming Surprises. Rev. Mrs. Munna. Dissecting Hand-writings. As Good as New—The way to renovate old materials; by Emma M. Hopper.

THE THEATERS... THE WORLD OF MUSIC. THE SOCIETY WHIRL.

All for 5c. A surpassing issue of a great metropolitan newspaper.

Cad'sman Store

314 & 316 SOUTH SPRING ST. Superior Stoves and Ranges.

J. C. Carr & Co.

17 lbs Western Refinery Sugar, \$1.00 Dr. Price 1 lb Baking Powder, 35c
Cleveland's 1 lb Baking Powder, 35c Spencer's 1 lb Baking Powder, 35c

When you want value for your money you can get it at OUR STORE.

PHONE 801 BLACK. 623 SOUTH BROADWAY.

Underwear Sale.

If there is one single thing you should do it is to take advantage of this SPECIAL sale of Underwear. It is a fact that we are selling all our underwear at 60 cents on the dollar. It's no dream.

LOWMAN & CO., 131 South Spring St.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

A WALK-OVER.

BRAGG WILL BE THE SEVENTH-WARD SCHOOL DIRECTOR.

Ergent Need of Fire Hydrants in the Annexed Districts—Wheelmen Enter a Protest.

THE CREEDE CONTEST RESTS.

EVIDENCE COMPLETED AS TO ONE BRANCH OF THE CASE.

A Test Case is Being Tried Against the Pasadena and Lake Vineyard Land and Water Company.

A. M. Bragg, the Democratic candidate for school director from the Seventh Ward, is assured of election to the office. The time has expired within which nominations can be made, and the Republicans have failed to put up a candidate.

The burning of the Pico Heights schoolhouse has called attention afresh to the great need of fire hydrants in the annexed districts. Steps will be taken to provide hydrants wherever the size of the mains will permit.

A number of wheelmen appeared before the Board of Public Works yesterday to protest against proposed restrictions.

The contestants in the Creede case have rested on that branch of their evidence intended to show that the agreement of separation and settlement was illegal. The argument will begin next Tuesday.

Another water suit is being tried against the Pasadena and Lake Vineyard Land and Water Company.

The misdirected thrust of a barley thief gets him into serious trouble.

[AT THE CITY HALL]

AT THE MERCY OF FIRES.

ANNEXED DISTRICTS WHOLLY WITHOUT FIRE HYDRANTS.

There Will Be No Republican Candidate for School Director from the Seventh Ward—Wheelmen Protest Against Proposed Restrictions—New Sewers.

The disastrous fire which destroyed the Pico Heights schoolhouse Thursday afternoon has served as an emphatic reminder of lack of adequate water supply and fire hydrants in the recently-annexed districts. The nearest fire hydrant to the Pico Heights schoolhouse was more than a mile distant and the only water obtainable was pumped from a small stream in the vicinity.

As long ago as April 12, 1897, the Council directed the Fire and Water Committee to investigate the needs of the Rosedale annexed district in the matter of an adequate water supply for protection from fire. The committee made no report, however, although petitions were presented later by property-owners in the district asking that protection be provided.

In September a list of twenty locations in the outlying portions of the Fourth and Fifth wards, where hydrants might be placed, was prepared by one of the Councilmen and presented to the committee. In the preparation of the list he was restricted by the fact that the water supply of the West Side Water Company, which supplies the territory in question, are for the most part very small, only a few inches in diameter.

The Fire and Water Committee still took no action, though another petition from property-owners was filed on January 13, the day before the schoolhouse was burned. Nine months of inaction bore their natural fruit, and when the fire broke out the fire department was practically without water with which to fight the flames.

Yesterday President Silver and Councilmen Toll interviewed two members of the Fire and Water Committee and insisted that immediate action must be taken. They pointed out the defenseless condition of the annexed territory, when a fire occurs, and urged that the committee report at once some plan of relief.

A CLEAR FIELD.

Only One Candidate for School Director in the Seventh Ward.

A. M. Bragg, the Democratic nominee for school director from the Seventh Ward, will have a walk-over. The special election is to be held on February 19 and under the provisions of the law all nominations must be filed with the City Clerk at least twenty days prior to the date of the election. That time has now expired and Bragg's nomination is the only one that has been presented. He will, therefore, be the only candidate for whom the voters of the Seventh Ward can cast their ballots.

Owing to dissensions among the Republicans of the ward, C. J. Kubach, the incumbent of the office, declined to enter the race against Bragg. This decision was a surprise and a disappointment to many Republicans of the ward and to the majority of the City Council, who appointed Mr. Kubach temporarily to the place in the expectation that he would be the Republican candidate at the election.

WHEELMEN PROTEST.

A Delegation Appears Before the Board of Public Works.

A delegation of wheelmen appeared before the Board of Public Works yesterday morning to enter a protest against the proposed ordinance regulating the speed of bicycles and requiring the use of lamps and bells. C. C. Monahan, chief counsel of the Los Angeles Wheelmen, acted as spokesman for the protesters. He said that the principal features of the proposed ordinance are already embraced in an existing ordinance and in a provision of the State law. The requirement that wheelmen shall use bells and lamps, he asserted, was put purely in the interest of dealers in bicycle goods, who desire to obtain a larger sale of these articles. The use of bells and lamps, he contended, would afford no material protection

either to wheelmen or to pedestrians. The speaker scored Chief Glass, who was one of the signers of the ordinance, and said that the Chief should enforce the existing laws, rather than seek to have new ones enacted.

Chief Glass spoke in opposition to the petition and commented upon the experience of other cities where such restrictions had been imposed. He said that the Chief should enforce the existing laws, rather than seek to have new ones enacted.

Other wheelmen supporters, however, were not so opinionated. No one appeared to support the petition, and the board finally decided to take the matter under advisement.

Recommendations were adopted by the board as follows: That petition from Mrs. M. M. Shaw, in reference to constructing a cement sidewalk on Twenty-third street, between Main street and Maple avenue, be filed; that petition from J. D. Pope be referred to the City Engineer with instructions to present ordinance of intention for the grading, curbing and sidewalks on the south side of Pico street southerly a distance of 1000 feet; that the petition asking that Fourth street from Main street to Los Angeles street be paved, be referred to the City Engineer to present ordinance of intention therefor; that petition from W. A. Smith et al., and protest from J. D. Pope be referred to the City Engineer with instructions to present ordinance of intention for the improvement of Second street, between Santa Fé avenue and Hewitt street; that petition from C. R. Shatto et al., for the right to lay street railway track along Wilshire boulevard and other streets, be filed; that petition from D. L. McGarry be referred to the City Engineer, with instructions that he present ordinance authorizing property-owners to improve McGarry street from Eighth street to Ninth street; that petition from the Southern California Railway Company for permission to lay a spur track across Third street, be granted; that petition from E. Spink et al., be referred to the City Engineer, with instructions that he present the ordinance of intention for the street improvement necessary to the proposed standstill water at Fifth and Hill streets; that the ordinance of intention for the sidewalk on Twenty-third street between Main street and Maple avenue be filed; for the reason that the property-owners intend to sidewalk said street by private contract; that the ordinance of intention to open Kohler street from Ninth street to Twelfth street, be referred back to the City Engineer, with instructions that he furnish the City Attorney with the necessary description of property extending from Eighth street to Fourteenth street, and that the City Attorney be instructed to present the ordinance of intention for opening said Kohler street, and providing for said assessment district.

City Clerk's Report.

The City Clerk has prepared a report advising the Council that it will be in order to pass final ordinances for the following improvements:

The improvement of Washington street from Central avenue to Compton street, and the improvement of Adams street from Hoover street to Congress avenue.

The Clerk also reported that in the matter of changing the grades of portions of Pico, Fourteenth and Clanton streets, and Stanford, Paloma and Griffith avenues, the commissioners to assess damages, damages and condemnations have filed a new report on the matter of the changing and establishing the grade of Sixth street from Fremont avenue to Hill street, and of Lewis street from Orange street to Griffith street, and of St. Paul avenue from a point 450 feet north of Orange street to Sixth street, the commissioners have filed their report.

SEWERS RECOMMENDED.

A Sewerage Project Prepared by the Sewer Committee.

The Sewer Committee has prepared the following report:

"We recommend that the City Engineer be directed to present ordinances of intention for the construction of sewers upon the following streets, and to arrange such sewer districts for the purpose of said work as may be deemed advisable:

"Ruth avenue from Fourth street to Fifth street, Crocker street from Sixth street to Central avenue, Seventh street from Ruth avenue to Alameda street, Gladys avenue from Sixth street to Seventh street, Ceres avenue from Sixth street to Central avenue, Kohler street from Sixth street to Seventh street, Central avenue from Sixth street to Seventh street, Wilder street from Kohler street to Central avenue, Wilder street from Central avenue to Alameda street, Easton street from Central avenue to Alameda street, Kohler street from Seventh street to Ninth street, Eighth street from San Pedro street to Central avenue, Gladys avenue from Seventh street to Eighth street, Merrell street from Seventh street to Eighth street, Hawthorne street from Central avenue to Seventh street, Central avenue from Seventh street to Eighth street, Palmer street from Central avenue to Hill street, Crocker street from Eighth street to Ninth street, Towne avenue from Eighth street to Ninth street, Towne avenue from Ninth street to Tenth street, Stanford avenue from Eighth street to Ninth street, Gladys avenue from Ninth street to Tenth street, Ceres avenue from Eighth street to Ninth street, Central avenue from Eighth street to Ninth street, Kohler street from Ninth street to Tenth street, Twenty-eighth street from Maple avenue to Thirtieth street."

The committee also recommends the acceptance of the following bids:

"Bid of A. P. Pusich to sewer Birch, Hemlock and Linden streets at 52 1/2 cents per lineal foot for the sewer complete; bid of A. P. Pusich to sewer Birch street from Fourteenth street to a point 153 feet south of Twelfth street at 62 1/2 cents per lineal foot for the sewer complete; bid of A. P. Pusich to sewer Ninth street between Hawthorne and Tennessee streets, at 75 cents per lineal foot for the sewer complete; bid of A. P. Pusich to sewer Birch street from Twelfth street to a point 153 feet south of Ninth street, at 52 1/2 cents per lineal foot for the sewer complete."

City Hall Notes.

Mrs. Hinde, owning a lot on the corner of Magnolia and Sixteenth streets, has filed a protest against the improvement of Magnolia street.

William L. Riley has asked an extension of twenty days on his contract for improving Lucas avenue from Fourth to Fifth street.

Projects have been filed against the widening and improving of Twentieth street from Grand avenue to Figueroa street.

Property-owners have petitioned the Council to abandon a strip of land running through the center of Hillside Place as a park in order that they may improve it as a street by private contract. Hillside Place has a total width of 120 feet. The petition is signed by a majority of the frontage.

Where to Go Underground.

The ordinance adopted last year by the City Council provides that all sewers shall be placed underground, on or before June 1 of this year. It is not probable that the requirement will be complied with at that date, as the work of laying sewers cannot be so accomplished in the short time now remaining. The managers of the companies concerned are considering the proposition of joining in a system of union sewers. This has the twofold advantage of lessening the expense to the companies and minimizing the inconvenience to the public resulting from breaking up the streets.

Old Bonds Taken Up.

A number of the holders of the city's old improvement bonds are apparently still unaware that these bonds have been refunded last year and have ceased to draw interest. As fast as the coupons are presented for payment, the holders are notified by City Treasurer that the bonds have been refunded. Yesterday 500 of these old bonds were taken up, having been sent down from San Jose. The amount was \$25,000. Interest has ceased on these bonds.

Special Session.

The City Council met in special session yesterday for the purpose of granting William A. Riley an extension of twenty days in which to complete the work of the City Engineer. Riley's contract provided that the work should be done in sixty days, and the time expired yesterday. The recommendation of the Street Superintendent the Council gave the desired extension.

LAT THE COURT HOUSE.

CREEDE CONTEST RESTS.

AS TO THE EVIDENCE ON ONE BRANCH OF THE CASE.

The Minutes Will Begin Their Re-examination Next Tuesday—All of the Evidence Will Probably Be Heard Before a Decision on the Contract Is Reached.

All of the evidence on the first branch of the Creede case, the question as to the validity of the agreement of separation and settlement, often referred to as the \$250,000 contract, was concluded yesterday. The attorneys will begin their arguments next Tuesday.

As the case now stands, those who have watched the trial closely are about evenly divided in their opinions as to Mrs. Creede's chances of coming in for her share of the estate.

It is quite probable that Judge Clark will not render his decision on the branch of the case just tried until after he has heard the evidence in regard to the other more important proposition, which the contestants will try to prove, that is, that the will itself is a forged instrument.

From the bench yesterday that he did not feel prepared to decide the question of the will, and that he would probably reserve his ruling until all of the evidence is heard.

Very little evidence was introduced yesterday, and none of the testimony was as impressive as that heard in the first branch of the case. Judge Lammie was on the stand for a few minutes, and related the circumstances in connection with the contract with Mrs. Creede. He testified that he had seen the contract, and that he had seen it signed by Mrs. Creede.

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the purpose of his complaint against the management of his first confinement, J. C. Cameron, J. M. Shaw and M. H. Flint.

According to the old man's story, these three men have a camp a short distance from his cabin near Lone Beach, where they are chopping wood. They go on periodical sprees, contracted from the use of their own money, and then seem to delight in making the life miserable of a few nights ago they came to his cabin and heated him out to drink with them. When he refused, they began beating on the door and kept up a constant shout for place for several hours.

Senior Justice first sought relief from the Justice of the Peace at Downey, but was told that nothing could be done for him. Then he decided to come to Los Angeles and apply to the District Attorney. His present complaint against the three wood-choppers for disturbing the peace.

RED BLOOD RUNNING.

A Blood Runaway Between Calhoun and His Son.

Calhoun is having a run in Calhoun. Yesterday Calhoun and his son, John Calhoun, were arrested by Constable Tomlinson on a warrant for Calhoun's failure to appear in court for a trial on a charge of disturbing the peace. Calhoun was charged with beating on the door and kept up a constant shout for place for several hours.

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PRACTICE WHAT THEY PREACH.

**Leading Clergymen of Every Denomination Use and Advise
Paine's Celery Compound.**



DR. TALCOTT & CO.

Diseases of Men Only

We mean this emphatically and it is for everybody. We occupy the entire Wells-Fargo Block, and patients see only the doctors.

CORNER THIRD AND MAIN STREETS.

**If the Height
of the
Average Man
Were Increased
40 Per Cent.
He Could
Light His Cigar
at a Lamp-post**



This will give you some idea of the increase in size of

PIPER HEIDSIECK PLUG TOBACCO

Size of plug increased nearly one-half. No increase in price.
Ask for the new 5-cent piece.

The Triumph Pump

A NEW INVENTION, whereby a steady stream of water flows without the aid of cranks; two plungers working in one cylinder without foot valves; each plunger goes down faster than it raises, both travel together for a short distance at the beginning of the stroke, and as there is no valve, the water is not thrown away jerking, so common to all pumps that work with cranks and wrist pins. The life of this pump is much greater on this account. No jarring or pounding the cams in lifting; imparting a velocity to the water which is not without use. It has started to return. This is not accomplished by any other pump. It has no equal.

Foos Gas Engines, Pumps,
Studebaker Vehicles, Implements.

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202-200 North Los Angeles Street.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND

e, Carpets, Matting and Stoves.

AT LOWEST PRICES.
I. T. MARTIN, 531-3 S. Spring St.

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is not food swallowed, but food well digested that produces flesh and blood. Pain's compound digests the body to take on life. It makes the breath sweeter, the strength more enduring, the body plumper and the spirits better.

Dyspeptics and nervous, sickly persons whose whole lives are a failure both as to enjoyment and usefulness, ought to learn to closely their *ability, aches and pains* depend on their general run-down condition.

that the whole, lasting cure can only come from building up their general health and correcting the cause. This is the basis of the treatment of all chronic diseases. The cause of Rheumatism, sciatic troubles, blood diseases and headaches is the slightest, of the most trifling treatment. Pure blood and plenty of it, give satisfactory-fed nerves and a condition of the system that will prevent the return of Rheumatism against all nervous troubles can be cured when Paine's colery compound is used.

If you are "played out," in a familiar street phrase, can't digest, can't work or have lost heart, Paine's colery compound will show itself to be the best friend you ever had. It will enable you to forget your stomach, and will do for you what it is known to do for so many others. You appreciate the value of Paine's colery compound.

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Bank of Los Angeles, Ca

L. W. Hellman, President; H. W. Hellman, Vice-President; H. J. Fleishman, Cashier; Hellman, Assistant Cashier.
J. F. Francis, C. E. Thom, I. W. Hellman, S. I. W. Hellman.
Insurance invited. Our safety-deposit department is fire and burglar-proof vault, which is in this city.

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ND SECOND STREETS.
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cent. interest paid on Term Deposits.

Bank Have removed to their new room
225 S. Broadway, one door north
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Y. H. JAMES, FRANK A. GIBSON, SIMON MATHIAS
DEPOSIT BOXES FOR RENT.

The cheapest place to trade in the city

Diamond Bazaar

Department Store, cor. Main and Second

GOING FOR THE GOLD.

STEAMSHIP UMATILLA LEAVES WITH A LOAD OF ARGONAUTS.

Three-score Men and Women Leave San Francisco for the Alaskan Fields.

THE RUSH BEGINS IN EARNEST.

PASSENGERS TO BE TRANSFERRED AT SEATTLE.

While These are Going Up, Many are Coming Out to Get a Taste of Civilization and Food.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21.—Amid a chorus of "goodbyes" and "God bless you" the steamship Umatilla left her wharf today, carrying three-score men and women, who go to join the thousands that have preceded them to the gold fields of Alaska.

The Umatilla's destination is Seattle, at which point Klondike-bound passengers will be transferred to the steamer City of Topeka, and will go to Dyea and Skagway on that vessel.

MANY RETURN.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

VICTORIA, Jan. 21.—The steamer City of Seattle arrived tonight, bringing forty-five prospectors from Dawson. Among the passengers were the three delegates sent by the miners of Dawson to Ottawa to interview Premier Laurier and other members of the Canadian government regarding the government mining regulations, with some of which the miners are dissatisfied. No special news was brought down by the returning miners.

YUKON RIVER CUTTER.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—A favorable report has been made by the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee on the bill for the purchase or construction of a revenue cutter for service on the Yukon River in Alaska. The vessel is deemed necessary by the great increase in population, and for the proper supervision of customs and revenue officers there.

MISSIONARIES AT WORK.

Two of Them Laboring With the Gold-hunters in Klondike.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—Two missionaries were last August sent to the Klondike by two New York women under the auspices of the Presbyterian Board of Home Missions. The names of the women are kept a secret by the board. A letter has just been received by D. J. McMillan, corresponding secretary of the board, from these missionaries—Rev. Hall Young and Dr. W. A. McEwen. The letter is from Dawson City, and is dated December 1. It was carried from Dawson City to the nearest outpost of civilization by Jimmy Jackson, an Indian, who has a record for going where no other man can go. The letter announces the establishment of the first church in Klondike, and says there is food enough there to last till spring. It also mentions that the missionaries are at once to provide a place of worship for the miners. On this point Mr. Young writes:

"I found a newly-erected two-story house belonging to a saloon-keeper, which he offered to let us have on the following terms: The large room on the first floor one month for \$100, in advance; or the whole house (there are six bedrooms in the upper story) until May 15, seven months, for \$850, giving five days to raise the money. Well, I prayed and called on several friends. I got the \$100 that secured the room for the next Sunday. I advertised and had a nice meeting, attendance, 50; collection, \$40. Then I arranged to sublet the upper stairs rooms at \$20 per month each. They are little, rough, cold, unfurnished boxes, but were eagerly snapped the first day. I got the renters to advance all they could and borrowed the rest from the gold commissioner, Mr. Pawcett. At the expiration of five days I paid the other \$750, and got the lease of the building."

But there were troubles ahead. On November 21 one of the lodgers came home filled with whisky. Although candles were worth \$1.50 each, he lighted one and then kicked it over. The building was burned to the ground. The pluck of the missionaries had aroused the anger of the miners, however, and gold was forthcoming in paying quantities. Mr. Young argued for and won the observance of Sunday in the camp, and the "operahouse," which had been built for other purposes, is now the church. The missionaries have started a Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor and a branch of the Y.M.C.A.

The letter closes: "I walked over twenty miles on Tuesday, with the thermometer at 27 deg. below zero; made eleven calls, and found about thirty church people who will attend the meetings."

"Flour is \$1.50 per pound, candles \$1.50 apiece; meats \$1.25 per pound, and other food in proportion. Flour can hardly be had at any price, and

groceries can scarcely be bought at the stores. On the other hand, some of the miners are pouring forth constant streams of gold, and there is no difficulty in paying obligations."

DOG-STEALING AT FRESNO.

West Moore Had Twenty-eight Canines in Training.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

FRESNO, Jan. 21.—Constable J. W. Green of Madera today arrested West Moore and Frank Wyatt, prominent citizens of this place, who are preparing to go to the Klondike, and took them back to Madera county to answer to a charge of dog-stealing. It seems that George McDonald, who lives twelve miles from Madera, was visited by Wyatt and Moore some time ago, and an offer made him for a valuable dog, which McDonald refused to sell. That day the dog disappeared.

McDonald came to Fresno, and found his animal with twenty-seven others in Moore's possession. The arrest of the two men followed. Both are well-connected, and have large property interests here.

MERRY WAS DAZED.

But Smith, Who Was Acquitted, Shouted for Joy.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—In the case of Chris Merry, the peddler charged with wife-murder, the jury today returned a verdict of guilty. Smith, his alleged accomplice, was found not guilty. The jury was out all night. When the verdict was read, Smith jumped to his feet and shouted for joy, but Judge Horton sternly commanded him to sit down.

"Bring me a warrant," said the judge. "I want this man arrested as an accessory to the murder after the fact, and I want him indicted by the grand jury today."

This had the effect of cooling Smith's spirits, but he soon recovered and looked with pity on his fellow-prisoner.

"Chris, old boy, I'm sorry for you," he said, as he held out his hand to Merry. "Cheer up. Maybe things won't be so bad here all. I congratulate me, anyway, on my end of it."

But Merry was in a daze, and, holding out his hand, remained silent. Merry was found guilty on the first ballot. In Smith's case, the ballot stood 6 for conviction and 6 against, until today. Then, with the understanding, it was decided that there would be no legal difficulties in the way of Smith's rearrest and indictment, as an accessory after the fact, it was agreed to return a verdict of not guilty as charged.

Assistant States Attorney Pearson, Police Captain Wheeler and several policemen, who had been most actively engaged in the prosecution of the man, congratulated Smith on the verdict. The prisoner's little daughter and his mother were among the first to reach his side.

Col. Davidson of the defense made a motion for a new trial, the date for which was set for next week. The argument being left over, and Merry was led back to jail. Smith remained in the courtroom until a bench warrant was issued for his arrest. He was taken to the grand jury under \$10,000 bonds. The conviction of Merry two months after the commission of his crime, is the quickest verdict in the history of the state.

VIGOROUS BRITISH POLICY.

Presaged by a Prospective Change in the Cabinet.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 21.—A special to the Times-Herald from Washington, says that Lord Salisbury's early retirement from the Secretaryship of State for Foreign Affairs in the British Cabinet is foreshadowed by information received in Washington.

In case this report shall prove to be well-founded the Marquis will be succeeded by a statesman who is able to give Great Britain a more vigorous foreign policy than that which has marked the administration of the noble Marquis. It is hinted that England's foreign policy will be made more aggressive.

According to the information upon which this dispatch is based, Lord Salisbury does not intend to resign the premiership of the Cabinet. His post he will still retain, but will surrender the foreign secretaryship to a younger and more vigorous man.

Although most of the prime ministers of England have preferred to hold both posts, there is ample precedent for the course that Lord Salisbury is believed to have decided upon. While Premier, Mr. Gladstone preferred to be Chancellor of the Exchequer, as the policies and questions in which he took greatest interest were of domestic bearing.

It is hinted that Lord Salisbury's successor will be either Sir Evelyn Baring (Lord Cromer) or Arnold Forster. Either of those, it is argued, would give to England that bold, masterful foreign policy which is imperatively needed to preserve her place as the first nation of the world. One of the best-informed diplomats in Washington in speaking of Lord Salisbury's probable retirement of the foreign secretaryship, said:

"The announcement made by Sir Michael Hicks-Beach that England was ready to go to war, if necessary, to preserve China as an open market, indicates unerringly to me that Lord Salisbury is about to retire and that England's policy is to be quickly changed to one of constant vigor."

"CURSE OF GOLD."

An Awful Example to Be Put Upon the Road.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Democratic free-silver leaders have resolved upon an experiment in political campaign work. Under the influence of Senator Jones, Representative McMillin, Chauncey F. Black, Representative Stanley, Simpkins and others, a company of Washington and Virginia

politicians and business men have incorporated under the name of the American Drama Company.

Among the directors are Lawrence Gardner, secretary of the Congressional Committee; Marshall W. Winsor, Robert E. Mattingly and Maj. E. W. Anderson of this city. The first play to be produced is "The Curse of Gold," which, the free-silverites claim, is another "Uncle Tom's Cabin," and from it they ardently expect the greatest results. Senator Stewart predicts the great success for it, and Senator Allen thinks it will be received by the West and South enthusiastically. Samuel Gompers, president, and Charles Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, are advocates of it, and Knights of Labor Assembly, No. 66, owns stock in the corporation. It will be put on the road very soon.

PRESS CENSOR NEEEDED.

Another Restrictive Measure in the New York Legislature.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

ALBANY, Jan. 21.—Senator Ellisworth has introduced a bill, which contains the features of the anti-censor bill of the last session, with provisions of wider scope touching the responsibilities of newspaper publishers and editors. It provides that "any person who, as principal or agent, shall conduct, or engages in the business of editing, publishing, printing, distributing or circulating any libelous paper, or a paper that corrupts, depraves, degrades or lowers the morals of the public or its readers or of the people among whom it circulates, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction of the first offense, and upon conviction of any subsequent offense shall be punished by imprisonment of not less than one year nor more than five years, and in addition thereto the defendant and his agents and employes shall be prohibited from thereafter publishing, printing, selling, distributing, or circulating any paper or any part of the same name. If the defendant shall be a domestic corporation, its charter shall be forfeited; if a foreign corporation, it shall be prohibited from further doing business in this state, and its assets shall be forfeited to the state."

It is further provided that every paper published, sold or distributed in this state shall set forth the name of every owner, the name of the publisher, the name of the printer, the name of the proprietor, or the names of the officers of the corporation if the publication be by a corporation.

SATISFIED WITH GOLD.

The Russian Monetary Standard a Subject of Discussion.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

ST. PETERSBURGH, Jan. 21.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The interesting budget statement just made by M. de Witte, the Russian Minister of Finance, shows an actual deficit of more than 106,000,000 rubles, which is covered by the free balance in the treasury.

M. de Witte expressed great pride in the results of the adoption of the gold standard, calling attention to the fact that the Russian ruble, which at the end of 1896 only 37,000,000 rubles in gold coin were in circulation, at the end of 1897 there were 155,000,000 in circulation, while the gold in the treasury rose during the same period by 106,000,000 rubles. The statement shows also that the volume of existing bank notes has been reduced by 122,000,000 rubles.

Russia has now 131 per cent more gold than paper, the totals in possession of the treasury and State banks and in circulation at the beginning of the present year being: Gold, 1,470,000,000 rubles; silver, 1,620,000,000 rubles; and paper, 289,000,000 rubles.

M. de Witte contended that this shows the ability of the reform, and he trusts that the gold standard will remain unshaken, "even if the country is fated to undergo severe trials." He reiterated his intention to adhere to the protective system.

ANOTHER WAR CLOUD.

Chile and Argentina May Be Driven Into a Conflict.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—A special to the Herald from Valparaiso, Chile, says that, despite the denial of the Chilean Minister at Washington of the possibility of a conflict between Argentina and Chile, the possibility of a rupture causes politicians and merchants grave apprehension. While the war talk has somewhat subsided, it is believed that at a meeting of workmen to be held on Sunday the government will be forced to show its hand.

La Tribuna confirmed the news already cabled to the Herald that Congress has given the government full power to place the country in a state of defense and adds that the government has been authorized to contract a loan for this purpose necessary.

The Chilean government is negotiating with steamship companies trading along the coast to extend their trips to Montevideo, Uruguay and Rio de Janeiro. It is believed that the South American Company will enter into an agreement to do this. The same company has decided to run vessels up the coast to Central American ports.

When the Bridge Went Down.

ENGLISH (Ind.), Jan. 21.—One of the most disastrous floods ever known here was felt last night when three of the five bridges over Little Blue River were washed away. Fifty persons on Court-street bridge when the bridge went down were saved with difficulty by citizens.

National Fish Congress.

TAMPA (Fla.), Jan. 21.—Today's session of the National Fish Congress was purely a business session. An interesting letter was read from the Fish Commissioner of Utah.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

Day Dispatches Condensed.

A dispatch from Rio de Janeiro says that it is reported that Vice-President Pereira, accused of complicity in the last revolutionary plot, will be called. Important goods have been discovered in the State of Goyas.

At Bloomington, Ill., yesterday John M. Gold, ex-justice of the Supreme Court of Illinois, died, aged 72 years. He was an intimate friend of Abraham Lincoln and David Davis.

Frank B. Johnson, "managing agent," and W. H. Johnson, cashier, of the defunct Midland State Bank, at Omaha, were arrested yesterday on a charge of fraudulent banking. A warrant is out for C. A. Sharp, president of the bank, charging him with the same offense.

Frau Emilie Kempin has become insane at Berlin. She passed an examination for doctor's law at Zurich in 1887, and afterwards taught privately in America. Later she returned to Zurich and became a private tutor and proprietor of the Anglo-American law office.

The last of the many cases growing out of the suspension of several St. Paul banks ended yesterday, as those preceding it had done, in a verdict of not guilty. The case charged W. J. Bennett with converting to his own use certain notes signed by John Lusser.

A Liverpool cablegram says the British steamer Lord O'Neil, Capt. Ferris, from Baltimore, January 6, for Belfast, struck on Block six weeks out of the entrance of Dingle Bay, west coast of Ireland, during a dense fog, and foundered. The crew were all saved and have landed here.

Jefferson, alias Jack Knight, of Pensacola, Fla., was hanged at Mobile, Ala., yesterday afternoon, for the murder of a woman. He was one of the series of killings that caused great excitement in Mobile at the close of last July, and the case was one of the most difficult. He made a full confession.

A cablegram from London says the British steamer Lord O'Neil, which arrived at Cork January 8, from Baltimore, and bound for Newport, is ashore west of St. George's, and the crew are safely landed, but four were killed on board the steamer from some cause. Six were out in boats all night.

Edward Shannon, the wife-murderer, is sentenced to be hanged February 15, at New York. Shannon, a shabbily dressed man more than 70 years of age. Asked if he had anything to say, he tremblingly rose to his feet and said he had saved the life of the State's Attorney Wright when the latter was a boy.

An absolute outrage has been perpetrated near Severac in Chateau, France. Three youths assaulted a servant girl and then laid her on the ground, and then, in front of an approaching train. Both her legs were severed. Her screams brought assistance, and the three perpetrators of the outrage are under arrest.

The investigation of the conduct of students attending at the Western Theological Seminary, Pittsburgh, which has been in progress for several days, has been closed, and the verdict of the faculty announced. President Jeffers. Three students were indefinitely suspended, and two accused men asked to remain in the institution on probation.

John McGowan from Williamson county, an alumnus of the Western Theological Seminary, has died from injuries inflicted by a horse on the 19th inst. He was 20 years old respectively. As the result of a whipping given him by the teacher, the boys had been expelled from the school, and McGowan gave him a fatal beating.

Eugene Burt, the wife and child murderer, sentenced to hang yesterday at Austin, Tex., is being kept in the State Prison, pending examination of the facts of the case. He was thirty minutes before the hour set for the execution the Sheriff was served with a writ granting a new trial. The writ was granted yesterday by the brother of the defendant.

There was an exciting scene in the Chamber of Deputies at Brussels yesterday. M. Demblon, Socialist, violently attacked the President of the Council, M. de Broque, accused of having received police spies at his house during the term of his Premiership. Another Socialist, M. de Broque, was also attacked. M. Demblon was voted, 65 years to 27 years. Then, as the Deputy refused to withdraw, the President of the Chamber ordered him to leave.

M. Ernest Batin, the inventor of the roller steamer, is dead, at Paris. M. Batin had projected a vessel which was to travel from New York to Europe, and back to New York, in four days. The vessel, named the "Atlantic," was to be built at St. Denis. The vessel, it is said, has met some of the expectations of the inventor, but the vessel which he is building does not seem to have gained favor.

Alarming news has been received concerning the condition of the people of the western shore of Halifax county, says a Halifax, N.S., dispatch. The people are starving, and the families are starving, and destitution exists all along the shore. There have been five successive failures of the fisheries, and more than three hundred persons are living solely on cornmeal and water, while others are starving.

A Calcutta cablegram says the bill introduced by Sir James Westland, the Finance Minister of the Council, for providing for the issue of currency notes in India against gold, was adopted yesterday, with the condition that the Secretary of the Treasury should be given the option of paying gold in the treasury, or pressing the bill into the currency department here. The bill has already relieved the stringency from the money market.

The Northern Colorado coal operators have decided not to accede to the demand of the striking miners for an advance in wages. The operators declare that the demand is unjust. They say that they are willing to continue paying the miners the same wages as before, providing the men will return to work immediately. If the miners shall refuse this offer, the operators say they will demand that the scale be reduced to that paid in the southern districts.

Several officers presented their views on the civil service reform issue at a meeting of the Senate Investigating Commission at Washington yesterday. Samuel M. Carl, Superintendent of the City Schools of Sheridan, Iowa, and for three years superintendent of the Indian schools at Santa Fe, N.M., complained of his political removal from the latter position in 1892, and the refusal of the Indian Bureau to transfer or reappoint him in Indian school service.

A strange story of alleged kidnapping and abduction of a child from the city of New York by Minnie Roberts, a fourteen-year-old girl, and her guardian, Emily Charbonneau, was told yesterday by the police. The girl, 87 West Twelfth street, last February, and for months the police searched for her, but without success. The girl's parents, but learned that they had gone to California, whereupon she sought the protection of Mrs. Charbonneau. "Countess" Badoglio, as she claims she has the right to be called, is under arrest.

Night Dispatches Condensed. At Ogden, Utah, Gen. Nathan Kimball, ex-postmaster and a former well-known merchant of that city, died last evening. Steamship Servia, sailing for Europe today, will take out 61,900 ounces of silver. The

steamship La Normandie, sailing for Europe today, will take out 150,000 ounces of silver. A Valparaiso cablegram says Congress closed Thursday after several private sessions. The boundary controversy with Argentina still causes great excitement, but war is not expected.

A Parliamentary bye-election was held at Dublin yesterday to fill the vacancy in the St. Stephens division caused by the appointment of William Kenny, Solicitor-General of Ireland, to a judgeship of the high court. It resulted in the election of the Unionist candidate, J. A. Campbell, by a majority of 123 over his opponent, George Noble Plunkett.

The communal elections at Budweis, Bohemia, have resulted in a victory for the Germans. This led to serious rioting. The windows of German residents were smashed and the police were pelted with stones and injured. Troops were finally used to quell the disorders.

THAT BARBECUE.

Prospect for Serious Trouble at the Stockmen's Feed.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

DENVER, Jan. 21.—There is a prospect for serious trouble at the Game Warden's barbecue to be given the stock-growers convention January 27. The committee having the affair in charge has secured buffalo, elk, antelope, mountain sheep and quail for the spread. The killing and serving of all these animals at this time of the year is contrary to Colorado law, and the Game Warden has announced that any attempt to carry out the programme will result in the confiscation of the game and the arrest of all those responsible in the matter, even if he has to call out the State Militia.

The management of the barbecue, on the other hand, declares that the game is already in cold storage, and will be served regardless of the Game Warden. Many of the members of the committee are well-known stockmen who have reputation for determination, and it is freely predicted that the Game Warden will meet very rough treatment if he attempts to interfere with the programme arranged.

River Above Danger Line.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 21.—The river is nearly 100 feet above the danger line and still rising slowly, but the tide flood is expected by daylight. At Fourth street the waves are washing into the street. The falls are as smooth as any part of the river.

Coming by Boat.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 21.—Passengers on the steamer Coos Bay for San Pedro were Miss Kirkpatrick and Miss Shoupe.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

HOLLENBECK.—R. A. Tucker, New York; Charles A. Lee, Tehachapi; Alexander McLean, Oakland; William O. Paul, San Francisco; A. W. Smith, F. C. Anderson, Chicago; F. N. Delaney, John Maxwell, Iowa; J. Francisco, James Sharp, Victoria; Frank Hobson, Chicago; J. A. Fleming, Kansas City; Edward Christ, San Francisco; Elias Steenerson, Crookston, Minn.; Dr. H. St. Clair, New York; Harry S. Keller, San Francisco; John Blake, Pasadena; J. R. Daggett, L. T. Roberts, W. H. Meyer, V. D. Rud, Edgar E. Ball, San Francisco; C. J. Graf, St. Louis; William Wright, Cochenator, O.; Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Lipp, Seattle; Arthur Bull, Chicago; Louis Schranz, San Francisco; A. K. Fulton, Baltimore; William Light, Chicago; B. E. at St. Clair, New York; J. W. Payne, Arizona; Frank E. Corbett, Butte, Mont.; J. W. Laing, New York; Ed. Jacoby, San Francisco; E. Gillen and wife, Racine; Thomas H. Smith and wife, Sturgeon Bay; J. I. Sheldon, Wakefield, R. I.; H. M. McKenney, Berkeley, Cal.; Dr. L. A. Rockwell, Compton, Cal.; Thomas Day, Idaho; W. D. Dailley, M. D., New York City; J. M. Jones, Hammond, Cal.; M. Manasse, Mrs. George Liddle, Miss M. Whelan, Mrs. R. Thomson, San Francisco; E. D. Wilcox, Clarksville, Iowa; J. Murphy and wife, Lynn, Mass.; Thomas Bell and wife, El Rio, Cal.; Harold Hall and wife, S. de Lane, Ind.; Arthur Le P. Fremp and wife, Azusa; John Levitt and wife, Mrs. Jay L. Barnard, Yountstown, O.; C. C. Heston, Ind.; W. E. Willis and wife, Ventura, Cal.

NADBAU—Sydney Graner, Portland, Or.; F. A. Bear, San Antonio; E. Frost, Riverside; F. C. Baird, Rialto; H. W. Brant, C. Kircher, San Francisco; R. W. Hill, San Pedro; H. Blankenstein, San Francisco; Williams, D. Hacton, San Bernardino; E. T. Parsons, Chicago; Thomas E. Hohn and wife, San Jose; W. C. W. Jones, George A. Davis, San Francisco; H. L. Williams and wife, Summerland, Cal.; N. B. Telloison, J. B. Telloison, New York.

The First American Flag Used in California.

[People's Progress.] The late Mrs. Carrillo of Santa Monica had the distinction of having made the first American flag used in California. The deceased was the daughter of Juan Bandini, a man of great wealth, who lived in San Diego at the time the Mexican war. Commodore Stockton, commanding a battalion of American troops, came to San Diego, intending to make a triumphal entry into the city and proclaim the town under American control. Just before reaching the town was discovered that the troops had no flag.

The commodore was in a quandary, as he wanted to march into the pueblo in such a manner as would impress the residents with the power of the government he represented. He ordered the battalion to halt, and leaving the troops where they were, he went to Juan Bandini, who was the leading man of the town, and made known his predicament. Bandini assured the commodore that he would help him out of the difficulty, and called on his daughter to make a flag.

The material at hand was not suitable for the purpose, but Bandini, who kept a small store, took from his stock pieces of flannel of red, white and blue. These he turned over to his daughters to make into a flag.

The flag was finally completed, the stars being made of white cotton, and although it was a remarkable banner, it answered the purpose. The troops were marched into town, guns were fired, and there was a general celebration. The banner which was made under such singular circumstances now reposes with other relics of the Mexican war in the collection at Washington.

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NADBAU—Sydney Graner, Portland, Or.; F. A. Bear, San Antonio; E. Frost, Riverside; F. C. Baird, Rialto; H. W. Brant, C. Kircher, San Francisco; R. W. Hill, San Pedro; H. Blankenstein, San Francisco; Williams, D. Hacton, San Bernardino; E. T. Parsons, Chicago; Thomas E. Hohn and wife, San Jose; W. C. W. Jones, George A. Davis, San Francisco; H. L. Williams and wife, Summerland, Cal.; N. B. Telloison, J. B. Telloison, New York.

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OFFICE OF THE TIMES

pathetic class of people."

wrapped, 12; plain wrapped, 11½; light medium, 9¼; medium, 8.

in. and found her alone; and then he

abroad account already booked have been increased, an example being furnished by

Jim. Mind you come back covered!

| | | |
|-------------|------|------------------|
| & Ohio.... | 21¾ | Texas & Pacific. |
| o & Alton.. | 165½ | Union Pacific .. |

"I know I love you," she said.

were in fair demand; sales of canning
were at 2.00@2.75, and fat cows and

| | | |
|--------------------|-----|---------------|
| Con. Imperial | 1 | Utah Cen ... |
| Crown Point | 28 | Yellow Jacke |
| Gould & Curry.... | 36 | Standard |
| Hale & Nor..... | 130 | |

Minnie B. N. White and John F. White to

Auction
FINE FURNITURE

PUBLISHED IN THE TIMES BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT.]

One Upright "Hardman" Piano, one Piano Lamp, one elegant "Window" Upright Folding Bed, fancy Rattan and Reed Chairs and Rockers, other Odd and Beautiful Furniture, Extension Table and Dining Chairs, Sideboard, China, Glass and Crystal Ware, Silver Service, and a very fine Gallery of standard make, Desk, Wardrobes, Portieres, Lace Curtains, Carpets and Rugs, Refrigerator, Clocks, also 2 Ladies and 2 Gents' Bicycles, high grade and new. Sale. Will leave, without limit or reserve. Owner will accept a few days for kindness.

BEN O. RHODES, Auctioneer.

Auction

Of the entire desirable Furniture and Carpets of a 12-room residence, No. 503 South Main street, on Tuesday, Jan. 25, at 10 a.m., consisting of Wicker and Upholstered Rockers, Fine Oak Folding Beds, Oak Bedroom Suits, Mattresses, Bedding, Lace Curtains and Portieres, Sideboard, Extension Table and Dining Chairs, Pictures, China and Glassware, the Range, Kitchen Furniture, etc.

G. M. STEVENS, Auctioneer.

Office 433 1/2 Spring St.

Consumption Constantly Being
By the use of
'Improved'
Tuberculin. **CURED**

At the **Koch Medical Institute** 529 S. Broadway, New York

Wednesday, Jan. 26,

One Upright "Hardman" Piano, one Piano Lamp, one elegant "Window" Upright Folding Bed, fancy Rattan and Reed Chairs and Rockers, other Odd and Beautiful Furniture, Extension Table and Dining Chairs, Sideboard, China, Glass and Crystal Ware, Silver Service, and a very fine Gallery of standard make, Desk, Wardrobes, Portieres, Lace Curtains, Carpets and Rugs, Refrigerator, Clocks, also 2 Ladies and 2 Gents' Bicycles, high grade and new. Sale. Will leave, without limit or reserve. Owner will accept a few days for kindness.

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City Briefs.

The Rev. Haskett Smith of London will preach his farewell sermon in California at St. Paul's Church, Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

Special-Finest cabinet photos reduced to \$1 and \$1.75 per dozen. Sunbeam, No. 236 South Main street.

Marlborough School, West 23d street. Second semester begins February 1.

See Trinidad Rubber Company's notice on page 12.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for J. S. McDaniels, S. C. Naramore, Mrs. O. D. Gilbert, Mrs. J. M. Boy, D. McDonald.

The Rev. E. Staats de Grote Tomkins of New York will preach in Christ Church, corner Flower and Pico streets Sunday, January 23, at the 11 o'clock service.

The police would like to see W. M. Gridley, late of Denver, not because they want him, but because there is information awaiting him at the Police Station that may be to his advantage.

All pioneers who wish tickets to the banquet and musical entertainment at Turnverein Hall Monday evening, January 24, can get them at the office of W. H. Workman, room 2, Bryson Block.

The early days of California, when Spanish manners and customs prevailed, is a subject of never-fading interest to the Californian of today. The story of this period is told in the Midwinter Number of The Times.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

Exhibits for San Francisco's Golden Jubilee Fair.

J. A. Filcher, secretary of the State Board of Trade, in a letter to the Chamber of Commerce, states that indications are that the Golden Jubilee Fair is going to be the best ever had in the Mechanics' Pavilion. He also says the opening has been deferred until the 27th of January instead of the 24th.

Mr. Filcher remarked in his letter that they are receiving more inquiries concerning Los Angeles than any other section of the country.

Two ladies yesterday called at the chamber and each of them forwarded 125 pieces of literature to her friends in the East.

Secretary Wiggins of the Chamber of Commerce says that exhibits of citrus fruits may be forwarded at any time during the fair, which will last five weeks. Those who wish to send displays have only to send them to the chamber here and they will be immediately forwarded to San Francisco.

Five cases of citrus fruits have come in from Azusa and one case from Fullerton.

Santa Ana Chamber of Commerce has sent in a case of Ford's soft-shell walnuts; also a case of black-eyed beans.

PERSONALS.

J. W. Payne, an Arizona mining man, is at the Hollenbeck.

G. H. Andrews of Chicago is registered at the Westminster.

H. Hornby and family of Redlands are staying at the Van Nuys.

A. W. Bailey, manager of the Coronado Hotel, is registered at the Van Nuys.

F. C. Baird of Rialto, former owner of the Virginia Dale mines, is registered at the Hollenbeck.

Alexander McBean, of the firm of Gladding, McBean & Co., of San Francisco, is at the Hollenbeck.

R. D. Wade of Washington, D. C., arrived in the city yesterday and is registered at the Van Nuys.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Richardson of New York arrived in the city yesterday. They are staying at the Van Nuys.

R. A. Chadwick arrived from Vera Cruz last evening, and is staying with T. E. Beatty of Pico and B streets.

John G. Ferguson, wife and son of Detroit, arrived from the East yesterday and are registered at the Westminster.

W. G. Howell, son of Mrs. Nettie Howell, is recovering from the illness which has confined him to his room for several weeks.

Frank E. Corbet, an attorney of Butte, Mont., arrived from Arizona last night and is at the Hollenbeck. He has just finished an inspection of W. A. Clark's copper mines at Jerome.

BIRTH RECORD.

WISMER-To the wife of F. R. Wismer, a girl, January 18.

DEATH RECORD.

MENEFEE-In this city, Friday, January 21, 1898, John M. Menefee, aged 54 years.

Funeral from his late residence, 1529 Love-lace avenue, Sunday, January 23, at 2:30 p.m. Friends invited; interment Rosedale Cemetery.

GIBSON-At Monrovia, Cal., January 20, 1898, Col. Thomas Mowbray Gibson, a native of Louisiana, aged 51 years.

Funeral from Trinity Methodist Church, Ninth and Grand avenue, Saturday, January 22, 1898, at 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend; interment Rosedale Cemetery.

OGDEN-At Santa Cruz, Cal., January 16, 1898, Mrs. P. Ogden, aged 51 years.

Funeral services at the home of her son, P. O. Ogden, No. 324 Hoover street, this (Saturday) afternoon at 2 o'clock. Funeral private.

HARMON-Hamilton, a native of Canada, aged 30 years.

Funeral from parlors of Orr & Hines, 647 South Broadway, Saturday, January 22, 1898, at 9 o'clock a.m. Interment Rosedale Cemetery.

FURNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral of Brother Kimple Porter Cully will be conducted by Pentecostal Lodge, No. 20, F. and A. M., on Sunday, January 23, at 1 o'clock p.m. at the residence of the deceased, 1014 E. 1st street. Friends and visiting brethren will meet at the Masonic Temple on Hill street at 1 o'clock p.m. sharp for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother. By order of the W. M.

C. W. BLAKE, Secretary Masonic Board of Relief, Asylum of Los Angeles.

No. 9, K. T. Sir Knights: You are earnestly requested to meet at the asylum, Sunday at 1 o'clock p.m. sharp, for the purpose of acting as escort to Pentecostal Lodge in the funeral ceremonies of the late Sir Kimple Porter Cully of St. Paul, Minn. Full Templar uniform.

By order of the W. B. SCARBOROUGH, Recorder.

CARD OF THANKS.

The undersigned respectfully desire to express their heartfelt thanks to the many kind friends who gave their assistance during the sickness, and also for the beautiful floral emblems contributed for the funeral of our deceased husband and father. We shall always remember with loving hearts the courtesies extended to us by Los Angeles Commandery, No. 9, Knights Templars. May the blessing of our Redeemer rest upon all Sir Knights in the eternal prayer of the bereaved. Mrs. A. J. McWhorter and family.

WATCHES cleaned, 70c. mainprings, 50c; crystals, 10c. Patton, No. 214 South Broadway.

FINE Zinfandel, 60c gal. Tel. 300. T. Vachs & Co., Commercial and Alameda streets.

The Royal is the highest grade baking powder known. Actual tests show it goes one-third further than any other brand.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

ELECTRIC MAIL SERVICE.

Pasadena Line to Carry the Mail to Altadena.

Postmaster Mathews is in receipt of a communication from C. W. Smith, president and general manager of the Pasadena and Los Angeles Electric Railway, stating that his company has accepted the offer made it by the Postoffice Department at Washington to carry mail on its line between Los Angeles and Altadena, and that he has written the department at Washington to that effect.

Postmaster Mathews says the postoffice department here will attend to conveying the mail to and from substations C and A and the cars of the railway company. The service will probably go into effect about April 1.

E. V. VAN NORMAN, Physician and surgeon, No. 545 South Broadway.

LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO. will check baggage at your residence to any point, 218 W. First street, Tel. M. 29.

VERXA The Cash Grocer.

20 Pounds Light Brown Sugar for \$1.00.

29c Gallon New Orleans Molasses, good for cooking.

50c Gallon Palace Drips in Cans.

25c Pound Fancy Elgin Butter.

10c 6-pound Package Salt.

3c Pound Fancy Nevada Onions.

15c Can Very Good French Peas.

15c Can Fine Mushrooms—One day Sale.

11c Can Wagner's Sliced Pineapple.

6c Can Good Cove Oysters.

10c Pound Fancy Georgia Codfish Middles. This is positively real codfish.

8c Boneless Sardines, half pound cans.

4c Lamp Chimney.

22c Dozen for Fine Buns.

10c, 15c, 20c Dozen Fine Navel Oranges.

18c Pound; Fine Mixed Chocolate and Cream Candy, ONE DAY SALE.

25c Pound; Choice of Fine Creams and Chocolate Candies—as good as others sell for much more money.

Phone M. 63. VERXA Broadway Cor. 3d.

Don't go to your office suffering from indigestion. Tell your wife to use

DR. FOX'S Health Baking Powder

In your hot bread and biscuits. It is a Pepsin Cream of Tartar Baking Powder.

Watches cleaned, 70c. mainprings, 50c; crystals, 10c. Patton, No. 214 South Broadway.

FINE Zinfandel, 60c gal. Tel. 300. T. Vachs & Co., Commercial and Alameda streets.

Silks, Velvets and Dress Goods.

25 pieces of Suiting in novelty checks and fancy mixtures, 36 inches wide, Maza price 19c; Sale price 12c.

20 pieces of Black Brocade Serges in small and large patterns, 36 inches wide, Maza price 29c; Sale price 19c.

800 yards of Fancy Changeable crocodile 36 inches wide, Maza price 49c; Sale price 25c.

200 short lengths of Velvets and Velveteens in good shades, Maza price 50c and \$1; Sale price 25c.

Boys' Suits.

Boys' Zouave Suits of All-wool Cashmere, jackets neatly braided, trousers with patent elastic waistbands, ages 8 to 7 years, Maza price \$2; Sale price \$1.25.

Boys' odd lines of Suits which the Maza sold at \$3, \$4 and \$5, including Blouses, Zouaves and Middy styles, in cassimeres, serges, flannels and tweeds, sizes 3 to 8 years, Maza price \$2; Sale price \$1.98.

Maze Cretonne.

Upholstery Cretonne in a large variety of pretty colors and designs, worth 10c a yard, Maza price 8c; Sale price 5c.

Maze Bedding.

Bed Spreads for full double bed, fine Marseilles patterns hemmed ready for use and worth \$1.00; sale price 59c.

Another case of those pretty White Cotton-Flannel Sheets with red and blue colored borders, worth \$1.25; sale price 89c.

Maze Wrappers.

Heavy quality Flannellette Wrapper, fitted, nicely waist lining, collar and cuffs, braided trimmed, fitted back, Maza price \$1.50; sale price 98c.

Maze Wraps.

You can form no opinion of the Maza stock from simply reading these descriptions. We can tell you how a garment is made, but the desirability of the material and style can only be ascertained by inspection. Enough to say, Frisco's most stylish garments are here at about half price.

Only one, two or three of a kind. Many kinds in the papers.

Ladies' Plush Capes, front, either plain or jet and braided trimmed. Tablet Maza price \$4.50; sale price \$2.39.

Medium Tan All-wool Kersey Cape, velvet lined fancy collar, full circular cut, trimmed with five applique straps of self material, Maza price \$7.50; sale price \$4.95.

Black jacket, made of good quality beaver, fur front, storm collar, half price, double stitched seams, a splendid coat for hard wear. Maza price \$7.50; sale price \$3.69.

Short Stem Switches of Human Hair for \$1.00.

HAMBURGER & SONS THE GREATER PEOPLE'S STORE.

SALE OF THE CENTURY.

SALE OF THE CENTURY.

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MAZE SALE SPECIALS FOR TODAY AND TONIGHT.

Plenty of prices here to make this the greatest bargain opportunity of the Maze Sale. Special cut prices for today and tonight only have been made. In only three instances is there a chance of these goods being sold out. Plenty for a day and night of phenomenal selling.

Maze Domestic.

5c Dark Dress Prints.....24c
10c Dark Dress Prints.....24c
12c 10-4 Unbleached Sheeting.....10c
12c 10-4 Bleached Muslin.....10c
12c 10-4 Brown Muslin.....10c
12c Kentucky Jeans.....10c

Maze Linens.

5c Turkey Red Table Covers.....10c
5c Turkey Red Damask.....10c
5c Large Bleached Dinner Napkins.....10c
5c Linen Sets—one cloth 2 1/2 yards long with one dozen 11 x 17 napkins to match, Maza price \$6; Sale price \$2.95.

Fancy Turkish Towels, for stand covers or tidies, in yellow, blue or pink. Maza price 60c; Sale price 38c.

Maze Flannels.

5c Figured Wrapper Flannellettes.....5c
5c Striped Flannellettes, dark.....5c
5c Dark Colored Dress Duck.....5c
5c Elderdown Flannel faner cols.....5c
5c White Embroidered Flannel.....5c

Ladies' Hosiery.

20c Black Cotton Hosiery.....12 1/2c
20c Black Real Maco Hosiery.....12 1/2c
20c Gray Wool Hosiery.....12 1/2c
20c Elderdown Hosiery.....12 1/2c
20c Black Maco Hosiery.....12 1/2c
20c Lisle and Silk Opera Hosiery.....12 1/2c

Children's Hosiery.

20c Black Socks (infants).....12 1/2c
20c Black Ribbed Hosiery.....12 1/2c
20c Black Ribbed Hosiery.....12 1/2c

Maze Umbrellas.

12c Umbrella Bargains for Saturday. The Maza sold them at \$1.25. We marked them \$1.00. Now the price is cut again. Heavy Twilled Gaiter that will wear well and not fade; natural wood handles; Sale price 89c.

Maze Veiling.

A large lot of assorted patterns in plain and dotted Veilings, Chenille and Woven Dots, Maza price 10c, 15c and 20c; Sale price 5c.

Assorted Meshes and Dots in latest Black and Colored Veiling, 18 inches wide, Maza price 25c and 30c; Sale price 10c.

Assorted Black Tuxedo and Chenille Dotted Veiling, in latest meshes, always sold at the Maza for 20c; Sale price 10c.

Latest effects in Hordered and Ready-made Vels, also double width Dotted and Plain Mesh Veiling, Maza price 60c and 70c; Sale price 25c.

Pearl Trimmings.

60 White and Colored Ornaments in beautiful evening shades, pendant, festoon and Marguerite designs. Maza price \$1; Sale price \$1.50.

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Household Specials.

5c Kitchen Brooms.....12c
5c Morning Star Washboard.....12c
5c Queen Mop Handle.....12c
5c Galvanized Pail.....12c
5c 4 Japanese Bowls.....12c
5c 4 Asbestos Mats.....12c
5c 4 Foot Gas Hose.....12c
5c 4 Japanese Water Pail.....12c
5c 4 Mixing Bowls.....12c
5c 2 Fancy Bowls.....12c
5c 6 Decorated Plates.....12c
5c 4 Japanese Bowls.....12c
5c 4 Thin Tumblers.....12c
5c 4 Hats or packages Toilet Paper.....12c
5c 4 Boxes Tooth Picks.....12c
5c Handy Soldering Set.....12c
5c Silver Plated Orange Spoon.....12c

Seventh Regiment Band Concert TONIGHT FROM 8 TO 10 P.M.

GEORGE CANN, Director. D. D. PARTEN, Manager.

1. March—"Hamin Rides".....R. H. Hall
2. Gavotte—"Beautiful Equestrienne".....Rixner-Hurka
3. Selection from "Zampa".....Hercules
4. "Hoy's Patrol".....L. F. Gottschalk
5. Overture—"A Hunt in the Ardennes".....Marie
6. Grand Processional March—"Silver Trumpets".....Vivian
7. Festival Waltz—"Chinese Lanterns".....D'Arcy Jaxone
8. Caprice—"Zanzibar".....J. F. Gillet
9. "Dance of the Goblins" (descriptive piece).....Reckler-Lorraine
10. Galop—"Trolley".....Laurendae

These Shoes at \$1.88

Maze Corsets.

Ladies' Corsets of good saten, well boned, perfect fitting, black drab. Sale price 39c.

Odd lines of Corsets, in sizes 22, 23, 24 and 30. Dr. Warner's W. B. Maza Special, G. B., etc., regular \$1 to 75c; Sale price.....

Note. This is the last day you will have a chance to consult Mrs. McLanahan about corset fitting. She is introducing new lines of Her Majesty's Corsets, and will with pleasure demonstrate their superiority. Some other make may be better adapted to you in which case Mrs. McLanahan will advise the most suitable and tell you why. We cordially invite you to accept this last chance.

Knit Underwear.

Ladies' Union Suit, fleece-lined, new standard cut, buttoned across the chest, Maza price 75c; Sale price 45c.

Ladies' Fine Wool Natural Gray Union Suit, standard cut, buttoned across the chest, Maza price \$1.25; Sale price 89c.

Children's Union Suits, natural gray, fleece lined, buttoned across the chest, Maza price 75c; Sale price 48c.

Ladies' Ribbed Vests, natural gray, fleece lined, also pants to match, Maza price 35c; Sale price 19c.

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PICO HEIGHTS SCHOOL.

TEMPORARY QUARTERS PROVIDED.
SCHOOL COMMENCES TUESDAY.

A New School Building to Be Speedily Erected to Take the Place of the One Burned—New Lot to Be Secured.

The Board of Education held a meeting yesterday morning to provide suitable quarters for the scholars of the Pico Heights school, which building was destroyed by fire last Thursday afternoon.

Superintendent of Schools J. A. Rowley, C. J. Kubach, chairman of the committee, and C. A. Charlton, Assistant Superintendent of Buildings, were directed to take the matter in hand and secure rooms where school could be held until such time as more suitable quarters could be provided. Superintendent Rowley reported that two rooms had been secured in the Congregational Church, one classroom at the corner of Pico and E streets and one classroom on Pico street between F and G streets. These rooms will provide ample accommodation for the 25 pupils. They are being rapidly put in order, and the necessary desks and seats procured, and will be ready for school Tuesday morning.

At the meeting of the Board of Education the following resolution was offered and referred to the Building Committee:

"Whereas, the complete destruction of the Pico Heights school building, a four-room building, in the district lying immediately north of the Rose-dale school district, and which is the Pico Heights district of necessary school facilities; and whereas, the territory lying northeast from said Pico Heights district, and which is the Westlake Park, is for some time past has been without adequate school facilities; and whereas, it has been suggested that a larger school building, more centrally located with respect to said entire territory last above mentioned, and with respect to said Pico Heights district, will be likely to provide most satisfactorily for the common-school education of the children in that part of the city, now therefore be it

Resolved, by the Board of Education of the city of Los Angeles: First, that it is the intention of this Board of Education to proceed to erect without unnecessary delay a new school building on the site of the Pico Heights school building lately destroyed, or in some more suitable location in that part of the city; second, that said school building shall contain not less than ten classrooms, a school auditorium of brick with a stone foundation; third, that the Building Committee is hereby authorized and instructed to advertise for proposals for a school lot of adequate size within the district or territory above mentioned, upon which to erect such school building, and with such enclosure, yard facilities; that it shall be specified in said advertisement that this board reserves the right to reject any and all such bids, and that it is the preference of this board that if a new building shall not be erected upon the Pico Heights school lot, now owned by this board, that said school building, in connection with the purchase of said new lot; fourth, that the Committee on Buildings is hereby instructed to forthwith advertise for proposals inviting architects to present competitive plans for a school building of the kind hereinabove specified, this board reserving the right to reject any and all such plans, and that the plans submitted by architects shall be adopted, that this board will pay to the architect submitting the plans second in merit, in the estimation of the board, the sum of \$25, and to the architect submitting the plans third best, in the estimation of the board, the sum of \$20; such plans, however, to remain, in that event, subject to the control of this board, with the right to adopt any point of view, and that the plans, and incorporate the same into the plans that shall be adopted, and used by this board in the construction of said school building.

This would indicate that a building to replace the Pico-street school will be erected at an early date.

KLONDIKE OUTFITS.

Seattle Merchants Have a Scheme to Sell Them.

According to circular letters in the possession of Secretary Wiggins of the Chamber of Commerce, the railroad agents and merchants of Seattle are combining effectively to secure the trade of Klondike pilgrims who pass through that city. A general railway agent sends out to ticket agents this letter:

"We beg to advise you that on all tickets sold by you and through this office from Seattle to Dyea, Skagway, St. Michaels, Dyea, City and Copper River, you will receive 25 per cent of the rate obtained, same to be deducted from your ticket remittance. On all outfits that are sold through your institution, that is sold through your recommendation through this office, I will obtain for you 25 per cent commission, such commission will be remitted to you upon the completion of the purchase.

"The cost of a miner's outfit contained in our folder is about \$200 for one year's supply. It is a matter of choice for the passenger to increase it or decrease it, but the essential factor is the quality and price. These are personally guaranteed, and is estimated by those conversant with the movement, that 100,000 people will outfit for Alaska at Seattle this season, you can readily see the enormous amount of business will be done. Therefore, at this time we desire to ask that you impress upon your passengers the necessity of being in a position on arrival here to have their wants immediately attended to, and we earnestly suggest that they make with you a deposit on account of at least 10 per cent of the cost of an outfit as given above. Under our arrangement with the merchants all who make such deposits, in the East are to be given preference over all others, and in this way we aim to avoid the delays that will surely occur in this rush."

Secretary Wiggins' circular contains a suggestion to Los Angeles merchants who want the trade of Klondikers passing this way.

Insurance in the Rand.

Johannesburg, in the Rand mining district, has an ample supply of water, and therefore buildings and stocks of merchandise can be insured. As every mining town has a big fire sooner or later, insurance is an important consideration. It was Randburg's misfortune to be uninsured when the fire occurred, lack of water deterring the insurance companies from taking any risks.

Whittier Paroles.

The Whittier trustees met yesterday and considered many applications for paroles. John Foley and Manuel Dutra, having attained their majority, were discharged, and paroles were granted to Willie Grady, Florin Franklin, Oliver de Fond, Leonard Sanford, Julio Loustanaun, Thomas Kelleher and Sheeter Anderson.

Glove Bargains

We guarantee fit, and keep our gloves in repair one year GRATIS. Special attention is given you in this department.

Ladies' Heavy Derby Kid Glove, odd sizes, in browns, tans and red, reduced to..... 63c
Ladies' Heavy Kid Glove, with self or black stitching in all shades and sizes..... 75c
Misses' Black Silk Taffeta Gloves, all sizes, reduced to..... 13c

Over-stock Sale means a big loss to you. Last Monday we started this sale. We have been, to put it mildly, crowded to the doors. Most everything here now is a Bargain; true 'tis our loss, but you get the benefit. Our department men simply overbought themselves. Monday we offer:

Domestic Bargains.

3c Housewifery, good weight 2c
36 inches wide..... 3c

61c Shaker Flannel, heavy and a good nap, reduced to..... 3c

10c Heavy Outing Flannel in delicate shades, full nap, and a bargain at..... 6c

10c Scotch Ginghams, extra fine quality, shades and designs; reduced to..... 5c

12 1/2c India Cashmere, dark patterns, for wrappers and dresses, very neat patterns; special at..... 8c

Lace Curtain Specials.

75c Nottingham Lace Curtain, 2 1/2 yards long; reduced to..... 48c

\$1.25 Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3 yards long, fine patterns; reduced to..... 88c

\$2.00 Lace Curtains, floral or net designs, rich and beautiful, full 8 1/2 yards long..... \$1.19

\$2.75 Fine Nottingham Lace Curtains, extra wide, rich designs, tape edge, variety of patterns; reduced to..... \$1.48

Dress Goods Bargains.

50c French Cashmeres in all colors, 38-in wide, guaranteed all wool; reduced to..... 34c

40c Black or navy Serge, 42 inches wide, narrow or wide rib a choice piece of dress goods..... 25c

60c A lot of stylish novelty suitings in every conceivable shade and design, all wool, and full 36 inches wide; a special bargain at..... 25c

75c Silk Velvet, 19 inches wide, black or colored, guaranteed full silk..... 58c

25c A lot of mixed fancy Brocade Dress Goods in two-tone effects; reduced to..... 12c

Umbrellas.

We have a large stock of ladies' and gents' Umbrellas in fine silk glorie, a large assortment of handles. We are selling a 75c Ladies' fine twill waterproof and fast dye Umbrella for..... 48c

35c Men's White Merino Underwear, full made, fleecy nap; reduced to..... 16c

25c Boys' Merino Shirts and Drawers, all sizes, a very serviceable garment; reduced to..... 11c

Men's Wool Mixed Shirts and Drawers, trimmed seams, pearl buttons; reduced to..... 37c

Men's Heavy Web Suspenders, dark or light colors; reduced to..... 9c

75c Men's Wool Bicycle Hose; reduced to..... 38c

50c Men's Fast Color Black and White Striped Shirts..... 25c

Heavy Duck Working Shirts, a Special Bargain.

Clothing.

\$1.25 Boys' School Suits, all sizes and a variety of patterns; reduced to..... 58c

Boys' Fine Dress Suits in black, grays and browns, very swell and nice fitters; a great bargain..... \$1.98

\$2.25 Odd lot of Men's Fine Wool Pants; to close out at..... \$1.68

10 Men's Suits. For this week all our Men's Suits up to \$10, including Oregon City and Stockton Mill Tweed and Cassimeres, at..... \$5.78

Men's Hats.

Men's fine \$1.50 Fedora Hats in all the new winter shades; reduced to..... 98c

75c Men's Navy Blue Cloth Caps, reduced to..... 25c

\$2.50 Men's fine Fur Alpine Fedora or medium shapes, in all the new shades, guaranteed as represented; reduced to..... \$1.48

50c Boys' and Girls' Cloth Hats and Caps in every variety of colors and styles..... 25c

35c Ladies' Vic Kid Lace or Button Shoes, patent tip, coin toe, beaded foxing, soft flexible soles, all sizes and widths; reduced to..... \$1.98

35c Ladies' Vic Kid Button Shoe, patent tip, coin toe, all sizes; a bargain for..... \$1.48

\$1.25 Ladies' Kid Opera Slippers, turns, half French heel, coin toe, special value..... 88c

\$1.35 Ladies' Kid Button Shoe, patent tip, quarter toe, all sizes; buy this shoe, it is like finding money..... 78c

\$1.25 Misses' Dongola Button Spring Heel Shoe, patent tip, coin toe, sizes 12 to 2..... 69c

\$2 Misses' Dongola Kid Button Shoe, quarter toe, patent tip, spring heel..... \$1.19

35c Infants' Dongola Kid Button Shoe, stock tip, sizes 2 to 5..... 13c

\$2.50 Men's Satin Calf Shoe, lace or congress, all styles of toes, fair stitch, solid as rock; special bargain..... \$1.48

\$1.75 Men's Satin Oil Shoe, congress or lace, all styles; a nice dress shoe; a bargain at..... \$1.09

Knit Underwear.

Ladies' Fleece-lined Vests and Drawers, extra heavy weight, full finish; 35c garments..... 25c

35c Children's Fleece-lined Union Suits, in gray, full size and weight; a bargain at..... 14c

75c Ladies' Natural Wool Vests in quality and non-shrinking; reduced to..... 47c

25c Ladies' Fleece-lined Vests; only to close out; a great bargain..... 13c

\$1.25 Ladies' All-wool, Non-shrinking Vests and Pants, natural gray; reduced to..... 98c

Shoe Bargains.

\$3 Ladies' Vic Kid Lace or Button Shoes, patent tip, coin toe, beaded foxing, soft flexible soles, all sizes and widths; reduced to..... \$1.98

35c Ladies' Vic Kid Button Shoe, patent tip, coin toe, all sizes; a bargain for..... \$1.48

\$1.25 Ladies' Kid Opera Slippers, turns, half French heel, coin toe, special value..... 88c

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75c Ladies' Natural Wool Vests in quality and non-shrinking; reduced to..... 47c

25c Ladies' Fleece-lined Vests; only to close out; a great bargain..... 13c

\$1.25 Ladies' All-wool, Non-shrinking Vests and Pants, natural gray; reduced to..... 98c

Special in Ladies' Furnishings.

Ladies' \$1.00 Corsets made of cantilever, high bust, perfect fit, black or gray, and well boned; reduced to..... 59c

Ladies' Muslin Skirt, ruffle trimmed, good quality and width, full length, a regular 50c garment; reduced to..... 28c

35c Ladies' Muslin Drawers, cluster of tucks, trimmed with embroidery, good quality of muslin and well made; reduced to..... 19c

35c Misses' Camel-hair Natural Wool Drawers, medium weight, sizes 4 to 16; reduced to..... 14c

Hosiery.

Ladies' Fast Black Hose, good quality, regular 10c; reduced to..... 5c

15c Children's Strong Black Ribbed Hose, seamless, perfect black; reduced to..... 9c

15c Ladies' Fast Black Hose, seamless, double sole, splendid weavers..... 9c

35c Ladies' Imported Hose, Hermosely dyed, fine satin finish, absolutely stainless; reduced to..... 21c

Ladies' Cloaks.

Ladies' \$3 Heavy Beaver Cloth Cape, nicely trimmed, full length and sweep, storm collar; special..... \$1.38

Ladies' Satinette Cloth Cape, length 20 inches; collar and front braided; \$1.25 garment; reduced to..... 65c

Ladies' \$2.25 Cloth Cape, velvet trimmed, full size, and a bargain at..... 98c

\$4.50 Ladies' Korsek Cape, empire back, full sweep and length, a very dressy garment and a bargain..... \$2.98

\$6.50 Ladies' Boucle Cloth Cape, empire pleate back, storm collar and shoulder cape, nicely trimmed, a swag garment; reduced to..... \$3.48

Ladies' Skirts.

We have a large stock of Separate Skirts in the latest designs and styles. We are selling a Black Mohair Skirt, full lined, velvet bound, reduced to..... \$1.38

\$1.25 Ladies' Black Brocade All-wool Separate Skirt, well made, and full size; a bargain at..... 98c

Bargains in Blankets and Comforters.

10-4 Gray Cotton Blankets, full size and weight; reduced to..... 37c

\$8.50 All-wool Blankets, full size, in white or scarlet, fancy border, a very where at a great bargain..... \$2.27

75c Good size Comforter, well filled and heavy..... 48c

\$1.25 Extra size Comforter, cotton filled, steen covered; bargain..... 98c

\$1.00 Feather Pillows, full size, covered with steen tick; special..... 48c

Linen Bargains.

54-inch All-linen Table Damask, variety of patterns, regular 88c grade; reduced to..... 25c

60-inch All-linen Table Damask, heavy quality usually sold at 50c; reduced to..... 37c

72-inch Cream Linen Damask, handsome patterns, extra quality, sold everywhere at 50c; bargains at..... 48c

64-inch Turkey Red Table Damask, heavy quality; reduced to..... 13c

5-8 Linen Damask Table Napkins; dozen for..... 58c

5-4 Linen Damask Table Napkin, extra fine quality; reduced to..... 98c

10-4 Crochet Bedspread, full size; reduced to..... 35c

All-linen Huckaback Towel, full size; a special bargain at..... 10c

Honey-comb Chamber Towel, size 20x42; a great bargain for..... 5c

Infants' Cloaks.

\$1.50 Infants' Long Cashmere Cloaks, lined, slightly soiled, embroidered; reduced to..... 88c

\$2 Infants' Cream Cashmere Cloaks, handsomely embroidered in silk, with dainty shoulder cape, lined throughout..... \$1.19

\$4.50 Infants' Fine Wool Cashmere Cloaks, long and sleek, lined, em-b'd, ruffle around shoulders, hand silk em-b'd; reduced to..... \$2.38

\$1.25 Children's Wool Elderdown Cloaks Angora fur trimmed, lined 98c throughout; reduced to..... 98c

Drives in House Furnishings.

5c Bread Grater, for..... 8c

15c Decorated Cuspidors, for..... 8c

12c Deep Bread Tins, for..... 8c

10c Dover Egg Seaters, for..... 8c

15c Fancy Salt Box, for..... 8c

10c Rolling Pin, for..... 8c

10c Chopping Bowl, for..... 8c

10c White Mixing Bowl, for..... 8c

5c Decorated Fruit Sauter, for..... 2c

15c Japanese Tray, for..... 10c

15c Corn Popper, for..... 8c

5c 8 Sheets Shelf Paper, for..... 8c

4 cakes Sapolio, for..... 25c

5c large roll Toilet Paper, for..... 25c

10c Bar Castle Soap, for..... 5c

5c Laundry Wax, for..... 2c

15c Shoe Brush and Duster, for..... 8c

10c Feather Dusters, for..... 5c

10c No. 2 Lamp Chimney, for..... 2c

5c Tin Pie Plates, for..... 1c

5c Tin Pudding Pans, for..... 1c

10c China Cup and Saucer, for..... 5c

5c China Glass Tumblers, for..... 2c

15c Granite Pudding Pans, for..... 8c

5c Granite Milk Pans, for..... 2c

10c large bottle Machine Oil, for..... 6c

Cheap Stationery.

5c Composition Book for..... 8c

10c Writing Tablet for..... 7c

5c Pencil Tablet for..... 7c

10c Box of Paper and Envelopes for..... 8c

10c Lead Pencils, dozen for..... 5c

10c Counter Order Books, for..... 4c

10c Memorandum Books, for..... 4c

25c Brass Inkstands, for..... 10c

10c Pencil Box, with lock and key..... 4c

Notion Bargains.

100 yard Spool Brook's Thread for..... 1c

Card Patent Hooks and Eyes for..... 1c

10c Spool Knitting Silk, for..... 5c

7c Corset Casters, black or drab..... 4c

8c Bolt Whalebone Castings, for..... 3c

15c Hose Supporters, for..... 8c

5c Velveteen Skirt Binding..... 2c

7c Celluloid Hair Pins..... 4c

10c Cutters Machine Silk..... 5c

8c Buttonhole Twist..... 1c

10c Cube Assorted Toilet Pins..... 4c

5c Bunch Arsenica, for..... 1c

5c Bunch Chenille, for..... 1c

7c Bunch Finishing Braid for..... 8c

8c Box Hair Pins..... 1c

1c Pair Side Combs..... 5c

5c Bottle Vaseline..... 8c

20c Pair Lamb's Wool Insoles for..... 10c

Handkerchiefs

3c Children's School Hdkfs..... 1c

10c Colored Border Hdkfs..... 4c

12 1/2c Ladies' Scaloped Border Handkerchiefs..... 7c

25c Ladies' Swiss Hdkfs..... 12 1/2c

5c Men's White Cotton Hdkfs..... 2 1/2c

15c Men's Linen Finish Hdkfs..... 8 1/2c

25c Men's Initial Japanese..... 12 1/2c

BROADWAY DEPARTMENT STORE,

4TH AND BROADWAY.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled. Send for Our Catalogue.

SOLDIER'S HOME.

Bids Received for the Building for the Women Nurses.

SOLDIER'S HOME, Jan. 22.—[Regular Correspondence.] Bids

SAVED BY A CHILD.

WHERE HOPE WAS GONE!

"Uncle Harry" Tried to Make a Toy Boat

AND HE FOUND LIFE.

A Remarkable Incident in the Salinas Valley, Showing That Wonders Have Not Ceased.

There was nothing particularly new in the world for the tall man who wandered about the yard of a little country home in the Salinas Valley. He was just in that state that all men get when they are "broken down." It was the same old story—fast life, and the usual amount of trouble thereafter. It comes always, and its effect is quite marked.

A child wandered into the yard and pulled at the leg of the man. Kind of heart throbbed weak in body, he picked the little one up in his arms.

"What is it, Milda?" he said.

"I want a boat, Uncle Harry, and there isn't any paper to make one."

Things in a country house are not always easy to find, and "Uncle Harry" could find no paper. "I'll make you a boat as soon as we get some paper," he said, and the child seemed half content.

"Uncle Harry" was one of the good-hearted of the world, and yet one of the sinful. Stayed with his only sister, endeavoring to recuperate—to get back the manhood that he had lost, he found affection in his heart for the little child that was the veritable sunshine of the home. He had some money left; he had spent much of what he originally had on so-called "cures." But "Uncle Harry" was weaker and more helpless than ever. He had been fooled—he had not been cured.

But the child continued to interest him, and to please, to satisfy any whim of her's was now his aim in life. To get back his health was a proposition to which he paid little attention—for despair had set in.

His sister, who had been making a few purchases for the household, came home and immediately the tiny tot ran to her mother and begged for paper, for she "wanted 'Uncle Harry' to make a boat right now."

Mothers have other things to do, and a satisfactory piece was not found. So the boat was not made then, but it was later.

That night when the head of the family came home from the daily toil he handed "Uncle Harry" an envelope, saying, "There are a couple of circulars in there, Harry, that I wish you would read and tell me tomorrow what you think of it." But a man suffering from nervous debility finds the reading of circulars tiresome, and they went into "Uncle Harry's" pocket, presumably not to be heard of or thought of after.

The "Providence that shapes our ends" did not design it that way. The child Milda was bothering "Uncle Harry" for paper again the next day, and he suddenly bethought him of the circulars. They were quite large enough and of sufficiently firm paper to make a toy boat. So he took one of the two sheets and, fashioning it as we all have fashioned boats in boyhood, he gave it to the child, and in glee she rushed off to sail it in a bucket, or anything she could find.

The moody man sat down in a garden chair and wondered how long it would be before the little one would want another boat, and he concluded the easiest thing would be to make

one out of the other sheet of paper that he had, so that it might be ready when she asked for it. Debilitated people act slowly—they procrastinate at all times. And so "Uncle Harry" instead of making the boat started to read the circular. It seemed to have a curious effect. The color mounted to his cheeks, he took a few somewhat nervous paces up and down the paths, and then started out to the streets, as though in a hurry. Into the town he went with a gait that he had not shown in years. After finding his brother-in-law he announced his intention to come to San Francisco immediately.

"What are you going to do there?" queried the merchant.

"I have made up my mind to go, and I'm going."

"Well, please yourself, Harry, but I thought you were happy enough with us."

"So I am; and I will be with you again some day."

A tall, emaciated man got off a Market-street car the next day, just at the junction of Stockton and Ellis streets, and, without saying a word to a single soul, walked up to the entrance to a big white building which is conspicuous there. It is that of the Hudson Medical Institute.

"I wish to see the chief of doctors," he said.

"The chief is, I am sorry to say, engaged at this moment," replied the attendant, "but if it is a case of urgency I will report the matter at once to him."

"Then I can see one of the other doctors?"

"Certainly sir, immediately."

Then occurred one of those scenes which have made that wonderful institution famous. "I am here to ask you whether what is printed in this paper is true?" said "Uncle Harry" (for it was none other but he) as he produced the circular which "Milda" had intended to make a boat from his pocket.

The dignified and quiet-eyed man to whom he spoke said: "It is one of our circulars—we do not issue false statements."

"Well, what is 'Hudyan' then?" queried the man.

"It is our specific for nervous debility and like troubles," was the reply.

"Will it cure me?"

"I will make an examination of your case and afterward tell you. It looks as though there is nothing incurable the matter."

And then the old, old story of early folly was repeated: a careful examination was made; a report to the Chief Consulting Physician; a council of all was had; "Uncle Harry" was assured of a cure, and "Hudyan" was prescribed for him.

In the Salinas Valley there is today a little girl who has the finest toy boat that money can buy, that human ingenuity can devise, or childish wishes ache for. And the name of the boat is "Hudyan"—for "Hudyan" saved the life of and made a man of "Uncle Harry," and but for little Milda he would never have heard of it.

PYRAMIDS.

The pyramids in Egypt are of interest to the whole world for they show how much man can do. Unaided by machinery, the ancients erected these famous monuments to the race that the Pharaohs ruled. "Hudyan" has done the same thing for man. It has erected a lasting monument. It has erected a monument to big manhood. That is the most worthy monument that any man, or any race of men, can build. When the last trace of hope appears to be gone "Hudyan" comes into the breach. "Hudyan" will do what has been said of it before. It will stop the drains that kill life. And it will make a man out of you. Do you want to be a man? Just think! "Hudyan" circulars free.

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
Stockton, Market and Ellis Streets, San Francisco, Cal.

When you see hair falling out, when you get dizzy spells, when you feel that there is a certainty of trouble to come, ask for "30 Day Blood Cure" circulars. Free. So is the best medical advice on this continent—yes, and the best in the world.

**PACIFIC
POSTAL TELEGRAPH-CABLE COMPANY.**

JOHN W. MACEAY, Jr., President.
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H. H. HOSMER, General Manager.
W. J. GORDON, Superintendent.

Without repeating, subject to the conditions printed on the back hereof, which are hereby agreed to.

To HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
San Francisco, Cal.

I am proud to say that I am cured, and do not need any more treatment. Thanking you heartily for what you have done for me.

CHARLES JOHNSON.

The "Hudyan" treatment, as this dispatch clearly shows, knows no geographical lines. There is abundant evidence that it cures all races, as well as all classes of men.

WHAT IT DOES AND HAS DONE

How the Hudson Name Became Famous.

The Work of Years of Conscientious Toil.

A Few Facts About "Hudyan," the Great Remedio-Treat- ment.

To the work of the Hudsonian Doctors many tributes have very justly been paid. Any number of questions are daily put by those interested seeking to find out how it happens that such splendid work—indeed, the best work in the world—is done by a San Francisco Institution. Perhaps these queries cannot be better answered than by the following excerpts from a pocket calendar which is sent free by the Institute to all those who care to ask for it:

"The object of the founders of the Hudson Medical Institute may be told in a very few words. It had been painfully evident for

years that in this western world there was not a perfectly appointed equipped and correctly-managed institute where the perfect CURE of all the curable diseases in the world was the chief object. It is all too true that there are any number of establishments that make no attempt whatever to do good to the sick, and yet they charge very large prices to poor sufferers, and it was in part to offset the evil influences of places of this sort that it was eventually determined to invest a princely sum of money and develop a medical and surgical institute which should have no equal in the West and no superior on the continent. That the hope of the founders has been fully warranted by the great good done and the results obtained there is not the slightest reason to doubt. A connection has been built up which is not only the most extensive west of the Mississippi River, but it is also the most satisfactory in America, for wherever the Institute has a patient it has a friend.

"The controlling idea has ever been since its establishment to adopt the very latest ideas, both in surgery and medicine—that is, of course, after a very thorough investigation as to their respective worth. No money has been spared in this direction, and it has now won its big, white battle with the latest electrical appliances which have been found to be of any benefit either in locating or treating diseases. Its laboratories, consulting and operating rooms, as well as all its reception rooms, have been designed with a view to making visiting patients as comfortable as possible, while allowing the staff of physicians to conduct their work in the quietest and most efficient way. Each patient is seen privately, and whenever the case is deemed of sufficient gravity to make a consultation of the whole of the members of the staff advisable no more publicity is given to the patient, for the physician in charge takes very careful notes and the staff deliberates on this statement of the case. Each and every patient is given full attention, and no difference at all is made, no matter what the social standing of the persons applying for help.

"The staff of surgeons and physicians employed deserve especial notice. Absolutely no unqualified or inexperienced practitioners have ever been allowed to practice within its doors. Post graduate physicians from good schools of medicine have applied to the Institute for permission to enter there in order that they might gain experience, but it has been decided that only men of the highest standing should ever be allowed to be employed by the management, and it may be stated in the most emphatic way that the present staff at the Institute represents a larger amount of combined brains, intelligence, scientific research, learning and skill than is to be found in any medical institute in this Western Hemisphere. Consequently patients may come with all confidence. They get treatment from the BEST physicians.

"And as to 'Hudyan' and what it has done. The story is only short. It has been the custom for years of the Chief Consulting Physician of the Institute to send to all parts of the world for samples of remedies which were said to be specific in the classes of dis-

eases which we have been principally discussing. These were carefully analyzed and the effect of each component part of the remedy carefully noted. At length it was found that in order to do all good without a single particle of harm it was necessary to have a purely vegetable remedy, for the strong minerals which were being used—mercury and the like—often often which were quite as bad as the disease. The world was then scourged for vegetable remedies. Agents were sent throughout this country and Mexico, and for years the work of experimenting continued. At length, after an all night's work in the laboratory of the Institute, the Chief Consulting Physician exclaimed at last, 'Eureka! I have found it at last.' And so he had. He was so delighted that he was almost beside himself with joy. And why should he not have been? For here, indeed, was help that was matchless for all suffering humanity. He then and there said he did not believe that it could possibly fail, and the prophecy has been gloriously fulfilled. Oh! how many men has 'Hudyan' made supremely happy since the day of that great and grand discovery! Lifted from what seemed eternal gloom to the highest privileges of a perfect manhood. Poor, weak, ailing mortals have through its instrumentality found themselves fresh with the fire of youth in them once more. In a word, it has been tested, tried and found, without the faintest shadow of doubt, to be a perfect specific in all cases of nervous debility and lost manhood. It has made friends for the Hudson Medical Institute by the thousands, and it must be borne in mind that there, and there only, can you get HUDYAN. The name is a familiar one wherever the English tongue is spoken, and it is honored and praised wherever it is known on account of its grand and matchless merits."

THE WHOLE SYSTEM FOUL What Happens When Taint Exists.

BLOOD THAT IS PURE

Blood That is Impure and How It Can Be Cleansed.

Thirty Days is the Time in Most Cases That Are Properly Treated.

The number of cases of blood taint that exist in the world is amazing. And yet each and every one of them would be entirely wiped out if the proper measures were adopted. There is one method of cure that applies to every case—it is that of seeking help from the proper place promptly.

Almost every one knows the usual signs of blood taint, but they may be repeated here:

- (1) Small copper-colored spots on different parts of the body.
- (2) Small ulcers in the mouth and throat.
- (3) A falling out of the hair or its turning gray too early in life.
- (4) The loosening of the teeth.
- (5) Thin eyebrows and lashes.
- (6) Lumps in the throat.

These are not all of the symptoms observable, but any one of them is quite sufficient to indicate some form of blood disorder.

As before stated, the wise man gets good advice promptly. If he can get better advice than at the grand old Hudson Medical Institute it would be a revelation to hear where it is to come from. Whilst "Hudyan," the grand specific for nervous debility, first made this institution world-famous, the "30-day blood cure" has added to its glory.

It is none too pleasant a thing to write about or read about, but when blood taint exists results follow. Do you notice the man who suffers when young from partial paralysis? That is almost certainly due to blood taint. Do you see the man with a horrible tumor? That results from blood taint. But there are other things too nauseating to think of which result from blood taint.

It must be a joy to the great doctors of the Hudson Medical Institute to know that their "30-day blood cure" actually does relieve immediately and cure most certainly all the various forms of impure blood.

There are primary symptoms; there are secondary symptoms and there are tertiary symptoms, but each and all disappear before the very great discovery of the Hudsonian doctors as rapidly as day follows night.

Let us here take another excerpt from that little memorandum book which has been referred to in another column. It is only short, but it is to the point.

Where is the man who has reason left who will permit the whole of his system to become infected with this terrible poison when he can readily have it eradicated and his system entirely purified? It is by no means an exaggeration to say that hundreds upon hundreds of cures have been made in the time specified by this remarkable "30-day blood cure," and they have all been perfect cures, too. Naturally, where a patient has no treatment at all, and has allowed the poison to work its own sweet will, until the final stage has been reached, a little more time may be necessary, but that this great specific SURELY CURES in all instances there can be no question. And here, too, the same advice applies about asking for help quickly. Delay in this disease is unpardonable folly, and may result most disastrously. If you pin your faith to the Hudsonian "30-day cure" you will never regret it. But, like thousands of others, you will rise up and call this great institution a blessing to suffering humanity.

If pure blood is not a blessing what is? And when it is so easily and promptly attainable the man who will not seek it has more folly than sense. Blood is life itself, and full information about it is graciously sent by the management of the Hudson Medical Institute to all those who will take the trouble to ask for it.

THE GREAT HUDYAN

BEFORE **AFTER**

TREE OF LIFE

HUDYAN is the greatest remedio-treatment that has ever been produced by any combination of physicians. It cures permanently. The HUDYAN remedio-treatment cures the diseases and disabilities of men. It is a remedio-treatment for men only. It cures nervous weakness, spermatorrhoea, losses, pimples and chronic disagreeable eruptions. HUDYAN cures depression of spirits, bashfulness, inability to look frankly into the eyes of another. HUDYAN cures headache, dimness of sight, weak memory, loss of voice. HUDYAN cures stunted growth, dyspepsia, constipation. HUDYAN cures weakness or pains in the small of the back, loss of muscular power, gloomy, melancholy forebodings. HUDYAN can be had from the doctors of the HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE, and from no one else. You need HUDYAN when the facial nerves twitch, as there is certain

to be an irritation at their centers in the brain. You need HUDYAN when there is a decline of nerve force, because this decline shows a lack of nerve life, which may develop into nervous debility, and then possibly into nervous prostration. If you have harassed your nerves, if you have knotted or gnarled them, if you have abused your nerves, the best thing for you to get is HUDYAN. You can get HUDYAN only from us. HUDYAN cures varicose, hydrocele, impotency, diarrhoea, falling sensation, despair, sorrow and misery. Consult the HUDSON doctors about HUDYAN in their offices—they occupy a building of thirty rooms; or write for circulars and testimonials of the great HUDYAN.

Call for information or write for CIRCULARS AND TESTIMONIALS FREE.

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
JUNCTION ELLIS, MARKET AND STOCKTON STS., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

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THE "TIMES" MIDWINTER NUMBER.

The largest, the best-arranged and most brilliantly illustrated; the most thorough, accurate and comprehensive; the most interesting and informative; the most picturesque, potent and graphic issue ever sent out from this office. Printed in the new magazine style; 84 pages and cover. Price to be paid by the sender. Copies will be mailed, when requested, from this office to any part of the United States, Canada or Mexico for 13 cents each, postpaid. Send list of names and addresses plainly written, together with the money, and your orders will be carefully filled. (See list of contents in other columns.) The matter is not ephemeral, but of permanent value. The Midwinter Number will be timely for six months to come.

LET SNYDER SUGGEST.

M. P. Snyder, who is vainly trying to fill the position of Mayor of Los Angeles, is quoted as follows by the San Francisco Call, in an alleged interview on the waterworks question in general, and the recent fire on Pico Heights, in particular:

"The fire on Pico Heights is an unanswerable plea for the early settlement of the water question. The three syndicated dailies can now continue their policy of defending those officials who are blocking the city's acquisition of its water plant, if they wish, but every time they bolster up procrastination in this matter, they are jeopardizing the lives and property of hundreds of people. Until the water question is settled we cannot have an adequate service for this city. The longer settlement is delayed, the longer we will be without it.

"Every day of delay that could be avoided by the City Council taking up this question and treating it intelligently, honestly and fearlessly, as representatives of the people and not as special pleaders of the water company, would be a great boon to the people. Just think of those innocent school children, whose lives are in danger this afternoon. Why, the contemplation is appalling. If anything was needed to arouse the people to action, my opinion is that Providence has sent that thing."

This language is worthy of notice only in consideration of the position which M. P. Snyder is endeavoring to occupy. Any remarks which M. P. Snyder chooses to make in his normal capacity as a private citizen (of exceedingly small caliber) are of no more account than the chattering of a chimpanzee in the wilds of Africa. But the utterances of M. P. Snyder as Mayor of Los Angeles derive a certain vicious interest from the importance of the office which he is endeavoring to occupy. Any remarks which M. P. Snyder chooses to make in his normal capacity as a private citizen (of exceedingly small caliber) are of no more account than the chattering of a chimpanzee in the wilds of Africa. But the utterances of M. P. Snyder as Mayor of Los Angeles derive a certain vicious interest from the importance of the office which he is endeavoring to occupy.

Assuming that Snyder (as Mayor of Los Angeles) has been correctly quoted by his San Francisco mouthpiece, the question is pertinent, what does Snyder want? What course does he desire the City Council to pursue, in order to facilitate "the early settlement of the water question?" Nobody denies that an early settlement of that question is highly desirable, and nobody, so far as is known, is seeking to delay an early settlement of the question. But what does Snyder (Mayor) desire to have done? Would he have the city take forcible possession of the water plant before the expiration of the lease? Does he contend that arbitration can be forced in advance of the time prescribed in the contract? If he has in mind any plan by which the "early settlement of the water question" can be accomplished, why does he not propose it? Why does he not, as the official head of the city, set the ball in motion?

We have had enough, and much more than enough, of bombastic tommyrot from M. P. Snyder (Mayor). If he has any practicable scheme for facilitating the determination of the water question, let him divulge it, instead of maligning the legislative branch of the city government and the press of Los Angeles. The columns of THE TIMES are at his disposal for giving publicity to any practical plans he may have in contemplation for the furtherance of this object. Any honest suggestions he may make will receive full and fair consideration in this community. His demagogic insinuations and empty accusations are received with the contempt which they deserve.

If there is a particle of sincerity or manhood in the composition of M. P. Snyder (Mayor), he will cease his idle frothings in the pages of the sanctified journals, and will make his suggestions, if he has any practical

suggestions to make relative to the waterworks question, in a legitimate way, to the City Council of Los Angeles, and to the public of the city which has elected him Mayor.

In exploiting his alleged ideas in a journal published five hundred miles from Los Angeles, which is necessarily unfamiliar with the merits and facts of the waterworks case, he tacitly confesses the weakness of his contention and the insincerity of his motives.

A VICTORY FOR ELECTRICITY.

The management of the Manhattan Elevated Railroad, of New York City, after full investigation and discussion of all known methods of propulsion, have decided to adopt electricity as a motive power, and the new system will be installed as soon as practicable. The change from steam to electricity will involve an expenditure of several millions of dollars, but it has been decided upon as a measure of real economy in the end, notwithstanding the heavy initial outlay.

The adoption of electricity as a motive power by the Manhattan Elevated Railroad is not only a signal victory for electricity, but it will be a distinct advantage both to the patrons of the road and to the people residing or doing business along the line. The smoke and cinders of the steam locomotive, even with the use of appliances designed to abate the nuisance so far as possible, are a source of serious inconvenience to the public. The noise of the steam locomotive is also considerably greater than that of the electric motor-car, though the latter is still a serious offender in this regard. But in point of general cleanliness the electric locomotive is far in advance of steam, and this consideration is in itself, all-important.

Electricity is particularly adapted to the demands of rapid transit on elevated roads in the larger cities, and its adoption by the Manhattan road will doubtless be followed by similar action on the part of other elevated railroads in the principal cities of the world. With the general application of electricity to this use will come more frequent and better service, contributing greatly to the convenience and comfort of the public at large. It is becoming more and more evident that electric motors are destined, at no distant day, to drive the larger part of the world's machinery.

THE CURFEW ORDINANCE.

The City Council has decided to enforce the curfew ordinance which was enacted last year.

Three years ago, Lincoln, Neb., adopted a curfew ordinance, compelling all children under the age of 15 years, unless accompanied by parents or absent with leave—those in employment excepted—to be home after 9 o'clock in summer, and 8 o'clock in winter.

Since then it has been adopted in about 300 towns and cities of the country, the chief of these being Omaha, Neb.; Denver and Pueblo, Colo.; Kansas City and St. Joseph, Mo.; Des Moines, Iowa; Topeka and Evansville, Kan., and Quincy and Evanston, Ill. The Mayor of Lincoln says:

"The results of the enforcement of the ordinance in reducing crime were a complete surprise, both to the police and to the city officials. There was a decrease of 75 per cent. in arrests of the young first month of the ordinance, with no required increase in our police force, and a decided improvement, socially and morally, of the youth with a pecuniary saving to the city in the falling-off of the number of arrests made. This seems a strictly proper way of reducing crime among the young in the cities of our country."

The testimony from the Lincoln Chief of Police, from the teachers in the city schools, from the Superintendent of the Nebraska Reform School, and from city officials of Omaha and North Platte, Neb., of Des Moines, Iowa, and Evanston, Ill., is emphatically in behalf of the altogether beneficial working of the law. The Chief of Police of St. Joseph, Mo., says:

"There has been, in the seven months of enforcement of the curfew ordinance, a reduction of fully 50 per cent. in commitments to the State Reform School from St. Joseph."

There are a good many young children about the streets, of an evening, in Los Angeles, who would be better off if they were tucked in bed at home. The curfew ordinance is a good thing, but there is no apparent necessity for adding to the unnecessary noises of the city by ringing a bell every evening.

The curfew ordinance is all right, but the curfew bell is all wrong. Let it stay unring.

BETTER THAN HAWAII.

Those who are endeavoring to bring about the annexation of Hawaii to the United States are evidently not at all particular as to what means they use to that end. All is fish that comes to their nets. It is now proposed to link the Hawaiian and Cuban questions together in the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill, the idea being that in this manner votes may be obtained from those who favor Cuba but oppose Hawaii. "Any old thing" would be acceptable to the annexationists, if they could only get their pet project through.

As a means of arousing enthusiasm for the annexation proposition, much is being made of the visit of President Dole to this country. The good-looking gentleman who, with a few of his countrymen, has succeeded in obtaining a job as temporary boss of the islands, is to be made more of than any person of rank who has been in the United States since the visit of the Prince of Wales. He is to be provided with all the marks of respect that are shown to visiting royalties, including an attaché of the Navy Department who is familiar with the Kanaka language, and will therefore be of much assistance to this visiting potentate in case he has grown unfamiliar with the United States dialect.

Mr. Dole is quoted as saying that the ratification of the annexation treaty "would afford a greater opportunity for American capital and labor on the island." For capital, perhaps, although these islands appear to have been pretty well exploited by foreign capital already, but as to labor, what opportunity would American workmen have there, in competition with the ample supply of the cheapest kind of labor which is now available? Such an argument as this will deceive few intelligent Americans.

It will be an evil day for the United States when this country inaugurates a policy of ultra-territorial aggression, either in Hawaii or elsewhere. The reasons for this have been stated more than once by THE TIMES, and it is not necessary to recapitulate them. The United States needs the Hawaiian Islands about as much as a horse needs five legs. Doubtless some of the capitalists interested in the islands need the United States very much, but that is no sufficient reason why they should get us.

If this country needs more land to furnish opportunities for citizens of the country to make a living, there is plenty of it to be had within the present confines of the United States. The United States government owns about 100,000,000 acres of land which could be made productive by means of irrigation, and would furnish homes for over 10,000,000 people. To reclaim this land, by means of irrigation, would be a much more sensible project than to annex a group of islands out in the middle of the Pacific that are already settled by people who can live on two bits a day, and have no ambition for more. Moreover, it would not need the whole United States navy to keep this land from being stolen.

ON BEHALF OF THE PENSIONERS.

The National Tribune of Washington, D. C., is making a vigorous campaign on behalf of the government pensioners and the pension system. While admitting that there are fraudulent pensioners, and urging that cases of fraud should be hunted down and exposed to the fullest possible extent, the National Tribune deprecates the "periodical raids" made on the pension rolls by demagogues and political self-seekers. It says, with truth and force:

"The place to 'purge the pension-rolls' is in the Pension Bureau, and not in the columns of the newspapers. It is the Commissioner's sworn duty to hunt up any frauds and bring them to justice. He has the most unlimited means placed at his disposal for this purpose. Every man and woman on the pension roll is directly at his mercy. He can 'purge the pension-rolls' to the last name on it, if he has good reasons for doing so, and the country will applaud him. But wholesale slandering of the brave men who served the country faithfully is not the way to correct wrongs, if any there be, in the allowances already made."

And again:

"The inefable cruelty of this crusade against pensions is that it comes in the old age of the pensioners, when they are sinking beneath the weight of their hurts and disabilities, added to that of their years, and are in crying need of help from the country they saved."

PROSPECTS OF CURRENCY LEGISLATION.

The probability that any radical currency legislation will be enacted at the present session of Congress is, to say the least, remote. So closely are party lines drawn in the Senate, and so prejudicial are the rules of that branch of Congress to the progress of legislation which is confronted by organized opposition, that any measure of currency reform can be defeated at the pleasure of the minority. The opposition to currency legislation along the lines laid down in Secretary Gage's annual report is particularly strong and active in the Senate; hence there is little prospect that any definite results will be accomplished in the direction of currency legislation at the present session of Congress.

But there will be a general and exhaustive discussion of currency problems. The question of the standards will receive most thorough consideration on both sides, and on all sides, before the close of the Congressional session. The free-silver advocates will have their innings, and will be allowed an opportunity to talk to their hearts' content—a privilege which is dearer than life to the average apostle of free-silverism. The advocates of the gold standard will

also be afforded an opportunity to set forth their views in extenso. Out of the chaff of voluminous discussion should be evolved some kernels of truth. The oratory, pro and con, let us hope, will not be wholly wasted. Somewhere in the dense haze with which the currency question has been surrounded there is a solid nucleus of common sense and imperishable truth. If the impending discussion of the question in Congress will bring the country any nearer to an understanding of the truth, and an affiliation with the common-sense phases thereof, by all means let it proceed without let or hindrance.

What is most needed is an honest and thorough understanding of the currency question. The truth cannot suffer from honest discussion. Error, alone, has cause to fear the white light of publicity. Therefore, let the discussion go on, and may the truth be vindicated, even though no radical changes in our currency laws be effected at the present time.

If the citizens of Chicago can have a mail delivery every two hours, why should not other cities of the country? The carrier service ought to be so arranged as to give all cities equal mail facilities in every respect. Chicago or New York is no better than Podunk or Kalamazoo, and it seems extraordinary that the legislators of the country do not make such a protest against this commercial favoritism on the part of the government as will result in a more equitable and just division of the force of mail carriers, for which we all pay.

The eastern cities are so full of these servants of the government that they fall over each other, but a western city has difficulty in getting enough of them to make the color of mail carriers' uniforms familiar to the general public. There ought to be a square deal in this matter.

Judge McKenna has been confirmed as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, as was to be expected, and Oregon has only succeeded in making a picturesque ass of itself in opposing him. We believe Judge McKenna to be amply competent to fill the high position to which he has been elevated by the President, and that he will prove as useful, industrious, painstaking and honest a justice, as his associates on the Supreme Bench of the country. California will not be dishonored by this appointment, we may rest assured, and the great questions that shall come before Judge McKenna will, we need not doubt, be given the careful consideration of an able and honest magistrate. The country and the President are to be congratulated upon his appointment.

There are people who seem to think that the quartette of Californians, the only one of which remains to us is Colitis P. Huntington, are entitled to an enormous amount of credit for having connected California with the East by rail, overlooking the fact that the government of the United States practically built the Pacific railroads and turned them over to their alleged builders with a land grant of fabulous richness, all of which served to make them the four wealthiest men in the State. Most anybody would be glad to be energetic and "public-spirited" under such conditions.

Clement Scott, the famous dramatic critic of London, declares that "the English are the least artistic people in the world, and more completely without the saving grace of humor." This has been apparent to Americans for considerably over a century, and we are glad that at least one Englishman has likewise found it out. There is a standing reward in this country for the sight of an Englishman who can see through a joke inside of forty-eight hours, and it has never been claimed.

The London Times, our esteemed contemporary and namesake, which thunders for a living, is of the opinion that in the United States "the Cuban question is evidently much graver than it was two days ago, and the government is not any stronger. An accident may precipitate anything." Yes, indeed, it may, but it won't. The Democratic accidents who are following to the galleries in Congress are the only ones we are likely to have, and the Lord knows they are bad enough.

Thomas A. Edison is out with a card in the New York Sun, protesting against the yellow newspaper interviews with him about wonderful discoveries and inventions. He says: "Scarcely one of them is authentic, and the statements purporting to have been made by me are the invention of the reporters." Let us be charitable enough to hope that this is also what the matter with Nicola Tesla, who is forever inventing things that don't do anything.

The ancient aphorism that "Satan finds something for idle hands to do" is exemplified in the case of Uncle Russell Sage, who, since being thrown out of all the directorates in which he was a member, is now driving about New York in a red-wheeled cart behind a pair of high steppers. We did not know just exactly where Uncle Russell would get off, but felt confident he would get off some place, and horse it is.

The warm sunshine and balmy breezes of Southern California are nature's cure for the debilitated invalid whose system has given way under the sharp changes of temperature in the east, and the unhealthiness of furnace-heated houses. An able article in the Midwinter Number of THE TIMES, dealing with the sun and air

cure, has been written by a prominent physician of the city.

Says the Detroit Journal:

"Some of the western organs are blowing very hot and very cold since the New York Journal gave Bryan the Croker frappe. In other words, they don't know just which way to jump, and, to save chances, some of them are jumping up and down, while others are jumping both ways at once. As for the juvenile orator of the Plate, he will be wise in his day and generation to get right in out of the rain."

A Pennsylvania legislator has introduced a bill "to abolish book agents." This is all wrong. Life without book agents would be a failure, for one would miss the superlative wave of happiness that goes sloshing over him after the aforesaid book agent has spoken his piece and taken his departure.

The ex-Presidential nymrod is wise in supplying himself with a game preserve of his own, where he can just "shoot and shoot, and keep a shootin'" without disturbing the neighbors. But as it contains only eight-five acres, it is going to be considerably crowded when Grover gets there.

A Texas newspaper complains that "It takes money as well as wind to run a newspaper, and we are getting short of both." This is the first known case of a short-winded man from Texas, except some who have been running to get away from a lynching party. This may be the it of it.

Appropos of an agitation here for supplying new in the way of an ordinance, the Denver Post says:

"Those Los Angeles citizens who are agitating the compulsory use of bells and lambs on bicycles are respectfully referred to any resident of Denver for information concerning the wisdom of the movement."

Spain threatens to get mad and do something desperate if Congress does not stop talking about the Cuban question. Just what awful thing it will do, we cannot imagine, but considering the way it is handling things in Cuba, we may at least expect it to make faces at us and say "caramba."

Such criticism is being made of Senator Hanna because of his now famous dispatch to the President, which read: "God reigns and the Republican party still lives." But if Mr. Hanna knew this to be a fact at the time he said it, we see no reason why he shouldn't say so.

Corbett's seat in the Senate appears to be creating almost as much trouble as the fact that his pugilistic namesake cannot force Fitzsimmons to give him another scrap for his money, and the rehabilitation of his slugged and pounded solar plexus.

It is not at all surprising that the Legislature of New York contemplates the passage of a law looking to the suppression of yellow journalism. That is where Willie Hearst and Joseph Pulitzer publish the New York Journal and the New York World.

The New York Journal is crying in a loud voice for Mr. Bryan to "broaden out." It certainly cannot mean in the head, for he has already so broadened out in that part of his anatomy that he has to go bareheaded because the hatters can't fit him.

The Springfield Republican wisely says that: "The acquittal of Count Esterhazy implies that there is no hope for Capt. Dreyfus, yet the evidence on which the latter was convicted would not hold a yellow dog for the grand jury in America."

The Dingley law has caused a crisis in the orange and lemon trade of Sicily, which will make the "free traders" feel very sad. Mr. Cleveland ought, in the name of common humanity, to write the growers over there a letter of condolence.

Maryland is enjoying itself in balloting for a United States Senator, but up to this writing the long-distance telephone does not appear to have been brought into play, consequently the game contains no elements of the picturesque whatever.

The situation is becoming so binding in Cuba that it appears as if Señor Blanco would have to either fish, cut bait, or go ashore, and that he must make up his mind mighty quick as to which he proposes to do.

Our Ambassador to Germany cables a denial of the statement that he was treated by the government with discourtesy. We thought Emperor Bill knew better than to ruffle the feathers of the bird of freedom.

"Smoothy" Boyce has run up against a great many things that were loaded during his crooked career, but he had a unique experience in Cincinnati when he became tangled up with a loaded telephone.

Whenever an English newspaper undertakes to comment on American politics it ought to furnish maps and diagrams in order that we may understand what in the mischief it is driving at.

Coxey is about to make a trip through the South, and when the Southerners hear of it they will begin to buy guns and bulldozers to keep Coxey from tramping on the grass.

It would be worth going miles to see Statesman "Halcy" Patton swagging around town with \$50,000 of Herald money in his inside pocket, but it is so long to have to wait.

The Playhouses

LOS ANGELES THEATER. Stuart Robson concluded his engagement last evening with the presentation of a play new to this stage from the pen of Sydney Rosenfeld called "A Fool and His Friends." While it would be impossible for anything but a very good actor to impersonate Mr. Robson introduced his personality, it is quite certain that Mr. Rosenfeld's play is not one to forward the fame of this ever-charming comedian, no matter how well it is acted, staged or costumed, and it was up to the standard last night in all these essentials. It is a frothy and farcical concoct in which words in plecthric volume take the place of action, and there is a strained effort to spread out over an entire evening something that might be condensed into a curtain-raiser. Mr. Robson, as the good-natured and good-hearted fool, who submits to the imposition of his friends, is perfectly delightful, but he is certainly wasting valuable time, and an audience's time as well, in spending two hours and a half on so thin a concoction as has been turned out from the thinking machine of a mediocre playwright. It is only Mr. Robson and the accomplished people who surround him that save the piece from disaster. Other than this Mr. Robson's visit has been one great joy to here, and for such artists as he Los Angeles always has the glad hand, and the warm heart. May his coming again be not too long delayed.

SAM DAVIS.

The Touching Story of a Brave Confederate.

[St. Louis Republic.] At a recent meeting of the United Daughters of the Confederacy at Baltimore, a poem by Ella Wheeler Wren was read. The poem is eulogistic of a young Tennessee Confederate soldier, who preferred death to dishonor.

Mrs. Wheeler wrote the poem for the Confederate Veteran, and in a note to the editor she said:

"I have never worked harder to produce what I consider a really good poem than I did in writing this one."

Here it is:

When the Lord calls up earth's heroes
To stand before His face,
Oh, many a name unknown to fame
Shall ring from the high places,
And out of a grave in the Southland
At the just God's call and beck,
Shall one man rise with fearless eyes
And a robe around his neck.

For men have swung from gallows
Whose souls were white as snow,
Not how they die nor where, but why
Is what God's records show.
And on that mighty ledger
He will Sam Davis's name—
For honor's sake he would not make
A compromise with shame.

The great world lay before him,
For he was in his youth,
With love of life young hearts are rife,
But better he loved truth.
He fought for his convictions,
And when he stood at bay,
He would not flinch or stir one inch
From honor's narrow way.

They offered life and freedom
If he would speak the word;
His death would win a place
As one who had not died.
They argued, pleaded, threatened—
"If death where was your gain?"
He showed you how a man could bow
To doom and stay a King.

And God, who loves the loyal
Because they are like him,
I doubt not yet that soul shall set
Among his cherubim.
Oh, Southland! hush thy laurels;
And tell the world his name,
Let glory claim the hero's name,
And tell the world his name.

The bronze head of Sam Davis was one of the most admired works of art in the Parthenon of the Tennessee Centennial.

This bust, executed by Julian Zöllner, represents a nobly formed head; the boyish face conveys an impression of courage, strength and sweetness. Many visitors were attracted to this bit of bronze; singularly enough, many of them had never before heard of Sam Davis, and his tragic death. Here is the story:

In 1852 Gen. Bragg sent a number of picked men, as scouts, among them Sam Davis, into Middle Tennessee in order to gain information concerning the Federal army; he wished to know if the Union army was reentering Chattanooga. The men were to go south and send their reports by courier line to Gen. Bragg at Missionary Ridge. The expedition was attended with much danger.

The scouts had been the Sixteenth Army Corps, commanded by Gen. Dodge, move from Corinth to Pulaski, and on Friday, November 15, they started to return to their own camp, each man for himself, and bearing his own information.

Late that afternoon they were captured by the Seventh Kansas Cavalry, known as the "Kansas Jay-hawkers," taken to Pulaski and put in prison.

Important papers were found upon the person of Sam Davis. In his saddle-bags the plans and fortifications, as well as an exact report of the Federal army in Tennessee were found.

A letter intended for Gen. Bragg was also found.

Gen. Dodge sent for Davis and told him that he had a serious charge to make; that he was a spy, and did not seem to realize the danger he was in. The general also remarked kindly that Davis was a young man, and that it would be well for him to tell from what source his accurate information concerning the Federal army was obtained. Davis had made no reply until this time. Then he said:

"Gen. Dodge, I know the danger of my situation, and am willing to take the consequences."

He was ready to die rather than betray his friends.

Gen. Dodge remonstrated with the young prisoner, and insisted that he tell the name of his informant. Davis answered steadfastly:

"I will not tell. You are doing your duty as a soldier, and I am doing mine. If I have to die, I do so feeling that I am doing my duty to God and to my country."

Pleading was useless. He thanked Gen. Dodge for his kind interest, but remained firm. Davis was condemned to death. The night before his execution he wrote a pathetically brave letter to his mother and father.

The morning of the execution arrived. Davis was put into a wagon and taken to the courthouse square. The condemned man, seeing some of his friends at a window, bowed a last farewell. Arriving at the gallows, Davis asked Capt. Armstrong how long he had to live. The reply was, "fifteen minutes." Davis then asked for the news. Capt. Armstrong told him of the Confederate defeat at Missionary Ridge. He expressed much regret, and said: "The boys will have to fight without me."

Gen. Dodge still had hope that Davis would reveal the name of the traitor in the Federal camp and thus save his own life. One of the officers of Gen. Dodge rapidly approached the scaffold and asked the youth if it would not be better for him to speak the name of

the person from whom he had received the document found upon him, adding: "It is not too late yet."

Davis replied: "If I had a thousand lives I would lose them all before I would betray my friends, or the confidence of my informant."

He then requested the officer to thank Gen. Dodge for his efforts to save him, but to repeat that he could not accept the terms. Turning to the chaplain he asked that a few keepsakes be kept for his mother. He then said he was ready, bowed his head and stepped upon the trap.

Another noble young life was sacrificed for love of the South.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

A Veteran's Opinion of Gov. Smith. SOLDIERS' HOME, Jan. 21, 1898.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES:] In the Record of yesterday we find that Corporal W. H. Farley resigned in consequence of a certain order issued by the Governor, and for the moment this hasty action of the corporal, as it certainly will lead to the destruction of the home.

Now let us see what this recently-imported Governor has done for the home.

First of all, he broke up the different rings and messes, especially the kitchen ring.

Second—He gave us better cooks and excellent bakers.

Third—He brought the contractors to terms. We have now better meats than we ever had.

Fourth—He demonstrated that California grows fine potatoes and not rotten ones, as we used to get.

Fifth—He examines personally goods delivered, and when not up to the full standard he sends them back, as he has done several times.

Sixth—He ordered a decent burial for deceased veterans, and for all this he is reminded of the dastardly dynamite outrage perpetrated on his sick wife and child.

VERITAS.

SPEAK TO THY SOUL.

The dawn came to me like pearls of God's own setting, each rimmed round by time's glad golden hours. How fair they are, how full of beauty!

Each has its life, each throbs with new desire, pulses with thoughts that upward do aspire To nobler life, to broader being's gear. Each, but a part of one great wondrous whole.

The whole of life! 'Tis mystery we seek! Oh, what it means! what the self-to-be Of earth's full story of the life of men! We live not to ourselves, and yet again, Our lives we live alone, for there are deeps In each mind-world where silence ever keeps Its soundless rule, no word, no voice of speech.

Naught but God's eye this realm can ever reach. There is a stratum of subconscious self That's strange to us as some star-world afar, Swinging in space, whose distance e'er will bar Our entrance. I know not what's within me.

What thoughts may leap to consciousness and live In strength of purpose and intensity Of deeds—deeds that unto the world shall give.

To what else were dark a shining glory, Bright with the luster of their simple story. List! O, list! Dear heart, about thee gear, Of the grand What-may-be if we but see Duty at action's helm, guiding for aye The race of men! Oh, what high destiny Swims in the Vast!

Waiting to

The Times

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Jan. 22.—[Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.59; at 5 p.m., 30.15. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 41 deg. and 53 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 61 per cent.; 5 p.m., 75 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., northeast, velocity 5 miles; 5 p.m., southwest, velocity 5 miles. Maximum temperature, 53 deg.; minimum temperature, 30 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

DRY BULB TEMPERATURES.

Los Angeles 42 San Francisco 46

San Diego 40 Portland 34

Weather Conditions.—There has been a general fall in pressure during the past twenty-four hours west of the Mississippi River, except in the Southwest, where it has risen. The temperature has fallen east of the mountains from 10 to 15 deg., and zero temperatures are reported from the Upper Missouri Valley. The temperature has risen generally west of the mountains, except on the immediate coast. There has been a marked rise in temperature at Carson City. The weather continues cool in California, with occasional frosts.

Forecast.—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Continued fair, cool weather tonight and Sunday, with frosts in low grounds tonight.

WEATHER FORECAST:
SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 22.—For Southern California: Partly cloudy Sunday, with light snow in mountain regions; clear, with a northern portion; danger of killing frosts Sunday night; brisk westerly, shifting to northerly wind.

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The Seattle Review assures its readers that "the great demand, and the consequent advance in price, of dogs for Klondike travel, has in a great measure restored public confidence in the quality of sausage now sold in this city."

Hospitality is again proffered by Pasadena. The News says: "A sensational fool preacher in Oakland is preaching a series of sermons dealing them on Durand and his trial. Somebody ought to take a shot at this pulpit jawsmith and then send him down to our crematory."

The Riverside Daily Press emits this patient plaint: "We would be glad to see a few of those miraculous applications of electricity to the uses and conveniences of common life which have been promised us so long, materialize in actual shape, and we do not think we are unreasonable either."

A little sting is given its neighbors by the Sacramento Bee, which disrespectfully remarks: "Those double-column editorials in the San Francisco newspapers would look and read much better if they were written by something superior to half-column intellects."

The San Bernardino Sun is now shining on the grand jury, and records with glee that "in reply to the taunts occasionally made about the grand jury of 1898, that they did nothing, a member says: 'The grand jury of 1898 was drawn to do nothing; was emancipated to do nothing; was instructed to do nothing; was paid to do nothing; and did nothing.' That grand juror knew his business all right."

Regrets have come in from the Pasadena Star, which sorrowfully remarks: "A shocking report comes from the ostrich farm that Maj. McKinley—a magnificent bird and the pride of the ranch—has kicked his wife to death. This is bad, and all the worse because the culprit bears the honored name of our great President. If it were only Grover Cleveland, now, what a bulge we'd have on the Democratic party."

The Fresno Expositor has the nerve to remark: "Mrs. Alice Rollins Crane has gone to Alaska as a writer and a commissioner for the Smithsonian Institution. And if she is dressed like that picture of her in yesterday's Examiner she will probably have a rush of blood to the head while her feet handle will suffer from cold. The artist that built the bloomers cut them off too soon." If Alice had time she would set her Klondike dog on the Expositor man with orders to make his bloomers more inadequate than hers.

The Willows Journal made a center shot in remarking that "the counties which have contributed funds for San Francisco's Golden Jubilee are suckers. When San Francisco has a celebration of any kind it's all for San Francisco, and no other part of the State. If the press and people of San Francisco would wake up and do something to advertise and develop Northern California, it would be of more benefit to her in the long run, than periodical celebrations, which are gotten up to rake in the shakels of the people of the north, and never in any way do they get a cent of it back."

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

The Mercury Reaches the Lowest Point of the Season.

RIVERSIDE, Jan. 22.—[Regular Correspondence.] Friday night was one of the coldest of the season in Riverside. At midnight the mercury registered 35 deg., but in the early morning it took a sudden drop to 25 deg., and in some exposed places to 24 deg. The orchardists generally took to smothering straw and coal behind the favorite commodities employed to raise the temperature. It is impossible as yet to estimate the damage done by the frost.

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

The newly-fitted-up Y.M.C.A. Auditorium was well filled Friday night on the occasion of the benefit concert. The Aeolian grand organ ground out several selections. Prof. Kennedy's string quartet, consisting of Miss Kennedy and J. C. Mahlin and Miss Mattie Dyer, violins, and John Clark, cello, played several selections, and Miss Cook and Isabel Curt and Lyman Brown were heard in vocal selections.

Thomas Bakewell, an old and prominent citizen of Riverside, died this morning.

Gustav Walter Spreading Out.
KANSAAS CITY (Mo.), Jan. 22.—Gustav Walter, who controls vaudeville theaters in San Francisco, Los Angeles and Sacramento Cal., has leased the well-established playhouse in Kansas City, known as the Ninth-street Theater. He will secure possession on February 6. It is announced that the new management will establish a permanent stock company in the theater, and as additional attractions vaudeville performers will be ordered weekly.

MERINO underwear sale. Half prices rule. Ville de Paris, 221-223 S. Broadway.

HALL OF INDUSTRY.

PERMANENT HOME PRODUCTS EXHIBITION FORMALLY OPENED.

Speeches, Mutual Congratulations, Good Wishes to Eat, and Much Fun Strictly in Order The Hall Comfortably Crowded.

The Permanent Home Products Exhibition was formally opened last night, and probably twenty-five hundred people were in attendance.

Though all of the exhibitors had not yet succeeded in getting their goods displayed, there were enough to give the hall a very attractive appearance. The length of the hall is 388 feet, running from Main through to Los Angeles street, with a width of 71 feet on Main street. The main aisle is eighteen feet wide, with a row of booths on each side. There is a row of booths running down the center of the hall, interrupted by a large fountain sustaining an aquarium well filled with Japanese gold fish. The base of the fountain is tastefully surrounded with ferns and various other potted plants. At the left and opposite the fountain, are the offices of the secretary and directors of the exhibition; also a ladies' dressing-room, with a band stand overhead.

At the extreme end of the hall is the assembly room, or what will later on be used as a produce exchange, capable of seating 600 people. In this room refreshments were served. The hall was brilliantly illuminated with six 2000-candle-power arc and 260 incandescent lights.

At 8:45 R. H. Herron, chairman of the Exhibition Committee, made a few remarks pertinent to the occasion, and formally declared the Permanent Home Products Exhibition open. He said he regretted that all of the exhibitors had not succeeded in getting their wares displayed, but that everything would be in proper shape by Monday evening, when the hall would be thrown open to the general public.

Prof. L. Baker, president of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association, made an address in which he extended to the people of Los Angeles, and especially to the ladies, a cordial invitation to visit the hall and become better acquainted with home products. Mayor M. P. Snyder was then introduced and responded as follows:

MAYOR SNYDER'S ADDRESS.
"It has sometimes occurred to me that we of Southern California do not fully appreciate that we live in the most perfect land under the sun, where all the conditions of life are the most favorable. We who have resided here for a few years cannot help being impressed with the truth of this, and it seems to me that it should be the personal duty of every fortunate resident of Southern California to aid in dissemination of facts regarding it. 'The Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association is an important factor in this important work, and the city of Los Angeles is to be congratulated that it possesses so enterprising and progressive a body. We know that every day brings it renewed health and vigor. Here by reason of perfect health, man occupies a high plane, with more energy and a larger ambition, which enables him to accomplish great results. He conceives and carries out large enterprises to add to the general fund of pleasure and prosperity."

"This, the opening night of a permanent home-products exhibition in the city of Los Angeles, is a most notable epoch in the history of phenomenal progress. When the old settlers—the pioneers—stop for a moment to think of the past, they believe what they see today is real. Sometimes it seems a dream to me, when my mind carries me back to those days when this was a sleepy pueblo, a town of scattered adobe and a handful of hardy, contented people. How different from today. We have a city of about one hundred and ten thousand people, a city of handsome buildings, a city of wealth, culture and refinement—the queen city of the great West. 'Everywhere is heard the noise and bustle of a metropolis. There are all kinds of factories, and the number is increasing rapidly, so rapidly as soon to entitle Los Angeles to classification with the great manufacturing centers of the United States. A large percentage of the consumers' supplies is manufactured here. Business is being kept right at home. Even the material for our big steel blocks are turned out at home. These are conditions that will give Los Angeles ahead and make it a Chicago."

"This permanent home-products exhibition, the work of that grand organization, the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association, will do incalculable good. It will act as a stimulus to home industries. It will ever keep before the eye of the consumer the fact that Los Angeles can produce as good an article as any other section of the country. It will keep money at home. Every one of us should help along the good work. I know that every member of the city government is heartily in sympathy with the efforts of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association, and will at all times be found ready and willing to place his shoulder to the wheel of progress."

OTHER SPEECHES.

Hon. J. S. Slauson represented the Chamber of Commerce. He said that Gen. Foran, presently in the city, was to have been present; that his absence was something unavoidable.

Mr. Slauson remarked that many members of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association were members of the Chamber of Commerce, and that he was there to greet them in their new home, and give them assurance of the Chamber of Commerce. He then spoke of the advantages of patronizing home industries.

Mr. Daniels, president of the Board of Trade, made a brief speech. He said the Board of Trade was composed almost entirely of wholesale dealers, persons directly interested in the rapid development of the country. He said he believed this could only be successfully brought about through the manufacturers. If Los Angeles were to be the greatest city west of the Mississippi River, more factories would have to be established. At present there are but 20 factories in Los Angeles, and that number should be doubled.

Col. H. G. Otis was discovered to be in the room, and a speech was demanded of him forthwith. He responded as follows: "Ladies and gentlemen: I was called up here to sit down, but while I am up I will express the common sentiment which I know prevails here, that this exhibition may develop it, is not yet fairly begun—that it may develop into something very creditable to Los Angeles. I believe that when our people undertake a home enterprise, it is almost sure to be a success, and this is only one of the many steps which Los Angeles has taken in the splendid progress she is now making. In my judgment, there is no spot in this country that has such brilliant

A Profitable Surprise

Is what we have arranged for every customer visiting our store tomorrow as it is the final wind-up of our odds and ends sale. We are going to give you more for your money than you would expect to get. This space will only allow us to mention a few of them.

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|--|-----|
| 25c Colored Japanese Handkerchief, 5 for | 25c |
| 25c Seamless Socks, Merino, 2 pair | 25c |
| 50c Regular Made Merino and Cashmere Socks | 25c |
| 50c Cotton Ribbed Underwear | 25c |
| 75c Heavy Cotton Ribbed Underwear | 45c |
| Underwear | 45c |
| 150 All-wool Winter-weight Drawers | 95c |
| 81.00 Percal Shirts | 65c |
| 100 Percal Shirts | 45c |
| 10c Night Robes | 35c |
| 10c Night Robes | 50c |

Our entire line of Mackintoshes at cost.

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124 S. SPRING STREET.

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In order to reduce stock preparatory to taking the usual inventory, a large variety of good titles in

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The largest, most varied and most complete stock of books west of Chicago.

All our musical instruments and supplies are selected by men of experience. We handle the production of the world's best makers. Southern California Music Co., 216 315 W. Third St. Broadway Block.

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Don't buy one before coming to see ours. For ACTUAL VALUE represented, we guaranteed to be the cheapest in the city.

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257 South Spring St., Near Third.

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SHOES THAT SELL.

I AM My Own Salesman, and can give you values at the minimum cost. It will pay you to see my

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BURNS, 240 S. SPRING STREET.

Alaska.

All the route by boat to Dawson for \$200. This pays for 1000 pounds provisions delivered. Also allowed \$25 pounds. E. W. REED & CO., agents.

138 Wilson Block.

prospects as has Los Angeles. The soil is productive, the climate unexcelled, the lines of connection good, and the people among the most enterprising on the continent of America. We are therefore reasonably sure of a development in the next ten years which will astonish the world."

This terminated the speech-making, and Chairman Herron invited everybody present to refresh themselves at the long table at the right, which held a tempting array of bowls of punch and other good things. The audience liked the suggestion, for it responded as one person, and drank to the success of the exhibition, the health of everybody in general and themselves in particular.

Admission last night was by card only, but Monday evening the doors will be thrown open to the public.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE.

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Wash Dress Fabrics.

Spring 1898 Season.

Our informal Spring Opening in this Department will take place

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Newest Fabrics, Choicest Colorings, Latest Designs in

Roses, Blossoms, Leaves, Buds, Sprays, Vines,

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In effects and colorings, nature surpassed by art. Especial attention has been given to this department this season.

Every Reliable Fabric from the Best

English, Irish, Scotch, Swiss and

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Can be found upon our counters at the

Lowest Possible Prices.

Increased space and extra salesmen will be

Additional Features

of the opening event. Inspection solicited.

H. JEVNE

To Our Regular Customers:

Many of you are not aware that our stock of Perfumes, Toilet Articles and Soaps is fully abreast of the best drug stores, and that you can order these goods of us when our man calls, just the same as you order groceries or the fresh-every-hour confectionery.

208-210 S. Spring St., Wilcox Building.

Opera Glasses

At a Reduction of

20 Per Cent.

We have too many of these goods left over from our Holiday stock, all fine goods, and have resolved to convert them into money.

Opera Glasses marked regularly at \$4.00, sell at...\$3.20

Opera Glasses marked regularly at \$7.50, sell at...\$6.00

Opera Glasses marked regularly at \$10, sell at...\$8.00

Enough said—take the glasses; we'd rather have the money.

S. G. MARSHUTZ, OPTICIAN, 245 South Spring St.

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Of Finest, Rarest, Genuine

TURKISH, PERSIAN, BOKHARA, RUGS

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Special Importation for Los Angeles Direct from Turkey Just Arrived. This magnificent collection, with its entire stock, WILL BE SOLD OUT AT PEREMPTORY

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Mr. Mihran has decided to close his store in Los Angeles, hence he comes to dispose of his Big and Exquisite Stock at Auction at Whatever Price It Brings, and He Means It.

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Norwalk Butter, 2-pound rolls - 50c

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Fine Creamery Butter, 29-ounce rolls, 34c

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| Large can Tomatoes, per can | 64c | Rex Ham, per lb. | 10c |
| 12 pounds New Butter | 50c | Mild-cure Ham, per lb | 9c |
| 10 pounds Rolled Oats | 25c | 9 Bars German Family Soap | 25c |
| 5 pounds Good Starch | 25c | 50c Flour, per sack | 25c |
| Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuits | 25c | 50c Cereal | 25c |
| 5 gallons Kerosene | 40c | 5 gallons Gasoline | 25c |
| Dr. Price's 1-lb Baking Powder | 35c | 5 pounds Rice | 25c |
| 7 boxes Sardines | 25c | 7 pounds Sage or Tapioca | 25c |
| Lion or Arbuckle Coffee, per lb. | 10c | Best Full-cream Cheese, per lb. | 10c |

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314 & 316 SOUTH SPRING ST. Superior Stoves and Ranges.

We've Got the Klondicitis.

We have just received from the world's largest manufacturers of Alaskan outfits a complete sample line of their goods. We are not going to sell these goods outright. We are going to take orders for the manufacturers, for which service we receive a commission. We are not going to charge a cent profit. We get our pay from the maker. We can save outfitting parties considerable time and money, and we will.

LOWMAN & CO., 131 South Spring.

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Those intending to join the army of gold-seekers in the frozen North should take advantage of the greatly reduced prices at which we are Closing Out Our Entire Stock of Men's Heavy Ulsters and Double-breasted Winter-weight Suits; every garment made and sold on honor, and at the reduced prices are Genuine Bargains, which intending purchasers cannot afford to overlook. Do not wait, expecting to do better in San Francisco or Seattle, or you will surely regret it. Come and let us convince you of the values we are offering.

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Mullen & Bluett Clothing Co.,

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CLOTHES YOU'D BE PROUD OF.

Our line of woollens was never larger at this season of the year than it is today. The stock is a duplicate of what can be seen at the finest tailoring establishments in New York or Chicago. If you are going to make an Eastern trip and want your clothes to be of the latest style, you will get what you want by leaving your order with us. We do not make suits for less than \$25. We do not make trousers for less than \$8. But we do give you clothes that you need not be ashamed to wear in any city or in any society in the world.

Polaski Bros., TAILORING, 224 W. Third St. Bradbury Bldg.

FANCY ROCKERS.

Come see our large line of Mahogany, Flemish, Malachite, Forest Green and Golden Oak Chairs.

Chairs

W. S. ALLEN, 332-334 S. Spring St.

OUR MORNING SERMON.

SHOULD WE "MEDITATE" NOWADAYS?

By Rev. Wm. Chalmers Covert,

Pastor Merriam Park Presbyterian Church, St Paul, Minn.

For as he thinketh in his heart so is he.

[Proverbs xxiii, 7.]

MEDITATION, in the mind of the modern man, favors of the medieval monk and monasteries. In these days of imperious mercantile demands, this art of personal silent intercourse with oneself has little place. Even the capacity for absorption in thought on high and uplifting themes is in peril. What power we are thus daily losing we may never know.

When the Roman soldier at the fall of Syracuse came upon old Archimedes working mathematical problems in the sand, and challenged him to salute the Roman insignia, the only reply he received from the deeply engrossed geometer was, "Get out of my light." Nothing could break into the sacred cloisters of his thought, where he held communion with the greatest realities of life to him. This was not a pitiable freak of absent-mindedness that cost Archimedes his life, but it was a deliberate shutting out of mind to the world about him, in order to accomplish the discovery of new principles and powers for a larger life. This is what makes the Archimedes of the world.

As a practical power in every walk of life, to arrest men and bring them back to the only true lines along which the human soul can find its largest capacity, well directed meditation cannot be overestimated.

This may be contrary to the general supposition, for meditation seems to this busy age to have in its very nature something intangible, visionary, impractical. Let us see.

Two things we must remember: First, that a man's soul is the place of his greatest possible growth. He is only great as his soul is great. He reaches his highest stature as a spiritual man. A certain pugilist was a most perfectly developed physical man, but the physical overshadowed both the mental and spiritual, and he will be remembered as a brute.

The most illimitable field for a man's growth lies on his spiritual side. He has power in this inner world of his soul as nowhere else. He can reach toward the highest and holiest, and lay hold upon the deepest and most enduring things possible to human character. The spiritual, that part of every man's nature, and as the field of his greatest growth, is not vividly enough grasped by this practical age. The wand and longings of the spiritual nature are not thrust upon him as are the other wants of his being. Hence the spiritual nature is not so keenly appreciated. But for all that, the soul is the place of the most conspicuous and enduring growth, and we must realize it in order to grow.

The second thing that needs to be remembered in order to give meditation the right place in our lives as a means of growth is, that all growth is silent and inward.

This is true in spite of the fact that we measure growth by increased diameters, longer scepters of power, and larger accumulations of wealth. This is the bias of our times. We are impatient with anything invisible or silent, and have little faith in its actual reality. We stand on this point while every analogy of nature is against us.

The strongest forces of God's natural world are silent and invisible. Electricity, that strange, silent fluid, now such a necessary factor in the business life of the world, flows on in a current as silent as it is invisible. The mysterious energies bound up in a little seed, strong enough to burst a mighty rock, passing through their marvelous evolutions from inert nothingness to final flower and fruitage, never break the profound silence nor exploit their wonderful secrets. So it is with the growth of a man's soul; and, viewed in this light, meditation seems to be more in harmony with our ideas of power.

We cannot, however, declare that there is power for growth of soul in meditation, and urge it as a practice, until we first make clear what kind of meditation we have in mind. Is this some visionary, monkish conception, or is there enough substance in it to commend it to practical reasoning men, who are really anxious to be the best and do the most in this life of which they are capable?

The kind of meditation that this workaday, material age needs, if it is to have serious, thoughtful men and women in state and society and church, must be practical. It must be practical, in that it is to be done in the world, and not in a cloister, but contemplative in the eyes of the world, in spite of its holy theme. Old Peter, the Stylite, stood for a whole generation on a high pedestal meditating and preaching before the people without apparent results. On the other hand, Rev. Francis E. Clark, D.D., the founder of the Christian Endeavor Society, also meditated, but his meditation was struck through with a practical spirit, and over two million of young people were gathered into the Christian Endeavor banner within a decade.

Meditation in order to our growth must be related to some outward purpose and controlled by it. It is not reverie. Reverie is the mind on a pleasure trip, and its most unimportant consideration is its destination. It enjoys the beauties and pleasing experiences of the journey and is satisfied.

Neither will mere lofty, abstract thought enlarge a man's soul. It may even distract him, and throw him from the track of large usefulness in the world. The great characteristic of meditation is its practical connection with life. It may even distract him, and throw him from the track of large usefulness in the world.

Now can meditation, thus qualified, be mere thought about one's self. That may be belittling to a man under certain circumstances, but it is in itself a practical connection with life. It may even distract him, and throw him from the track of large usefulness in the world.

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with great force upon us. We are now ready for the conclusion.

The mighty power in meditation is tested by the test which it sets. "As he thinketh in his heart so is he." In other words, you become in this world and the next just what your thoughts are. You grow in their direction and into their quality. Their inward beauty or ugliness inevitably sets in the outward forms of your character. Little thoughts make little souls; great thoughts, great souls. Dr. Jekyl and Mr. Hyde are not the character products of outward circumstances, but of the overmastering power of silent thoughts and passions. As Dr. Jekyl thinks in his heart so is he. As Mr. Hyde thinks in his heart so is he.

In view of the fact that we become as we think, and are made bad or good by our thinking, it is vitally important that we dwell upon proper thoughts. Men must meditate on that which they desire their lives to embody. This busy, money-making day of ours, when the world is so full of material things, is dwarfed by the overtaxing duties of mercantile life, and thus hindered in the highest achievements of character, needs to have this duty of thoughtful meditation thrust upon her.

Busy, drudging men and women, in defense of your souls, seize upon the paths of idle thinking, and keep to them in spite of distractions. Follow them into the fields where the fragrance of pure thoughts born of the perfect, untainted life and character of Jesus Christ exhales all about you. Meditate practically upon the great right thoughts of His relations, His duties, His responsibilities, His highest development. Think soberly of His experiences, sweet or sad, and build a right philosophy out of them. As the man who lives forever and becomes as they think, grapple in your thoughts seriously with the great themes suggested by what you are, by what you ought to be and by what you may become.

Above all, in order to the highest life, meditate on God and your relations to Him as He reveals Himself to you. And know that by His grace, through this very process of meditation on Him and His character and your duty to Him, you are to be finally brought to the terminal product of your soul's growth unto His likeness.

Thoughtful men and women, when fashion and breath of the world's tide and the progress of your soul toward God's likeness depend on the quality and direction of your thinking, there is certainly thrust upon you a responsibility that no serious mind can deny nor honest heart desire to elude. [Through the Newspaper Sermon Association.]

RELIGIOUS THOUGHT.

AN EPITOME OF THE SERMONS OF A WEEK.

CHRISTIAN FELLOWSHIP. Fellowship with Jesus secures the highest culture known to men. [Rev. Dr. F. Sample, Presbyterian, New York City.]

INTIMACY. The confidence in God is one of the noblest attributes of the soul, but intimacy causes contempt. [Rabbi Friedman, Denver.]

DIVINE HELP. Every man must be his own savior. God will help only those that help themselves. [Dr. Joseph Silverman, Hebrew, New York City.]

THE MISSION OF LIFE. Life is a mission where we are to build the foundations for an illimitable future. [Rev. B. Fay Mills, Evangelist, Boston, Mass.]

DISCIPLINE. The trust in Providence robs disappointment of its sting.

and sorrow becomes a method of discipline. [Rabbi Friedman, Hebrew, Denver, Colo.]

HOPE AND FAITH. Faith being absent, all is absent. Faith is mightiest where there is neither means nor hope. [Rev. Dr. Roughton, Methodist, Cincinnati, O.]

SPIRITUAL COURAGE. Only a moral hero, while the body quakes and the face is pallid with fear, can meet the trials of this world. [Rev. H. I. Nicholas, Presbyterian, Philadelphia, Pa.]

TRUE PRAYER. Humility is the foundation of all true prayer, and without it every other grace of the soul will wither and die. [Rev. Edward McKim, Methodist, Cincinnati, O.]

HUMAN DESTINY. There is but one destiny. Some day every soul, however stained, however small, however distorted, shall rise. [Dr. Minot Savage, Unitarian, New York City.]

THE BOND OF SOCIETY. Truth at all costs should be the watchword of every honest soul. The bond of society is confidence. [Rev. J. Q. A. Henry, Baptist, Chicago, Ill.]

THE LOST WAY. We must bring the affections and intellect into closer conjunction if we would reach a fully developed manhood and womanhood. [Rev. C. T. Woolley, Independent, Chicago, Ill.]

SACRED WORK. All work done in a religious spirit is sacred work, for Christianity ennobles and consecrates all work which is done for the welfare of man. [Bishop Falloward, Episcopal, Chicago, Ill.]

LOOKING BACKWARD. Thousands of men and women start for the kingdom, but they look back. Men, if you look back, you are not fit for the kingdom of heaven. [Rev. James W. Farland, Presbyterian, Denver, Colo.]

HOME AND HARMONY. Put honor on the mother, and the home goes on in sweetness and harmony, and elevation of sentiment and in all refining influences. [Rev. Dr. F. A. Noble, Congregationalist, Chicago, Ill.]

SEX AND RELIGION. Much as we admire woman, much as we rejoice in her Christian character and services, we should feel there was something lacking either in religion or in the male sex if that religion did not attract and win men as its adherents. [Rev. Dr. S. W. Dana, Presbyterian, Philadelphia.]

ANSWER TO PRAYER. The lesson for you and for me is that the best answer to our prayers is in God's coming to us and revising our plans for higher use. [Bishop W. F. Nichols, Episcopal, San Francisco, Cal.]

THE HOME. Family life is the seed bed of all the loveliest graves and the strongest virtues, and it is the will of God that family life should exist. [Rev. Dr. R. Thomas, Congregationalist, Brookline, Mass.]

OUR STOREHOUSE. Grand and noble realms of being lie stored up within us, which may be opened up as fast as we are willing to live from above instead of from below. [Rev. John Goddard, Unitarian, Cincinnati, O.]

SOCIAL ECONOMY. The cornerstone of human rights is endangered in the adjustment of great social and economic questions of the day. [Rev. M. S. Levy, Rabbi, San Francisco.]

THE JUDICIAL SYSTEM. This judicial man has two careers to live in one lifetime—the care and development of his body and the culture of his soul by the denial and through that by reason. [Rev. B. O. Aylsworth, Disciple, Denver.]

TAKE AWAY THE PAIN. Let us take away the pain from the heart of God by removing it from the souls and bodies of men. Let us remember that "to lift the burden of humanity is to reach the kingdom of heaven." [Rev. C. W. Williams, Baptist, Denver.]

GRAVITATION. Heaven is not a reward or hell, a punishment. No man can reach it by his own power. Eternal bliss or bad enough to merit everlasting misery, but both are states into which a man naturally gravitates by his attitude toward God, by his use of

the highest things. [Rev. Dr. Frank Crane, Methodist, Chicago.]

THE TRUTH OF CHRIST. Christ is the living truth, not a string of formulas, not a metaphysical abstraction, but a noble, beautiful, and venerable. He is embodied truth, the knowledge of whom is better than the discipline of sacred metaphysics. [Rev. Dr. Barrows, Presbyterian, Chicago.]

A VAST PROBLEM. Every generation of the world's history is confronted by some important problem to the solution of which the best minds and the truest hearts must lend their every energy. Our time has a vast problem. [Rev. Father Ducey, Roman Catholic, New York City.]

THE VOICE OF CHRIST. The voice of Jesus answers more questions, supplies more motives, solves more difficulties, satisfies more needs and furnishes more immutable hopes than any voice which has been heard through the ages. [Rev. L. M. Clarke, Presbyterian, Brooklyn.]

THE BETTER SIDE. All that is noblest in our nature draws its life from the spiritual world. When we come here, we think of these things, and no man ever yet contemplated this side of his nature without being better for it. [Rev. Dr. Hincley, Unitarian, Philadelphia.]

PIETY. The effect of genuine piety will enable you as a business man to see God in everything. It will give you an energy and buoyancy of spirit that will make your very presence refreshing and not wearisome to others. [Rev. Dr. Harcourt, Methodist, Philadelphia.]

CLOUDS AND SUNSHINE. Clouds, after all, are not such bad things. All sunshine becomes monotonous. I think God has darkened our lives that against the cloud of mystery we may paint a picture of Him, of loyalty and love and life. [Rev. A. Haynes, Congregationalist, Chicago.]

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perfect in its trust; unquestioning in its love; ready to be led and guided; ready to follow wherever the parent's feet shall lead. If we were like the little child in this, how different, how much more joyous would our Christian life be. We should live close to the Savior, should feel the very touch of His hand, the light of His smile, and the continued joy of His presence. Ah, how much of spiritual life and gladness we miss through failure to live near the Master and to become as little children in our loving trust in Him.

We "kick against the pricks" whenever we miss through failure to live in opposition to God's way. We do so whenever we are unwilling to yield submissively to His providences, saying if only things could be thus and so, then would I be content.

Struggling Christian, do you not believe in the wisdom and tender mercy of Our Father? Does not He who sees the end from the beginning know what is best for His children, and will He not give them that which is best for them if they will but trust Him?

Trust is the powerful lever which lifts our hearts to heaven, and I want to say to you, oh trouble-burdened soul, just try the method of trust when your heart is heavy. Say to yourself with the dawn of every new day, I will begin this day by taking my troubles to God. I will carry them to the mercy seat, and I will lay them down, and I will leave them there. And then if thought of them comes to disturb me again, I will say, I have nothing more to do with these troubles, for I have taken them to God in prayer, and I will not think of them any more or feel any further anxiety about them, because I have put them away from me into His hands, believing that God will dispose of them in the way that will be best for me, and I am not going to dishonor Him by any further worry or anxiety about them. If you could do this, how soon would you feel the light shining from heaven's mercy seat, and God's presence in your heart, and sing for very gladness that you are in His hands.

A sacred burden is the life we bear. Look on it, lift it, bear it solemnly. Stand up and walk beneath it steadily. Will not our Father, our Heavenly Father, but on, and up until the goal we win.

Peace is the goal and nearer it we may come by the way of submission. Sorrow can never walk the path we tread. When we through trust in Christ are freed

Just on the boundaries of the spirit land!

The chain of being is complete in me; In me is matter's last gradation lost, And the next step is spirit—deity! I can command the lightning, and am dust; A monarch and a slave; a worm; a god! Whence came I here, and how? so many

Constructed and conceived? Unknown! This lives surely through some higher energy; For from itself alone it could not be!

Creator, yes! Thy wisdom and Thy word Created me! Thou source of life and good! Thou spirit of my spirit, and my Lord! Thy light, Thy love, in their bright plenitude Filled me with an immortal soul to spirits Over the abyss of death, and bade it wear The garments of eternal day, and wing Its heavenly flight beyond this little sphere, Even to its source—to Thee, its Author there.

O thoughts ineffable! O visions blest! Though worthless our conceptions all of Thee, Yet shall Thy shadowed image fill our breast, And wait its homage to Thy Deity. God, thus alone my lowly thoughts can soar! Thus seek Thy presence—being wise and good! Midst Thy vast works admire, obey, adore; And when the tongue is eloquent no more, The soul shall speak in tears of gratitude.

"The force of this simile can hardly be imagined by those who have never witnessed the sun shining, with unclouded splendor, in a cold of twenty to thirty degrees of Reaumur. A thousand and ten thousand sparkling stars of ice, brighter than the brightest diamonds, play on the surface of the frozen snow, and the slightest breeze sets up a multitude of icy atoms in motion, whose glancing light and beautiful rainbow hues dazzle and weary the eye."

The French painter, Edouard Chantelat, is preparing for the exposition of 1900 a large canvas representing the reception of the Emperor and Empress of Russia at the Hotel de Ville, Paris.

Even like past moments in eternity.

Thou from primal nothingness didst call First chaos, then existence; Lord, on Thee Eternity had its foundation; all

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Even like past moments in eternity.

Thou from primal nothingness didst call First chaos, then existence; Lord, on Thee Eternity had its foundation; all

The Last Word.

To all patients who may be suffering from Catarrh, Asthma, Lung Trouble, Nervous Diseases, Rheumatism and all chronic affections of the Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, Drs. Shores have this to say: No matter how much money you have spent for doctors and medicines, come and we will examine you free of charge. And to all patients who apply before Feb. 1 we will treat them until cured for five dollars per month and furnish all medicines free. This is for your benefit, and will hold good until Feb. 1 only. After that time it will positively be withdrawn. All you need is Five Dollars, no matter what complication of diseases you may have. Five dollars pays the bill for a month's treatment and medicines until cured.

Drs. Shores' expert specialty treatment is a success. It is no experiment. For Four Years it has stood the test in Los Angeles, and today is the most successful treatment now in use.

Home Treatment Cures.

No one deprived of the benefits of the Drs. Shores' Treatment because of living at a distance from the office. The same wonderful and uniform success attending the treatment of Drs. Shores in their offices is found in their HOME TREATMENT of patients BY MAIL. By the use of a symptom blank they are able to diagnose cases and prescribe for them, and by their reports they keep a close watch upon them. WRITE FOR SYMPTOM BLANK AND HAVE YOUR CASE DIAGNOSED FREE.

Drs. Shores Cure.

Drs. Shores cure Catarrh, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Stomach Trouble, Blood Diseases, Rheumatism, Malaria, Nervous Disease, Kidney Disease, Bladder Disease, Female Complaints, Insomnia, Dysentery, Paralysis, Rickets, Scrofula, Consumption in the first stage, Liver Disease, Diseases of the Bowels, Sciatica, Spinal Diseases, Varicose, Rupture, Stricture and all Chronic and Private Diseases.

\$5 Per Month the Only Charge For All Diseases. All Medicines Free. \$5

Drs. Shores & Shores, SPECIALISTS,

345 South Main St. - Los Angeles, Cal.
Office Hours—Week Days, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Evenings, 7 to 8 p.m.; Sundays, 10

SHORT STORIES FROM MEXICO.

By a Special Contributor.

THE MERCHANT OF CABORCA.

JUAN VIVO was a man of many resources; he had often found himself in tight places, but had never yet failed to come out of his emergencies with flying colors. On this occasion, when he had drifted into the town of Caborca and found himself without a single acquaintance in the place, and, worse still, without a cent in his pocket, his mother wit did not fail him. Walking along the main street he espied a house out of which the people had evidently just moved. The front room contained a board counter and a few shelves, and on the shelves an assortment of empty bottles and boxes. It had evidently been a "tendejon," i.e. a store in which the stock in trade usually consists of a demijohn of mescal or native brandy, a dozen half bottles of beer, some cigarettes and—somewhere in the back-ground—part of a sack of flour. The first-mentioned articles, being of prime necessity to the public, being prominently displayed, and the last—being merely an incidental—relegated to the background. An idea struck Juan, and, finding the owner, he entered into negotiations for the premises. On being told the rental demanded he concluded with him, and the location was not sufficiently central and the room too small for the business he contemplated; some of the "vigas," or rafters, supporting the roof were cracked, and breaking would damage his stock, etc., etc. At last, by dint of haggling and after having duly impressed the landlord with the benefit of the opening of such an establishment would be to the community in general and to him in particular, with an artful hint that he always made it a point to give liberal credit to his friends, he succeeded in getting the place at a monthly rental of \$8 instead of \$15 as at first demanded. It should be remarked that the landlord had not the slightest idea of securing the rental he had been asked, but it seems to be a maxim among these people that "one never gets more than he asks," unless, indeed, the victim be a "Gringo," and besides, a little price, opens the way for any number of arguments, and from argument to general gossip, to which the people are invariably addicted, with the result that they while away the weary moments from one meal to another. But I am digressing. Juan, having received possession, swept the place, bore down a water pail and, collecting all the bottles, washed them, and filling and corking them with care, arranged them tastefully on the shelves. Taking one of the candle boxes he nailed on the lids, and piled them on one end of the counter. First, he filled them with rum, then with brandy, and finally, with the most choice of liquors. He then took the sidewalk and swept it, and, seating himself on a box in front of his "store," awaited developments.

Fretty soon little girl came along and, noticing the open place, timidly asked for 5 cents' worth of onions. "Mehana, mi hijita" (tomorrow, my little one), said Juan, "filling them with rum on the way." Several other would-be customers came along and were politely sent away with the same notice. Finally, a rather rosy-cheeked burrito stopped by the door; from his saddlehorn depended two bags, one on each side, containing some heavy and bulky objects. "What do you want," said, addressing Juan, "a new store, I see." "Yes, and very much at your orders," answered Juan. "In what way may I serve you?" "I want some cheese, excellent cheese; my ranch is at the Carrisal, and my cattle all rolling fat, and I will sell the cheese very cheap for the pleasure of dealing with you." Opening the sacks, Juan inspected the cheese carefully, and cutting out a liberal slice, tasted it critically. "It is mouldy and badly pressed," said Juan, "but if you sell it cheap enough and take the amount all in goods from my store, I will take it all." The price was carried in and deposited on the counter, and with his pocketknife Juan cut them all into halves, then quarters, and then in slices weighing about two ounces, as is the custom in retailing, meanwhile chatting glibly with the rancher. Finally, the rancher asked Juan how much the cheese amounted to—there were sixty pounds at 8 cents, \$4.80 in all. "Well," said the rancher, "I give me two pounds of coffee and five sugars." "I regret exceedingly that at the present moment we are entirely out of both coffee and sugar," said Juan blandly. "Then give me an arroba of flour, one of beans and small beer, and I am also out of those articles," said Juan. "Then what the deuce have you?" exclaimed the astonished rancher. "Cheese, nice fresh cheese, just from the ranch, and only 5 cents a slice," said Juan. The countryman gasped for breath, clutched the counter for support, and feebly made his way to a box on which he sat, and was lost in deep thought for a moment. After recovering himself somewhat, threats, arguments and pleadings were in turn tried, but without avail on the obstinate Juan, who insisted that he had bought the cheese on the owner's own terms, and finally, the rancher left with a load lighter by 80 per cent, but his heart heavier in proportion. It is needless to add that the sale of his share of the cheese gave Juan a start, and he was soon able to add other articles but a short time, and a few years he was the largest tendejon along the river.

THE FIREWORKS MAN OF PITIQUITO.

It was the 10th of September and the "Janta patriota" had with one exception perfected all arrangements for the proper observance of the approaching national holiday. "El diez y seis de Septiembre" is to our Mexican cousin what the Fourth of July is to us, and the committee had arranged league and repeat races between the best equestrian broncos in the country and the stake—ten head of steers and the same number of mares—was safely inclosed in the corral of the stakeholder. There were to be speeches from a canopied platform erected in the center of the Plaza de Armas, a bull-fight, and liberal spaces had been reserved for lunch and refreshment tables and such innocent games as faro, roulette, etc., in which there could be no deception. A band of music had been engaged to play patriotic airs during the day and for a grand "balle" at night. But one thing was lacking, and that was fireworks. In the United States on such an occasion all the committee has to do is to decide on the amount that can be appropriated for that purpose and the dealer makes up a proper assortment of rockets, bombs, roman candles, etc., and even supplies an expert to set off the display correctly. Here in this part of the world, however, still somewhat behind the times, all such conveniences are not at hand and men have to rely on their own resources. The public is not so hard to please and perhaps get just as much enjoyment out of their cruder efforts

as we out of our more elaborate ones. It has been remarked by managers of mines that in the summer time usually in August—the consumption of powder notably increases—in ground in which one stick formerly bored well from one and one-half to two is now required. A strange part of it is that there is a corresponding increase in the call for caps and fuses. This continues until the "diez y seis," after which the consumption drops back to the usual amount. But this is in late years. At the time of which I write the only explosive used was a black powder prepared by some of the natives who had mastered the art of making it, and consequently when the occasion demanded its use these individuals were in demand.

The old powder-maker, who had served the community faithfully for a number of years, had died a few weeks before and the committee was inquiring anxiously in every direction for a competent successor. As they had about given up hope, a ragged individual presented himself and offered his services. The chairman asked him where he had obtained it and if he was sure he had got up a display which would be a credit to the community. "Have no fears on that score," replied the expert, "I was assistant to Don Rufino Blas of Guadalupe for a number of years, and we were especially noted for the excellence of our bombs. I will give you my recipe, and you can talk of it for years." Asking for \$25 on account with which to buy material, he took his leave, and renting a room in the outskirts, he set to work with an armful of bundles and bottles. Bright and early the next day the chairman received a call from the expert, who talked of \$10 more for more material. The next day and each succeeding one a call from the expert, who talked of \$10 more for more material. The next day and each succeeding one a call from the expert, who talked of \$10 more for more material.

At daybreak the next morning the town was astir and people from the country began to arrive. The day should have been ushered in by the explosion of bombs—a substitute for the booming of cannon, but as yet not a sound. The chairman hurriedly made his way to the hill back of the church and found the assistant busily engaged touching off pieces of fuse projecting from the ground, but beyond a wreath of smoke, nothing resulted.

"And where is your patron?" demanded the chairman. "He went to A. L. Pellegrini last night after some special material. Señor, to return this morning, and directed me to attend to the salute until his return, but these fuses must be set off by him. 'Dig out some of those that haven't gone off and we will see,' directed the chairman. This was done, and being opened with due precaution, were found to contain nothing but clods of clay. "Que infeliz sin vergüenza," ejaculated the chairman, now wild with rage, "and a bigger fool I to be taken in by him. Are all the packages alike?" "All but this one which the patron directed should be set off last of all," pointing to a quicksilver flask, from which a fuse protruded. At this moment the president of the day appeared accompanied by a curious crowd. "That last is like the rest, bury it and touch it off," commanded the chairman. A wreath of smoke and a fizz and then silence. "We will tear his heart out if," but the sentence was interrupted by a deafening report followed by a shower of dirt and rock that scattered the crowd like chaff—some with sundry bruises. The exercises of the day were then thrown over the festive, and the chairman of the Committee on Fireworks that didn't go off, drowned his sorrows in the copious draught of brandy. "El ultimo cuete era para los habladores," said the wags. "The last shot was an answer to those who calumniated." A. L. PELLEGRINI.

A DEMOCRATIC WORD.

No Room for "Deficit" in the Republican Lexicon. [San Jacinto Register:] The fate is against the Democratic prophets. For months they have been predicting with ghoulish glee that the Dingley Bill would fail to provide sufficient revenue to carry on the government, and that another bond issue was inevitable. The vast importations of foreign goods for six months prior to the passage of the Republican tariff law, have, of course, worked to the lessening of immediate returns since the bill was passed. Notwithstanding all this disadvantage that it has incurred under the figures show the August receipts under the new tariff law were a little in excess of \$10,000,000. In September they increased to nearly \$22,000,000, and the report for October shows that for that month they were \$24,390,347. The monthly expenses of Uncle Sam are about \$20,000,000, so that a little further improvement is all that is necessary to meet them. That is bound to come as soon as the surplus of foreign goods is consumed. Moreover, there is now cash in the treasury to the value of \$11,000,000, to which is soon to be added the amount to be paid the government by the purchasers of the Union Pacific. There need be no fear of bond issues under this administration. The Republican party knows how to conduct business. It has the happy faculty of always working toward a surplus. In the bright lexicon of its record and its hopes there is no such word as "deficit"—that is found only in Democratic vocabularies and used only under Democratic administrations.

Fully Looked After. [Chicago News:] Suppose, said the village deacon to the minister, "that your constant prayer is that you may ever be poor and humble?" "Not exactly," replied the minister, "I pray that I may remain humble, but my congregation attend to the other part of it."

A Praiseworthy Institution. [Berkley Gazette:] "I suppose you will be glad to take a vacation," said Senator Sorghum's friend. "Oh, yes, was the reply, 'the vacation is a very praiseworthy institution, it assists in maintaining an impression that you have been working all the rest of the time.'"

Plain Talk About Two Vital Organs.

The Important Parts They Play in the Great One-Act Drama of Our Existence.

Why Many People Fail to Live Their Allotted Time; How to Keep the Human System in Working Order.

When and Where the Complex Machinery of Man Should Be Repaired and Cared For.

Advice for the Healthy as Well as the Afflicted.

During the past few weeks the human stomach has been removed without causing death, and in one particular instance, without inconvenience to the patient. The source of this information is the most reliable, and while it may confirm the oft-repeated statement that surgical operations have attained a degree of perfection during recent years that astonishes those who use the knife as well as the world at large, there is no doubt but that thousands of lives are yearly sacrificed on the operating table. And to the laity, the man who is not versed in the manner in which the body is constructed, and to what extent it may be dissected while life exists without serious or fatal damage, it seems that surgical operations should be reduced to a minimum. With this end in view and a laudable ambition to further health and happiness, The English and German Expert Specialists have devoted many years of careful research, close application and an untold amount of successful practice.

Believing it will benefit as well as interest people generally to know more about man's make-up, the doctors of this great institution propose to publish a series of illustrated articles on the subject. Today the diseases and symptoms of two of our most important organs, the kidney and the liver, will be briefly mentioned.

The thousands of cases of diseases of both of these organs which the English and German Expert Specialists have cured at various stages, during the past twenty-five years, enable them to deal with such subjects in a most intelligent manner.

The Liver. The function of the liver is to aid in the digestion of food. It also has a sugar-forming function, and makes quite a respectable quantity of liver sugar to be used in the human system. But the real work of the liver is to make and secrete bile juice.

Gallstone, with deposit at One End. This bile secretion is collected in the liver cells and ducts and passes out of the liver into the gall bladder. From this point it passes into the small intestine near the stomach. In the small intestine it meets the food from the stomach and begins its digestive action. The starchy and fatty foods are not digested by the stomach juices, hence there is much work to be performed by the bile, the pancreatic fluid and the intestinal juices before the food is passed on to the large bowel and cast off. The bile digests the starchy and fatty constituents of the food and renders them so soluble that the little absorbent vessels pick up the fine particles of nourishment and carry them away to nourish the body.

Symptoms of Liver Troubles: A sense of fullness over the liver, with a feeling of weight and dragging on that side. At times the waist bands become uncomfortable and breathing is difficult; dull pain under the right shoulder blade. On placing the fingers just below the ribs and pressing firmly over the liver surface a slight soreness will be noticed.

The stomach disorders that result from some forms of liver trouble are due to increased activity going on in that organ, and are most distressing. Sour stomach, bitter eructations, bloating, foul breath, dull headache and dislike for exertion, the dryness of throat and mouth, and bitter taste mornings are always present. The appetite is poor and the food has no flavor—even the memory fails and a depression of spirits comes on.

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either pleasant or disagreeable odors, or the smell may be like the mild fumes of ammonia. A deposit of brick dust may occur in the dark urine, and a white, cloudy deposit may appear in the lighter urine. The quantity will vary, being less when the urine is dark and greater when the urine is pale in color. Sometimes a brick-dust sediment will fall to the bottom after the urine has stood a while. Again, the deposit may be thick, white and ropy. These deposits indicate the beginning of disease in the kidneys, and should serve as a warning that help is needed. The changing of color and quantity of urine is another warning that your kidneys are wrong. Pain over the region of the kidneys in the small of the back, with dull, heavy pains extending lower down in the back, are sure signs of serious and well-established kidney trouble. The various organs of the body begin to show evidences of the trouble in the kidneys. The heart is overstrained trying to push the blood through the blocked and clogged kidneys. The blood becomes loaded with impurities that it cannot cast off in the natural way.

Microscopic examinations and chemical analyses are the surest methods of detecting in the urine signs of kidney trouble. By this process there is no uncertainty—no haphazard estimates. Each cell and particle of the granules of the deposit give up their secrets. The microscope owned and used by the English and German Expert Specialists is the most powerful and costly ever brought to the Pacific Coast.

Compound Gallstones, Eccentric Laminæ. Jaundice is the most serious complication of liver troubles and may be due to several causes. Whether it be due to catarrh of the bile ducts, tumors, cancer, abscesses, obstruction, or wasting of the liver, is an important question to be decided before intelligent treatment can be given. The methods employed by the English and German Expert Specialists are so thorough and scientific that the cause of the jaundice is carefully detected, and the treatment is then most successful.

The Kidneys. Many people realize that they are ailing from some cause or other, but neither they nor their family physician can locate the disease nor loosen the deadly fangs of the insatiable monster that has fastened upon them. Such victims must succumb at no distant day unless rescued by the help of a skillful physician.

The whole system is drained through the kidneys. The enormous quantity of impurities of the blood, including a vast amount of poisonous matter, must be carried off and drained through these organs. If they fail to fulfill their important functions, these deadly materials must remain in and taint the blood, thus hastening death.

Gall Stones. Gall stones are concretions which form in the ducts of the liver, the bile ducts and the gall bladder. The symptoms are very sudden and distressing pains, frequently of a tearing, grinding character, sometimes so severe that the sufferer faints. The English and German Expert Specialists never fail in curing this trouble.

Crystals of Uric Acid. Symptoms. The urine may give

Special Advantages Offered by The English and German Expert Specialists.

People who intrust their health in the hands of The English and German Expert Specialists bless the day they made the acquaintance of these great doctors.

All of these five physicians are careful, competent and painstaking. They have made their reputation of being the best doctors in America by

Curing the Afflicted. If you have a chronic or other ailment or weakness, or a symptom that silently admonishes you to seek the skilled assistance of experienced and reliable physicians there is only one thing to be done—Consult The English and German Expert Specialists.

They have been making marvelous cures since 1872, and today are better than ever prepared to care for the ailing, to heal the afflicted, thus making life worth living to those who are down-hearted, despondent and ready to give up the struggle for existence.

The English and German Expert Specialists are incorporated under the laws of California for \$250,000, and now occupy the largest and best equipped medical institution in the United States.

All patients have the benefit of the knowledge, experience and skill of five competent doctors, who have had many years experience in the practice of medicine among families and in hospitals, as well as those of the specialist.

Prices and terms reasonable.

Consultation and Advice Free.

CATARRH CURED FOR \$5 A MONTH

No Other Charge or Expense. All Medicines Free. The methods, remedies and appliances of our Catarrh Specialists have long been recognized as superior to all others. Relief is given at once. A permanent cure soon follows. Thousands have

warded off consumption by consulting the English and German Expert Specialists.

Partial List of Diseases Cured.

Kidney Diseases, Bladder Diseases, Insomnia, Hysteria, Paralysis, Rheumatism, Consumption, Liver Diseases, Diseases of the Bowels, Ovarian Diseases, Sciatica, Tumors, Deformities, Spinal Diseases, Rupture, All Female Complaints, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Neuralgia, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Ear and Eye Diseases, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Malaria, Nervous Diseases, Gravel, Private Diseases, Lost Manhood, etc.

Sufferers who cannot see the Doctors in person should write for symptom blanks. Correspondence solicited. All letters confidential. Private book for men, private book for women, sent sealed and free to any address.

Staff of the English and German Expert Specialists.

ANNUAL

Midwinter Number

OF THE Los Angeles Times.

Three Parts: 84 Pages (magazine size) and Cover—Over 200 Spirited Illustrations.

The largest, the best-arranged and most brilliantly illustrated; the most thorough, accurate and comprehensive; the most luminous, interesting and informing; the most picturesque, potent and graphic issue ever sent out by The Times.

Price, 10 Cents; Postage, 3 Cents.

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NEWS FROM SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA TOWNS.



PASADENA.

MERCHANTS ELATED OVER THE EXTRA MAIL SERVICE.

Meeting of the Stockholders of the Water Company Co. I State Shoot-Death of Joshua Prior. Shakespeare Club Meeting.

PASADENA, Jan. 22.—[Regular Correspondence.] The merchants of Pasadena are happy over the proposed extra mail service between this city and Los Angeles, which it is contemplated to put in service about April 1. Heretofore only two mail trains have arrived from Los Angeles, one in the forenoon and the other in the afternoon. Merchants having business with Los Angeles merchants have had to get their letters in the mail by 8 o'clock in the morning or else they could not reach business houses in Los Angeles by letter the same day. By the new arrangement entered into between the Postoffice Department at Washington and the Pasadena and Los Angeles Electric Railway Company, the mail service between the two cities will be increased three round trips between Station A in Los Angeles and Pasadena on each week day, and one trip on Sundays.

It has been a common custom for business men in Pasadena after 8 o'clock in the morning to stand at the corner of Fair Oaks avenue and Colorado street, when they had an important letter to send to Los Angeles for which an answer was wanted during the day, and get some friend going to the city to take the letter and mail it in Los Angeles, that they might receive the answer that day. As a result of this poor business method, a telephone company made many a dollar, and the merchant lost the amount in profit.

WATER COMPANY MEETING. The stockholders of the Pasadena Lake View Land and Water Company met this evening and listened to the report of the secretary, John Habbich, which showed the company in excellent financial condition. Several of the stockholders, however, the subject of the old water stock, and the meeting was largely attended, and very harmonious. The nomination of John Habbich, president, and the slate, resulted as follows: C. M. Parker, C. Brown, James Clark, E. H. Royce, John Allen, F. D. Stevens, and Craig, President; C. M. Parker presided at the meeting this evening.

JOSHUA PRIOR DEAD. Joshua Prior, aged 74 years, died yesterday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. H. C. Hotelling, on South Pasadena avenue. He was a native of Ohio and had been a resident of Pasadena for twelve years. Funeral services will be held at the residence of his daughter tomorrow at 2:30 o'clock, and interment will be in Mountain View Cemetery.

CO. I STATE SHOOT. The members of Co. I, N.G.C., enjoyed the final shoot today at the range on the Campbell-Johnson Ranch. This shoot decides the award of medals. There were several members of other companies present, who recorded their scores. The shoot was under the direction of Lieut. Thaxter and Maj. Bangham. Capt. Lippincott was in command. Although the shooting began this morning, the final shoot was not fired until just before dark. The members of other companies shooting and their scores are as follows: Lieut. A. A. Winans, 45; Capt. Lippincott, 45; Sergeant Maj. H. B. Perdue, 41; Private R. W. Lewis, Co. F, 64; Private J. B. Rhodes, Co. M, 62; Musician M. Jones, Co. F, 45.

The scores made by officers and members of Co. I were above the average and were as follows: Capt. Lippincott, 58; Sergeant, Lacey, 47; Keyler, 46; Griggs, 45; Collins, 47; Stilbans, 40; Corporals Jones, 22; Dearth, 37; Weil, 53; Coleman, 50; McNeill, 42; Privates Ashley, 25; Appleford, 27; Burr, 46; Barry, 28; Brooks, 28; Case, 61; Clapp, 27; Cooper, 23; Clyde J. B., 30; Clyde C. E., 55; Cole, 12; Coppin, 21; Cummings, 29; Cline, 47; Fay, 30; Fry, 42; Gilks, 45; Goldner, 15; Hubbard, 38; Holcombe, 42; Meyers, 21; Pressnall, 18; Stone, 22; Shaver, 29; Santong, 53; Thayer, 32; Unkle, 52; Van Buskirk, 42.

PASADENA BREVITIES. At the meeting of the Shakespeare Club this afternoon, Miss Ledora Whitcomb of this city, read an interesting paper on "The Tendencies of Modern Music." The theme was illustrated by members of the club. The attendance was unusually large.

A man giving the name of John Doe was arrested for vagrancy today by Constable Wright, and gave the officer quite a battle. He was sentenced to twenty days by Recorder Rosenthal.

Rev. Haskett Smith delivered an illustrated lecture before the guests of Hotel Green this evening. He will leave for the East on Tuesday.

The members of John F. Godfrey Post, G.A.R., will attend the funeral of W. H. Raymond tomorrow afternoon in a body.

Rev. E. L. Conger will preach in Pomona tomorrow.

Full anthracite coal. Jacobs & Son. The best hot drinks and oyster cocktails in the city, at McCament's.

Try some of those delicious poppin wafers at McCament's. They aid digestion.

All kinds of home-made bakers' delicacies at McCament's, No. 38 East Colorado.

If you want fine tailoring, go to e. R. Toltsch, No. 47, South Raymond.

Gallup, Wellington, and sole agents for Cerrillos lump coal; the best, Jacobs & Son.

Huff's specialties for Monday: Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, 50 cents; Chamberlain's Cough Cure, 50 cents. Cameras, kodaks and supplies of all kinds, new and attractive stock just opened. A. B. Post, No. 176 East Colorado.

surest of getting satisfaction of the Pasadena Electric Light and Fire Insurance Company, the leading electrical contractors of Southern California.

Neatest meat market in Pasadena. Rodgers Bros., No. 26 North Fair Oaks. The ideal Alaskan expedition of the Pasadena Mining and Trading Company is attracting much attention and some first-class men have gone into it. Fourteen thousand dollars of the stock has already been taken. For particulars, inquire of John McDonald, secretary, No. 1, Fish Block.

Prof. Hoaz, bacteriologist of Throop has made an investigation of D. Raab and Son's "Oak Hill Dairy" and his report is most complimentary. "The milk is rich, is scientifically pasteurized, is placed in properly sterilized cans, and is all right in every respect," he says. "I cannot speak too highly of it." Raab's cream and butter are also of the highest quality.

SANTA CATALINA.

Winter Travel to the Island Settling to Normal.

AVALON (Catalina Island), Jan. 22.—[Regular Correspondence.] Heretofore tourist travel to Catalina has not begun till after February 1, but the heavy travel during the week just closed presages the opening of the tourist season several weeks earlier than usual, and the office at the Metropole are beginning to take on the animated appearance that prevails there at the height of the summer season. The new ballroom, which was added to the hotel last spring, will add very materially to the pleasure of the guests this winter.

Among the first arrivals at Avalon City and who made a success of their trip to that cold country, left here Friday, having spent one day here.

A. J. Munton, M. G. and W. G. O. Fox, who have been at the Sea Beach for two weeks, left Friday.

Thursday they chartered the Santa Ana and went to White's Landing on a hunting trip. They bagged a number of quail and three foxes.

Mrs. S. H. and daughter and Miss T. Discher of St. Louis left Friday, after a pleasant visit to the island.

Rader, D. L. Rike and Miss Loma Rader, of Dayton, O., are spending a fortnight on the island. They are stopping at the Glenmore.

Dr. N. Martin and wife of Ann Arbor, Mich., returned Thursday on a three-day trip to Eagle Camp.

They came over early in November to see the island, but have concluded to remain till March.

Mrs. Dr. C. A. McDonnell gave a violet luncheon Friday noon in honor of Helen of Pittsburgh, who left on the boat at 1:30 o'clock. The table was very prettily decorated with violets and nasturtiums.

Mrs. George and Helen Price, Mrs. Anna Smith, Miss Smith, Mr. and Mrs. F. Temple Lynch, Prof. Carlos Troyer, and Miss Mary, of San Francisco, left here for the mainland.

B. Marchant, Detroit, Mich.; A. Peterson and wife, Laurel, Neb.; Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Lippy, Seattle; J. J. Cronin and wife, San Francisco; W. T. Lewis and wife, J. L. Evans, Racine; H. J. English, Elizabeth A. Folsom, M.D., Los Angeles; Mrs. E. S. Finney, daughter, Miss T. Discher, St. Louis.

ORANGE COUNTY.

A Prisoner Tries to Kill Himself With Morphine.

SANTA ANA, Jan. 22.—[Regular Correspondence.] John La Rue, a prisoner in the County Jail, attempted suicide last night by taking morphine. He was found by Deputy Sheriff Jack Landell, who went there in response to a telephone message, where La Rue had been acting strangely and frightening the residents. When arrested the man was under the influence of the drug, and soon after being locked in his cell took the dose that came near proving fatal. He was discovered at about 5 o'clock by Jailer Uim, in a death-like stupor. The jailer gave him some strong coffee, and then sent for the County Physician, W. H. Hill, who, by the aid of a strong emetic, relieved the man in about half an hour. When aroused from the stupor the prisoner was placed in a padded cell, where he raved like a maniac the greater part of the night.

La Rue is a man about 45 years old, and says his home is in San Jose. He will be kept in the lunatics cell until Monday, when, if he has recovered, he will be released, but if he shall still show signs of an unsound mind he will be held for examination as to his sanity. During the afternoon he became quiet, and appeared rational, denying that he took the drug last night with the intention of shuffling off, but admitted that he was tired of life and wanted to die. He gives no reason for taking the dose, but says he is not given to the morphine habit.

ABILA DIDN'T UNDERSTAND. If what Vincente Abila and his attorney claim should be proved to be true, he had just claim for a new trial granted him at Capistrano this week.

While under the influence of liquor, Abila and another Mexican, Thomas Monreal, got into a fight and Abila battered his opponent's head considerably. Abila was arrested upon complaint of Monreal, tried by Justice Bacon and sentenced to pay a fine of \$10 or serve ten days in jail. When the trial was concluded Abila claimed he did not understand English well enough to know what was being done to him, and was granted a new trial on those grounds. He secured counsel and was given his rehearing today.

ORANGE COUNTY BREVITIES. The third meeting of the Orange County Teachers' Association was held this morning. Miss Sedalia Cushing, a teacher of English in the High School, read a paper on "Teaching of Ruskin," which was followed by a discussion by members of the association. The programme concluded with an address by Prof. J. H. Hoese, of the University of Southern California, upon the subject, "Quickening and Strengthening the Activities of the Pupils."

Santa Ana is getting her share of the eastern tourists. Three arrived on a morning train yesterday and five overland passengers came in on the Southern Pacific this morning, with Santa Ana as their destination.

Partners on the San Joaquin Ranch report the wheat and barley stand as being good there this season with the growing grain two inches above the ground.

Victor Yorba left today for Lower California, where he goes to take possession of a 14,000-acre ranch, the claim for which he established in the courts of Mexico some time ago.

CALIF. SPECIAL TRAINS. The San Francisco Call special train, with 50,000 copies of the Golden Jubilee Edition of that paper, left San Francisco last night at 12 o'clock, and will arrive at Arcata Depot at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

DANCING CLASS. Mr. Henry J. Kramer will form a class for dancing, beginning Monday, January 25, at 8 p.m. Terms, ten lessons, \$5; twenty lessons, \$10. References required.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

THE COUNCIL COMMITTEE DISCUSS THE GARBAGE QUESTION.

Board of Health Recommends Dumping it at Sea—Plan for the Normal School Building Accepted—Lawyer Off to Klondike.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 22.—[Regular Correspondence.] A meeting of the committee appointed by the Common Council to consider the garbage question was held Friday afternoon, but it was an executive session, and just what was done is not known but from statements made by members of the committee it is believed that there is a possibility that the old saw method will again be adopted in a somewhat modified form from what it has heretofore been.

The City Board of Health has decided upon recommendations to make to the Council for their guidance, from a sanitary point, and if these recommendations shall be followed, only kitchen refuse, including meat and vegetable garbage and dead animals will be taken to sea. Combustible refuse will be burned, and manure will be dumped in some out-of-the-way place, to be used as fertilizer. The members of the Board of Health have assured the members of the committee that the dumping of garbage, as now done from shore, is as safe, from a sanitary point, as a crematory could possibly be. But there is a difficulty in this method, in the way of obtaining proper wharf facilities. No part of the waterfront can be found where a garbage wharf could be built without a light, and a very hard fight at that.

It is estimated that the cost of carrying garbage to the sea would be very much less than previous plans, and at the next meeting of the Council it is expected that some definite action will be taken.

NORMAL SCHOOL PLANS.

After two days' poring over the plans of the proposed normal school building for San Diego county, the board of trustees last night decided to accept those forwarded by Richard & Gill of this city.

The plans have been referred to an Executive Committee composed of the San Diego members of the board, with power to secure such modifications as are necessary.

The building, according to the plans accepted, will be about 400x52 feet, two stories high, and when completed will cost about \$100,000. This year, however, the board will expend only about \$35,000 of the \$50,000 appropriation, reserving the balance for equipment and teaching services.

The estimated, build one wing and the main portion of the building, and finish the ground floor.

embodiment of the modifications desired by the Executive Committee, and these plans must then be approved by the board of trustees.

which the contract for the construction of the building will be let and work begun on the structure as soon as possible. The estimated cost of the building will be required to give a bond of \$5000 to enter into a contract, if required, to erect the building for the amount of their estimate. This step was taken to insure the State against costly mistakes.

BEVINGTON FOUND GUILTY.

"Jack-the-Ripper" Bevington was yesterday found guilty of assault with a deadly weapon with intent to commit murder, and he will be brought into court January 31 to receive his sentence, which, according to law, must be not less than one year nor more than fourteen years in the State's Prison.

Bevington was arrested on the night of October 10, in Gumbo Slough, and was the result of a quarrel between two men over the latter's wife. Bevington became enamored of the negro, and when the husband interposed an objection to his attentions Bevington tried to kill him with a knife.

Only one shot, however, took effect, and that was in the leg of the fleeing Washington. This is the second time Bevington has been sentenced to serve out the life of a fellow-being. The time before he escaped with only a light sentence in the County Jail.

SAN DIEGO BREVITIES.

During December seventy mortgages were recorded in the Recorder's office of this county, aggregating \$4,330. During the same month there were 114 releases, aggregating \$146,510. The releases this month were for \$43,580 in coin, all of which is positive proof that the San Diego county propertyholders are fulfilling the mortgage burdens from their homes.

Mrs. Martha Hubbard Mason of San Diego has patented a contrivance to be attached to bicycles for the use of persons learning to ride. The contrivance consists of two steel arms extending from the frame directly over the rear wheel, with rubber wheels on either side. The bicycle cannot fall over when these arms are set, and the rider can remain in the saddle when the wheel is at a standstill.

County Clerk Folcomb received a remittitur Friday from the Supreme Court in the appeal case of William D. Whipple vs. Emily B. Hopkins, concurring with the decision of the lower court in refusing to grant a new trial in the suit brought by defendants over the assessment of costs in original suit to quiet title to pueblo lot, No. 1350.

R. A. Jones, indicted by the grand jury for perjury, was released from the County Jail a few days ago on \$500 bonds, with the promise that he would abstain from the use of intoxicating liquors, but Friday he was rendered to the authorities by his bondsman, as he was considerably under the influence of intoxicants.

Henry Taylor, aged 23 years, died yesterday at his home in this city, at Thirty-second and Logan avenue. He had been ill for some time.

San Diego is to have one of the finest-equipped bathhouses on the Southern Pacific Coast. E. Lutz will enlarge his D-sludge bath to make many improvements and additions to present stock of baths before the summer season opens.

J. A. Pomeroi has petitioned the Superior Court for a writ of mandamus against Ed J. Hatch, collector of the Escondido Irrigation District, to compel him to publish the delinquent tax list.

The trial of George Hettick, indicted by the grand jury on a charge of burglary, will come up Tuesday next, in the Superior Court for trial.

John N. Slater has been appointed administrator of the estate of Susan B. Slater, deceased. The property is valued at \$3000.

William Lewis Blackett and Ruby Grace, and Henry Lohr and Hattie Ludervich, were married here Friday.

E. F. Farnsworth has closed his law office here, preparatory to going to Klondike in a few days.

The Golden Eagle and Glamis mines have been located in the Mesquite district by Charles W. Hinton.

Monday will be observed by the public schools, county and city offices, as a holiday.

CORONADO BEACH. Hotel Party Takes in Chinatown at San Diego.

HOTEL DEL CORONADO, Jan. 22.—[Regular Correspondence.] Chinese New Year opened up Friday midnight at San Diego by the explosion of hundreds of thousands of firecrackers. It was a novel sight for tourists from the East, and a party of guests at the hotel secured a guide and four-in-hand and crossed the bay to see the sights. Those constituting the party were Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Eckhart, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Abram, Mr. and Mrs. H. Lee, Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Burnham.

Friday's Chicago arrivals at the hotel here as follows: Mr. and Mrs. I. K. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Wacker, Miss Clara Hatz and W. L. Parrotte. Mr. Parrotte came to join Mrs. Parrotte, who has been at the hotel for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Ferguson of Milwaukee, Wis., are guests at the hotel.

Among Friday's arrivals were Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Wrenshaw and son of Pittsburgh.

Donald W. Johnstone delivered a stirring address in the Coronado Methodist Episcopal Church Thursday evening on the subject "Christian Responsibility."

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Gilman of Marshalltown, Iowa, were among Friday's arrivals at the hotel.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

A. M. WILLIAMS BOUND OVER FOR ILLEGAL USE OF MAIL.

Society of Pioneers Will Hold a Golden Jubilee Monday—L. E. Casner Files a Petition in Insolvency—William McKee Found Guilty of Assault.

SAN BERNARDINO, Jan. 22.—[Regular Correspondence.] A. M. Williams, recently arrested at Riverside by Deputy United States Marshal Pourade, was arraigned this morning before United States Commissioner Cole and was bound over to answer in the courts to the charge of using the mail for fraudulent purposes.

The plan was to send a letter to someone, the contents showing it to be intended for someone else. The contents were intended to arouse the cupid of the recipient, who was expected to fall into the trap by following directions contained in the letter.

W. F. Baker of Banning received a letter by decoy letter, turned it over to the Federal authorities, who wrote a decoy letter, as a result of which Williams was taken into custody January 6 at Riverside.

The original letter sent to Baker has already been published. The letter sent by the postoffice inspectors in answer to the decoy letter, appended. It is typewritten, on a letterhead bearing the inscription "The Interstate Detective Association, represented in every State in the Union." The letter is dated "Coronado Hotel, January 1, 1898," but Miss Mabel Meredith today testified that the letter had been dictated to her on the date named and struck off by the typewriter in the office of Curtis & Curtis, this city, where Miss Meredith is employed as stenographer.

"CORONADO (Cal.) Jan. 1, 1898. "W. F. Baker, Esq., Banning, Cal. Dear Sir: Recently you received and opened a letter by mistake that was intended for another of similar name. Instead of returning it to the postoffice with explanation, you sought to profit by its contents and secure the payment of a certain promissory note therein by impersonating the real owner and forwarding said note to his wife, with the understanding that she should send the proceeds of the note to you in cash, in an accompanying envelope addressed to yourself under an assumed name. The wife received the note and was about to send the money to you, when who should put in an appearance but the real husband himself, who declared that he had never received a letter at your postoffice.

"I have before me the affidavits of this husband and wife in support of the alleged facts. The note, now nearly paid, and the return envelope which you addressed to yourself, I photographed and made inquiries and ascertained that this decoy envelope was eventually delivered to you, and that a person of good character is considered good."

"Now, my dear sir, this association has been retained to prosecute you to the full extent by the person whom you impersonated, who would have lost more than \$100 had your plan succeeded, and he is justly very indignant. I have also made inquiries and ascertained that this decoy envelope was eventually delivered to you, and that a person of good character is considered good."

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Another week of Price-crushing

BARGAINS BETTERED AND ASSORTMENTS INCREASED.



Was the most popular department store of San Francisco. It carried high-grade merchandise and nothing trashy or worthless could be found in the whole stock. The goods came to us carefully packed and in the pink of perfection.

The 20 carloads of merchandise valued at \$200,000 are not all sold. Impossible to close out such an immense quantity in so short a time. This week brings forward scores of whole cases which could get no room for showing, and in addition the 54 cases received last week. The last of the Maze stock is here. Ready for the grandest week of the whole sale.

Sale offers you choice merchandise of this season's buying at an average of less than half price. Some are reduced only one-third, others half, but the majority are less than half. This week the prices are again lowered.

2412 New Shirt Waists.

Placed on Sale Tomorrow Morning.

The very newest and most popular materials for almost a song. This is the why of it. When we bought the Maze stock we agreed to accept all goods in transit and in process of manufacture. These were ready for delivery, so we took them and were glad of the chance. Not one of them ever saw San Francisco or the Maze. They came direct from the maker to us. Made of the materials that will be most popular this spring.

Silk Embroidered Batiste, Brocade, Linen, Grenadine, Silk Striped Linens, Grass Linens, Lace Organza, Dotted Swisses, Scotch Ginghams, Silk Striped Madras, French Zephyrs, Organza and Lawns, French Cheviots, Lappet Lawns, French and American Percales.

You can provide yourself with the entire summer's supply at half what these same waists will cost later when shown by the other stores and when bought in the regular way. Prices run like this:

29c will buy regular 75c and \$1.00 Waists.

48c will buy regular \$1.25 Waists.

68c will buy regular \$1.50 and \$1.75 Waists.

88c will buy regular \$2.00 Waists.

98c will buy regular \$2.25 and \$3.00 Waists.

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